IT REACHES EMPLOYERS.
THE POST-DISPATCH IS SERVED IN MORE HOMES IN ST. LOUIS THAN ANY OTHER PAPER.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

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LAST EDITION

POLICE AT SEA.

Not a Trace Can They Find of Defaulter Seeley.

He Got But a Small Part of His Stealings, but Is Missing.

BAKER, WHO PRESUMABLY GOT THE BULK, IS DEAD.

Such Are the Contradictions of Crime—The Man Who Apparently Lost All Prefers to Live—The Confederate Who Greatly Gained Lies Dead, Having Been Drowned—Baker Was Erratic and Seeley Loved Women—Shoe and Leather Bank Robbery Mystery.

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—Hordes of detectives are searching for Samuel C. Seeley, who stole $354,000 from the Shoe and Leather Bank. They have not found him. The man who pocketed but $11,000 of that great sum is presumably alive, but is missing.

Frederick Baker lies dead at Sands Point, L. I., having been drowned. None of the detectives need search for him who, the counsel for the bank has announced, was Seeley's confederate. Such are the contradictions of crime. Seeley, who had lost honor, money, everything, borrows a paltry $200 and seeks to escape. Baker, who may have had the tens of thousands of stolen money invested in the names of dummies, is found dead. But Seeley himself was a bundle of contradictions. He lived, seemingly, like a man who supports a family on $6 a week. He was apparently a faithful husband, a fond father. The truth was that unprepossessing as he was he sought to make conquests of women in the streets. He was not too busy falsifying the books to exchange glances with girls who passed the bank's windows. He helped to steal $200 a day and was in a heaven of delight when he won $100 at the races. His wife helped his escape. Now that he is free, she is prostrated. On the other hand, Baker was erratic. He and his wife would start for Europe at a moment's notice and return as suddenly. Baker lived at the rate of $30,000 a year, and Seeley seemingly on $36 a week.

Where has Baker's money gone? Perhaps he had it safely invested; perhaps it had been lost in schemes in which both himself and Seeley were interested. All last night the bank's employes were trying to make the lying ledgers that Seeley had manipulated agree with the depositors' pass books.

Of those who know Seeley say that it was impossible that he could have spent any considerable sum of money on himself. He bought the modest house at No. 422 Halsey street, Brooklyn, several years ago, for which he paid $5,000. There was a first mortgage of $3,200 and a second mortgage of $1,000 on it. He borrowed money from Mrs. Bennett, his mother-in-law, to pay off the second mortgage. He also borrowed money to furnish the house. His total indebtedness to her was $1,900.

Last Thursday Seeley transferred the property, the equity in which was valued at $1,400, and the furniture, valued at $700, to Mrs. Bennett to cancel his indebtedness. He received the difference of $200 in cash. He put the money in his pocket, saying it would be a great help to him just now. There is nothing to show that Seeley spent anything like the money he stole. Investigation gives color to his claim that he made to Lawyer Angel that he retained only $11,000 for himself, and that the remainder went to Frederick Baker.

For twenty-five years Frederick Baker has been known as a succesful lawyer, making a specialty of real estate business. For a dozen years he has been looked upon as a rich man. He had a fine big brown stone house in West Seventieth street and a fine country place at Sands Point. He had an enviable reputation.

When the bank learned of the defalcation it set out to discover the thieves and to seek if some of the stolen property. They were surprised to find that Seeley had nothing. They then turned their atttention to Baker. He was generally believed to be a large holder of real estate. They searched for it and found nothing that stood in Baker's name. The only thing they found was a house in this city, presumably the one in which they lived, which stood in Mrs. Baker's name. But within twenty-four hours J. C. Bishop, the attorney for the company, made a discovery.

"I will not say that none of Baker's property has been located," said Mr. Bishop, with an emphasis which led to the conclusion that he had recently received fresh information on this point. "I have no positive knowledge of what was done with the money. I don't believe that any of it was invested in the Boynton Bicycle Electric Railway. I made a partial investigation of this report, but I could not confirm it, and do not believe there is a word of truth in it."

The doors of the National Shoe and Leather Bank were opened this morning as unconcernedly as though the institution had not been recently plundered of $400,000 by one of its trusted book-keepers. "We are prepared for any emergency," said one of the bank directors to-day. "We are prepared to pay out every dollar of our indebtedness just as soon as it is called for. All indications are that we will not be hard pressed."

Although there was no apparent danger of a run on the bank, all necessary preparations and precautions were taken. The directors have held numerous conferences and when the bank doors opened to-day all were in readiness for whatever run or panic the solidity of the institution might be subjected to. A mass-meeting of the bank directors will be held to-day to fix the rate of assessment of the stockholders to meet the deficiency caused by the Seeley defalcation.

Bank officials flout the idea that Baker and his accomplice, Baker, were aided by another confederate. Baker is credited with a $200 balance, but it is understood that this credit is bogus. The friends of the late Frederick Baker insist that the latter's business record was immaculate, that it is absurd to charge him with complicity in Seeley's wrong-doing, as he made no deposit in the bank and left no record as evidence that he had ever had any transactions there. On the other hand, bank officials assert that Baker has been a depositor for the past thirty years. It is estimated that the directors are in daily communication with counsel regarding proceedings to secure property left by Seeley and indemnity for the bank's losses under his operations with Seeley.

Despite the assertions of Frederick Baker's sons, to the effect that their father was not the man implicated with Seeley in the looting of the Shoe and Leather Bank, it is said he did not even have an account with the paying teller, H. S. Sayres, has positively identified Baker. He said to-day: "There is not a shadow of doubt that the man who was found drowned at Flushing on Saturday was Frederick R. Baker, the man who assisted Seeley to rob the bank and the man to whom I personally paid the money. I have known him for at least eight years, and during that period have paid him money at least three times a week. Baker always presented his checks personally. I never remember him sending one by any messenger or clerk to be cashed all the time I have been in the bank. He generally came about three times a week and the checks would be drawn for odd amounts, never over $400 at a time, though generally $315, $350 or $215, or sums like that.

"In order to ascertain positively whether the man who was found drowned at Flushing on Saturday was Baker, a journey there last night proved to me that it was Baker. His sons told me they could not believe it, as they never knew he had an account at the Shoe and Leather Bank, and could not find the slightest trace of anything to verify it among the dead man's papers. I told them I could not help that. All I knew was that the dead man was the one who had presented the checks to me so regularly for the past eight years and to whom I had paid the money. As I was positive they felt convinced, and although terribly shocked, could not deny it."

A bank official, who was on intimate terms with Seeley, the defaulting bookkeeper, said this morning that it was cruel to accuse the fugitive of having been a pool-room gambler. If Seeley is alive the bank officials will do all they can to bring him back, as his evidence is absolutely necessary in order to recover the losses. If Seeley can be communicated with it is thought the bank officials will offer him inducements to return, which, in effect, will be a practical guarantee of immunity from prosecution.

CONVICT CARSON.

He Tells the Story of His Escape From the Penitentiary.

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 26.—Convict Samuel Carson, who escaped from the Missouri Penitentiary at Jefferson City in 1879, and who has now fallen heir to $10,000, tells the story of his escape. Carson has lived in Chicago for the past ten years engaged in hack driving. He surrendered to the police Friday and wants to be taken back to Missouri and serve out his sentence. He says:

"It was in 1876 that I was sentenced to seven years for cattle stealing, and for two years I was out on bonds. Then I was sent to the penitentiary, a mere boy of 20 years.



Samuel Carson,
The convict who escaped from the Missouri Penitentiary fifteen years ago.

I was soon placed in the hospital as night nurse and served twenty-seven months. All that time I kept thinking of escape and plotting how I might escape. At last a chance came.

"The night nurses went off duty at 6 o'clock in the morning, and we marched from the hospital across a little yard to where we slept over the drug department. We were not guarded, as we were, of course, inside the great wall and this little court was separate from the main jail-yard.

"One winter morning, when it was, of course, quite dark at 6 o'clock, I and my partner came off duty and entered this court-yard. The other fellow was a man about 50 years old, who had been sent down for some confidence game. As we entered the yard I noticed a step-ladder which had been left leaning against a low-roofed office. We did not lose any time, and, as we were alone in the yard, we hurried up that step-ladder to the roof of the office, pulled the step-ladder up after us and mounted to the top of the great stone wall. There we were, thirty-five feet from the ground, with no provision for getting down except to jump.

"And that is what we did. We landed in the ditch all right, without a scratch, and in the fog of the early morning crept away from the prison. We soon came to a vacant house, where we hid until light came on. We were not missed, probably because we were supposed to be asleep after the night-watch and no one looked in our cells. In the house, among the debris left by the family that had moved out, we found a lot of ragged clothes, some of which fitted me, but were too small for my partner. I put on a suit and, as the other fellow had money, I went to Tipton and bought clothing for both of us. Then we separated and I got away all right. He was captured soon after, as he was so well known.

"Well, I drifted about the West, went to nearly every State in the Union, and started a livery stable in Wyoming. I came to Chicago about ten years ago and went to work in a livery stable at Jackson street and Fourth avenue. One day while standing at the door a man who knew me at home in Marysville, Mo., came up and spoke to me. We had a drink together. He is the only man who recognized me in all these years. Less than three months ago I rode in a train in the seat behind the man who prosecuted me eighteen years ago on the cattle deal, but of course he did not know me from Adam.

"My father and mother died, my family is scattered and my health is broken. Always I am haunted by the fear of arrest. It has preyed on my mind until it almost drove me crazy. And when my health began to fail I thought I would square things before I died. I am coming into a little money and I want to go back and look up my brothers and see if I can fix things up."

THE EADS ASSOCIATION.

The Building and Loan Organization Makes an Assignment.

The James B. Eads Building and Loan Association made an assignment Monday to Hugh Clancy for the benefit of creditors. The assets, which consist of real estate, notes, book accounts, etc., are given at $16,412.60, and the liabilities $16,907.80. The deed of assignment gives an itemized statement of the assets, as well as the liabilities. The latter statement is classified as follows: Due stockholders, including withdrawn, $7,065.90; bills payable, $6,672.92; due borrowers, $2,317.27, and due sundry persons, $150.97. Among the assets are $9,300 loans on real estate security. The real estate consists of two lots, one in block 4819 and the other in block 2963. Bills receivable aggregate $2,582.58 and cash on hand $1.15. The President of the association is Thomas O'Hara.

A Grocer Assigns.

Edward C. Gould, a grocer doing business at No. 3905 Finney avenue, made an assignment to Benjamin H. Charles for the benefit of creditors. Assets, $500.

ROYALTY WEDS

Czar Nicholas II. and Princess Alix United in Marriage.

The Imposing Ceremony at St. Petersburg Has Been Completed.

BOOMING GUNS FROM THE FORTRESS ANNOUNCED THE UNION.

Grand Procession Between the Two Palaces Before the Wedding Ceremony—The Route Lined With Thousands of Enthusiastic Citizens—Majority of Business Places Closed and Portraits of the Czar and the Princess Displayed in Windows—General Foreign News.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 26.—At 1:30 p. m. the guns from the fortress announced that Czar Nicholas II. was married to Princess Alix of Hesse-Darmstadt. The newly married couple later received the congratulations of the wedding guests in the palace.

Before 7 o'clock this morning large crowds of people were assembling on the Newsky Prospect in order to secure places along the route of the royal wedding procession. The way from the Anitchkoff Palace to the Winter Palace was lined with troops, and the whole front of the route was black with people. The large majority of the stores were closed and in the windows were prominently displayed colored portraits of the Czar and Princess Alix.

At 11:15 a. m., in the distance, was suddenly heard the grand swelling strains of the national anthem and along the route the multitudes uncovered in anticipation of the approach of the bridal party. Soon after there appeared an open State carriage drawn by four white horses. In this vehicle were the Czar and his brother, Grand Duke Michael. They both wore the uniform of Hussars of the Guard and were greeted with vociferous bursts of cheers, which were renewed again and again. The Czar's equipage was preceded and also followed by detachments of Chevaliers des Gardes and Hussars and Lancers of the Guard, all in brilliant gala uniforms. Then came a superb landau, also drawn by four white horses, in which were Princess Alix and the Czarina. They received, if possible, even a more hearty popular greeting than the Czar himself. After the carriage of the Princess and the Czarina followed a long train of carriages with the royal guests, including the Prince and Princess of Wales, the Princess Irene of Prussia, the Grand Duchess Sergius and other prominent members of the imperial family, as well as all of the wedding guests. Military bands were stationed at various parts of the route between the two palaces, and the bands struck up the national anthem as the cortege appeared. The national hymn was thus sounded in the ears of the imperial family along the entire route. The wedding procession entered the Winter Palace at 1:15 p. m., where, as soon as possible afterward, were assembled all those who had been invited to be present at the wedding.

American Newspapers Barred.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 26.—The recent edict calling for the seizure at the frontier of foreign newspapers containing accounts of the Armenian massacres prohibits the entry of every American newspaper into Turkey. This action on the part of the Turkish Government is supposed to be due to the attitude assumed by the American press on the Armenian question.

May Propose Arbitration.

GUATEMALA, Nov. 26.—It is reported that Minister Delone expects to convince the Mexican Government of the justice of the Guatemala claims. If he fails he will propose arbitration by any power that may be selected by Mexico.

Foreign Happenings.

Commander W. H. Brownson of the cruiser Detroit and other officers were given an audience by the Queen Regent of Spain at Madrid. She expressed her gratitude for the reception given to the Infanta Eulalia in America.

Czar Nicholas will, on his marriage to Princess Alix, grant a remission of arrears of taxes and modify criminal sentences.

Five thousand persons attended the anniversary exercises in honor of the Manchester martyrs at Dublin. The monument in Glasnevin Cemetery was decorated.

Three tax officers were killed at Ruta, Italy, in a riot occasioned by an attempt to tax provisions coming into the town. Eight rioters were arrested.

ARGENTINE REPUBLIC.

J. S. da Costa Says It Is Becoming a Great Wheat Country.

J. S. da Costa, a Buenos Ayres capitalist, is in the city. He came direct from England. Mr. da Costa has an important deal under way which he said he was not prepared to talk about yet. It is supposed that it is the introduction of a system of telephones into the country. He said, simply to show that confidence in Argentine securities had been thoroughly re-established in European money centers, that he had secured 5,000,000 pounds sterling for his enterprise while in England.

"Our country is in a thoroughly prosperous condition," said he. "We shall ship 125,000,000 bushels of wheat to Europe this season in addition to large quantities of wool, meats, hides, tallow and hundreds of other things. Argentine is better prepared to raise wheat than any other country in the world. The average land surface temperature never falls below 36 deg and 95 deg in the shade is very rarely reached.

"The wheat raising industry is developing rapidly, though the agriculture is not yet up to American standards. Two or thre firms only are importing agricultural machinery, implements, etc., but they sell wonderfully. Over $5,000,000 worth was sold last year.

"It is an enormous field for American industry. The people are willing to buy tools and machinery whenever they see them."

Referring to the Transmississippi Congress, Mr. da Costa said its deliberations would be of greater interest to many countries than to Argentine, as that country uses paper currency exclusively and will, according to present plans, retire that in favor of gold when such a policy shall be possible.

"The paper is based on gold," he explained, "which bears an agio or premium of from 100 to 120 per cent. The premium is gradually diminishing. It was at one time over 250 per cent."

WAS A CORPSE

Clerk Walker Was Shaking Thos. S. Botton's Dead Body.

Startling Discovery Made by a Hotel Belvedere Employe.

THE GUEST HE TRIED TO AWAKE HAD COMMITTED SUICIDE.

A Partly Empty Bottle of Morphine Found Beside Him Tells How He Ended His Life—Was a Traveling Salesman, and the Only Clew to Any Cause for the Deed Is Written Appeals From His Wife for Money, Indicating That He Was Probably in Financial Straits.

Thomas S. Botten, a traveling salesman, was found dead in his room at the Belvidere Hotel, Thirteenth and Washington avenue, about 8 a. m. A half emptied bottle of morphine, found in the room, indicated that death was due to poison, and the case is believed to be one of suicide.

Botten was about 35 years old and has a wife and several children living at 3 Cottage Court, Boston. About ten days ago he returned from a two-months' trip through Texas and the South, which he had made for the Dr. C. F. Simmons Medicine Co., 2310 Clark avenue. His work was satisfactory, and that firm was willing to let him make another trip had he so desired—in fact, they believed that he would shortly start out again. His domestic relations were perfectly satisfactory and his finances in fairly good shape. No motive to induce him to commit suicide is apparent, nor had he ever expressed any intention of taking his own life. His friends believe that he took an overdose of morphine by mistake.

FOUND DEAD.

Deceased retired to his room about 10:30 Sunday night apparently in the best of health and spirits. He had been drinking, but not to any noticeable extent. This was the last seen of him alive. According to his usual custom H. I. Taylor, the night clerk of the hotel, visited his room, No. 4, at 8 o'clock for the purpose of awakening him. He walked over to the bed and shook Botten and was horrified to find that he was dead. The Coroner was at once notified and the contents of the room kept in intact until his arrival.

On the bureau of the room was a glass and a half emptied bottle of morphine, from which about forty grains had been taken. Botten had retired according to his usual custom, dressed in his underclothes and socks.

His clothing and effects were scattered around the apartment, and no attempt had been made to destroy his private correspondence, and no letters or intimation had been left showing that he intended to commit suicide. The evidence of his intention is confined principally to the fact that the deceased was not known to be in the habit of using morphine in any form and from the fact that the bottle containing the drug had been carefully opened and such a large quantity taken.

BOTTON'S EFFECTS.

Among Botton's effects were found a diamond stud and 60 cents in cash. Certificates of membership were found in the I. O. O. F., the Royal Arcanum and a lodge for traveling men. A certificate for ten shares of Egyptian Chemical Co.'s stock, of Portland, Me., valued at par value of $5 a share, was found in his trunk, together with several letters from his wife and children. Some of the letters were addressed to No. 23 South Main stree and to 511 Walnut street, and had been fowarded to the Belvedere Hotel. An unreceipted bill for three months' rent on his Boston residence and several requests for money contained in his wife's letters are the only evidences that he was financially embarressed.

The body was removed to the Morgue by the City Undertaker and an inquest will be held. His relatives have been notified.

ABSOLUTE POWER.

The Supreme Court Confirms Excise Commissioner Bell's Discretion.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Nov. 26.—In case of H. W. Toney vs Bell, Excise Commissioner of St. Louis, the petition for a writ of mandamus was denied in the Supreme Court.

This was the case in which H. W. Toney sought to obtain a dramshop license from Mr. Bell to run a saloo on Olive street, near Garrison avenue. Toney claimed to have a majority of the taxpayers and property owners in the block in his petition, but the Excise Commissioner took the position that he had absolute discretion in the matter of granting any license and refused to issue one to Toney. The Circuit Court declared the Excise Commissioner had the same powers as the Judges of the County Courts, and this appears to have been confirmed by the Supreme Court.

BY ORDINANCE.

Mayor Walbridge Will Have Coal Peddlers Regulated—Retailers' Objections.

Mayor Walbridge will send a special message to the Municipal Assembly asking for the passage of a bill which will provide that all persons peddling coal shall pay a regular license to the Collector. The cause of this action on the part of Mayor Walbridge is the large number of complaints which have been made against coal peddlers by citizens and retail coal dealers.

W. L. Lamar, Secretary of the Retail Coal Dealers' Association, which has been active in the matter, made the following statement:

"The retail coal dealer does not object to legitimate competition, and if the peddler be required to comply with the law regulating the huckster, we shall not complain. The retail coal dealer must pay his merchant's and rents and he will and vehicle license deliver any amount of coal from one bushel up, while the peddler does not sell his coal by measure or by weight, using a basket that is supposed to hold a bushel, when, in fact, it often contains only fifty pounds of coal."

Mr. Lamar further said that the retail dealers had no desire to crush the peddlers, provided the latter sold coal by weight, as certained by an authorized weigher, and paid a huckster's license. He said the retail coal dealers had never been able to develop the small order business on account of the unfair competition of unlicensed and unregulated peddlers.

WAIT FIRST.

Defeated Candidate for Coroner Has Filed His Contest.

Guinzburg Will Not Contest Unless Given Promise of Financial Aid.

THE COMMITTEE OF SAFETY AND THE CANDIDATES ARE NOW DEADLOCKED.

Probable Contestants Do Not Relish the Idea of Giving Away the Knowledge They Have of Frauds Until They Are Able to Spring It in Court—Guinzburg States His Position—Wait's Petition.

The so-called Committee of Safety and the defeated candidates who expected the committee's financial support are deadlocked. The committee says it will not back up any contests to seat candidates, but will develop evidence and prosecute frauds if contestants will indicate where they believe such frauds have been committed. The candidates say that they have collected evidence of fraud, but that evidence is a part of their cases, to be presented to court, and they cannot consent to turn it over to the committee before their cases are tried. This is the situation to date, as between the candidates and the Committee of Safety.

Now as to the probability of contests: Dr. W. J. Wait has retained John P. Ellis and Wm. P. Macklin as his lawyers, and has filed his petition in court.

GUINZBURG WANTS AID.

Harry Guinzburg says he has been relying on financial support from the Committee, and that he will not pay any other expenses of a contest except the fee of the lawyer whom he may retain. As yet he has retained no one. He is very indignant at the stand the committee has taken.

"If they think I'm going to turn my evidence over to them they must take me for a confounded fool," said Guinzburg. "That committee hasn't any standing in court, except what the contesting candidates give to it. Nobody is asking them to prosecute frauds—the State of Missouri will do that. They said they wanted to open the ballot boxes and see where fraud was being committed, and I proposed to give them the opportunity. But I don't propose to place my evidence against Republicans in their hands and give them a chance to block the game."

"Have you a lawyer?"

"Not yet. Col. Overall will probably be my attorney. I have my petition all drawn up, and will present it if I get assurance of financial support, but not otherwise. This whole scheme shows the fine Italian hand of Mr. Filley, who don't want any investigation."

MACKLIN IS WAIT'S LAWYER.

Dr. Wait was found with his lawyers, John P. Ellis and Wm. P. Macklin, in the Union Trust Building. "These gentlemen and myself have spent three weeks on the case, and it is going into Court to-day," he said.

"Yes, and its the hardest job I ever tackled," said Macklin, "and unless Guinzburg has done a pile of work already or else copies our petition he wont be able to get up a legal notice of contest."

"Guinzburg is right," said John P. Ellis, when the defeated Democratic shrievalty candidate's position was known to him. "He cannot afford to make known his case before he goes into court. And if the committee expect to get at evidence of fraud they must pursue the investigation through some contesting candidate. They can't soar over the law to get at evidences of fraud."

Mr. Ellis desires that any voter who, on going to the polls, found that his name had already been voted shall send his name and address to either himself, in the Union Trust Building; to Wm. P. Macklin, City Counselor's office, or to Dr. W. J. Wait, at Jefferson and Clark avenues. Work of this kind was in propably every case done by repeaters.

It is suggested that the Committeee of Safety was placed in a most embarrassing position. Being to all intents and purposes a Republican committee, it had but a small field of contestants to choose from. In fact, Dr. Wait was the only Republican who proposed a contest. It was shown to the committeee that if it undertook to back up his claims to the Coronership it would draw the fire of certain Democrats who have openly claimed that Dr. Wait's canvass in the lower wards was not above suspicion, and the members of the committee did not dare to place themselves in the position of defending such acts as were charged against Dr. Wait.

On the other hand, with a majority of the committee Republican, it could not be expected to furnish the money to aid a defeated Democrat in unseating a Republican—particularly so good a Republican as Henry Troll—from so valuable an office as Sheriff of St. Louis.

"So this is the end of all the high falutin, topioftical pretensions of this committee of highly moral non-partisan gentlemen, who were raving and frothing a few days ago about the frauds upon the ballot-box that they propose to run down and punish," said Gov. Stone, when informed of the prospective outcome of the alleged non-partisan movement. "And they have really raised $300 for prosecution of frauds. Well, I suspect that that amount will be ample for their purpose, and that the only way they ever expected to see into the ballot-boxes was if they should happen to be dumped out and burst open on the street. The whole thing was a sham and a pretense, and their resolution was just what might have been expected—gauzy, flimsy, hypocritical."

THE WEATHER.

Fair To-Day and To-Morrow With Lower Temperature.

(Indications of Flags: Triangular—Temperature; at bottom, colder; at top, warmer. White—Fair. Blue—Snow, rain or sleet. Thus: Triangular at top, white and blue—Warmer, fair, followed by snow, rain or sleet.)

Forecast for Missouri—Fair and colder to-night and Tuesday; brisk northwest winds.

For St. Louis and vicinity—Fair to-day and Tuesday; colder Tuesday.

The barometer is highest this morning in the Middle Atlantic States and in Alberta. It is lowest in Minnesota. The weather has been fair except in New England.

The temperatures have risen considerably, except in the East and extreme Northwest, where there has been a decided fall.

Indications are that in this vicinity the winds will shift to northwest on Tuesday morning with falling temperature.

Horace Nathaniel Pennoyer, 19 years old, of the freshman class of Williams College, died at Williamston, Mass., of typhoid fever. Deceased was a son of Gov. Pennoyer of Oregon.

BONDS AWARD

Bid of the Stewart Syndicate Has Been Accepted.

They Take the Entire Amount of the Five Per Cent Issue.

THE FIGURE WHICH SECURED THE AWARD WAS 117,677.

Official Statement as Promulgated at the Treasury Department—The Proceeds From the Bonds Under the Stewart Bid Will Be $49,517.62 Greater Than Under Any Other Offer—None of the Gold in Payment to Come From the Federal Treasury.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Secretary Carlisle has decided to accept the Stewart syndicate of bids for the entire new issue of $50,000,000 5 per cent bonds. The figure offered by the syndicate was 117.077.. The following official statement concerning the acceptance of the syndicate's proposition was made by the Treasury Department:

"The Secretary of the Treasury has accepted the proposal of Mr. John A. Stewart, President of the United States Trust Co., and his associates to purchase the entire issue of 5 per cent bonds, amounting to $50,000,000, at 117.077 and accrued interest from Nov. 1. The proceeds of the bonds under this bid will be $49,517.62 greater than they would be if the other highest bids were accepted. A very important advantage to the Government in accepting this bid is the fact that all the gold will be furnished outside, and not drawn from the Treasury. It is also more convenient and less expensive to the department to deal with one party rather than with many."

Stocks and Bonds.

LONDON, 2 p. m.—Prices of American securities:

Lake Shore	139	dec ⅛
St. Paul	61⅝	adv ⅛
Louisville & Nashville	56⅛	adv ⅛
Erie	13⅝	unc
Union Pacific	12⅞	unc
NorthernPacific, pref	18¼	adv ¼
Reading	8⅝	adv ⅛
Atchison	5⅞	adv ⅛
Canadian Pacific, pref	61	adv ⅝
Consols	103½	

NEW YORK—The stock market strengthened indications of a very decided success of the bond issue, and the fact that a syndicate bid for the bonds in a block with gold procured outside of the Treasury, which was regarded as evidence that the position of the Treasury would be made strong enough to materially increase confidence abroad. Considerable stress was laid on the purchase by a foreign syndicate of Southern railway securities, both for its effect on the Exchange and as indicating a better feeling in regard to Americans on the other side. The defalcation in the Shoe and Leather Bank was regarded as having its ill effects obviated in great part by the actions of other banks.

The higher London stock market and heavy over-subscription for bonds do not reflect on our market. The disposition is to sell stocks, but the market is narrow. There is no feature to the trading. London is trying to buy stocks, but prices are too high. It looks like selling by the White interest. The earnings of the Chesapeake & Ohio road for the third week of November increased $4,354, and those of the Wabash for the same time decreased $10,048.

DRIVEN CRAZY.

Minnie Allender of Fort Smith Afraid of Train Robbers.

Maniacs sometimes speak the truth, and the City Hospital attendants in the insane ward are wondering whether or not there is any foundation for the charge that crazy Minnie Allender of Fort Smith, Ark., makes against her husband, Forrest Allender, a locomotive engineer.

Mrs. Allender arrived at the Union Station Sunday and inquired of the first policeman she met where she could find the Chief of Police. Her actions were so peculiar that the policeman questioned her, and becoming convinced that she was insane he arrested her. She was sent to the City Hospital and soon exhibited symptoms of violent insanity. Before she was in the throes of a terrible delirium, however, she told Dr. Heine Marks that if she was crazy she had been made so by the treatment of her husband, Mrs. Allender then gave the details of a supposed conspiracy between the Cook gang of bandits and her husband to rob a train. She said that she had told an officer about it, and when her husband found out that she had exposed the plot he treated her in such a manner that she was obliged to leave him. Mrs. Allender was on her way to Louisville, Ky., where she says her father lives at 1431 Portland place. Dr. Marks believes that the poor woman was driven insane by the fear that bandits would rob the train before she would reach her destination. Mrs. Allender is 25 years of age and is quite comely. It is thought that she will regain possession of her mental faculties in time. Her relatives have been notified, but no reply has been received from them.

Supt. Wentworth of the 'Frisco said that he did not place any credence whatever in the woman's statement, and attributes her story as wholly due to her condition.

"The woman," he said, "came in on our train Sunday morning from Fort Smith, Ark., and I am informed by parties who were on the train that she had several fighty spells on the trip. She seemed to be imbued with the idea that the train was going to be held up by the Cook gang. When told that there was no danger of such an event, as the Cook gang were down in the Indian Territory, she said: 'Don't you believe it, the Cook gang are everywhere.'

"She is on her way to the home of her parents, who live somewhere in Kentucky or Tennessee, and I am sure that she is not the wife of any engineer on our road."

CLAIMS THEY BEAT HER.

Mrs. Katie Coyne Charges That John and Kate Dunn Kicked Her in the Face.

Mrs. Kate Coyne of 2234 Division street applied for a warrant against John and Kate Dunn, alleging that they beat her on Nov. 8. One of her eyes was injured. She claimed that she had been kicked in the eye. She did not know the address of the Dunns, and was told to find out where they lived and come back.

LAST EDITION

FIRST SESSION.

Opening of the Trans-Mississippi Congress at Entertainment Hall.

Over Four Hundred Delegates Present When the Gavel Fell.

MAYOR WALBRIDGE'S REMARKS IN WELCOMING THE VISITORS.

Gov. Stone Also Makes a Speech Welcoming the Delegates to the State and Ex-Gov. Semple Responds—Addresses of William G. Boyd, President of Merchants' Exchange—Proceedings of the Convention.

It was a thoroughly representative body of Western men that filled Entertainment Hall when President Henry R. Whetmore of St. Louis called the Trans-Mississippi Commercial Congress to order at 11:30 a. m.

The pretty little hall had been tastefully decorated, and neat blue banners with the names of each of the Trans-Mississippi States designated the location of each delegation in the auditorium. The total number of delegates to be present is about 800, but only about one-half that number were present when the President's gavel fell. But these 400 represented thoroughly the commercial and agricultural interests of the great West.

This is the sixth meeting of the Congress. The first was held in Galveston. The organization is patterned largely after the National Board of Trade, only this is purely a Western organization. Its objects are to advance any interest which will help to develop the great West, and among other things to be discussed at this meeting will be the "Remonetization of Silver," "Irrigation of Arid and Other Lands," "The Disposition of Indian and Public Lands," "The Nicaraguan Canal," "A National Bankrupt Law," "Mining Laws" and "Admission of Territories as States." It is expected that the action taken by the Congress will have a material effect on national legislation. The delegates altogether represent twenty-two States and Territories. Several ladies were present when the convention was called to order, and these prominent men noted: Ex-Gov. Prince of New Mexico, Gov. Waite of Colorado, Hon. George Q. Cannon of Utah, Milton G. Butterfield of Washington, Theodore B. Comstock of Arizona and ex-Gov. Eugene Semple of Washington.

After President Whitmore had called the Congress to order Rev. Samuel J. Niccolls invoked the divine blessing upon the deliberation of the organization. President Wm. G. Boyd of the Merchants' Exchange was introduced as the representative of the commercial interests.

PRESIDENT BOYD'S WELCOME.

In his welcoming address President Boyd said: "With the welcomes extended to you by the Governor of Missouri and the Mayor of our city it would seem that you need no words from me to convince you of our pleasure at your coming. There is an eminent fitness, however, in a commercial congress of a character as representative as this, being received by the largest commercial organization in the Trans-Mississippi or in the Mississippi Valley. On behalf of the St. Louis Merchants' Exchange, therefore, by whose invitation you have assembled here, I desire to add a cordial greeting from our commercial interests to those which will be tendered by the commonwealth and the municipality. The founders of our government recognized the community of interests existing between all sections of this country by incorporating in our constitution an inhibition against any interference with the freedom of commerce between the States. Whilst this congress, therefore, is Trans-Mississippi in name and representation, I am sure it will be broad enough and wise enough to see that one section of this country, great as it is, cannot prosper without benefiting all others, nor can one be injured without affecting every other.

It is difficult, in fact impossible, in this age to fix the line of demarkation between economic principles and political tenets. It is evident that neither indecision, on the one hand, nor fear of trespassing on the domain of the other, will deter this assemblage from giving free expression to its views. I shall not attempt, however, to forecast your action nor presume to circumscribe it. The high grade of the personnel of this congress is a sure guaranty that its delegates represent the prevailing sentiment of the States and communities whence they come. That your proceedings may be harmonious, your conclusions wise, their influence great and their effect beneficial is the sincere wish of your hosts, in whose name I again extend to you a hearty Western welcome.

MAYOR WALBRIDGE'S REMARKS.

Following this brief address Mayor Walbridge was introduced to the congress. He spoke briefly as follows:

"When the American people meet in convention for the honest purpose of advising with each other and reaching conclusion concerning questions affecting the whole people, those conclusions are always right. They may temporarily seem wrong, in given localities, but when viewed in light of the great truth that the good of each depends upon the prosperity of all, they are always right.

"There is no place more suitable for the convening of this congress than this transMississippi metropolis. This center of American social life, the focus of American political lines, this most American of all American cities.

"Therefore, in the name of St. Louis, I bid you a most cheerful welcome, in the hope and belief that your deliberations will be so sincerely patriotic, so truly American as to command the consideration and approval of Congress."

GOV. STONE'S SPEECH.

Gov. William J. Stone of Missouri was then introduced to the assemblage and was received with much applause. He said:

"The duty assigned to me this morning is a very pleasant and simple one, and, as designated by your President, is to extend to you a hearty welcome. Missouri is a typical Western State. I believe that in every respect it is typical, in agriculture, in mining, in manufactures, and with the exception of California, on the Pacific Coast, it is the only State which has resting on its bosom a great metropolis. For this reason the place for holding the convention is well chosen. Missouri is also not only representative of these great interests, but of that great American manhood. I do not believe Missourians are more patriotic than yourselves, but they are part of you, and I can assure you that Missourians extend you a hearty welcome.

"You came to discuss matters of national

welfare, and any such body of men will be welcome to Missouri. This is a Western organization. My fellow citizens will, I know, voice my sentiment when I say I am opposed to any sectionalism which is unfriendly to any other section. You represent an empire. It seems to me altogether appropriate that questions like that affecting irrigation, etc., should receive your consideration, not with a view of profiting over any other section, but in the interest of equality. I would not have my State have an advantage over any other State not conferred upon us by the good God who rules us, or won by our own individual efforts. Nor would I have any advantage accrue to this section over the Eastern section of the country through legislative enactment which was not for the benefit of all.

"I trust your stay may be pleasant. If it is not, it will be the first delegation which has not been well treated. My fellow trans-mississippi citizens, I welcome you to our State."

EX-GOV. SEMPLE'S RESPONSE.

In the absence of Gov. McConnell, Ex-Gov. Eugene Semple replied to the addresses of welcome on behalf on the Congress. He said:

"I will try to make amends for the absence of Gov. McConnell as well as I may, and Mr. President, in behalf of the Trans-Mississippi Congress, I thank you for the kind words of welcome. We are here as Western men. We are sovereign and we are here to demand that this great nation be governed for the best interests of the people. And who shall say what is good for the people if not the people. I am glad we have met in St. Louis, a Western city, and I trust that we may always meet in a city where we may be surrounded by Western interests. Our representatives at Washington are surrounded by Eastern influences and luxury and this body must be kept from such influences.

"Mr. President, you have told us your latch string was out and we shall pull upon that latch string in the same spirit as the invitation is given."

THE CONVENTION'S OBJECTS.

President Whitmore then spoke briefly of the objects of the convention. He said that it was well for those who make the laws to keep in touch with the people, and it was right for the people to demand of their representatives the things they need. The commercial interests are among the leading interests of the country, and it was right that this great commercial congress should voice the sentiment of this interest so that the legislators might hear.

At the close of President Whitmore's address the convention adopted an order of business for the day, after which invitations were received and accepted from the Merchants' Exchange to visit the floor, and from the Mercantile Club to make themselves at home there. The convention then adjourned to 2:30.

Handsome souvenir badges were distributed to all the delegates. The badge consists of an aluminum medal hung to a ribbon. On one side of the medal is a counterpart of the new Union Station, and on the other side a description of the great building.

THE AFTERNOON SESSION.

At 2:30 o'clock the congress again came to order and the chairmen of the various delegations reported their organization and the names of the members of the various committees.

This evening's session will begin at 7:30 o'clock, and will be given over to a discussion of irrigation. Hon. Elwood Mead, State Engineer of Wyoming, President of the National Irrigation Congress, will speak on the "Reclamation of the Arid Lands," Judge J. S. Emery of Lawrence, Kan., will speak on "Homes for Millions More," William E. Smyth will deliver an address on "Irrigation a Living National Issue," and F. H. Newell of the United States Survey will talk on "Water Supply of the Rocky Mountain Region."

LEVEE AT THE PLANTERS'.

Prior to the opening of the Congress the Planters Hotel was made headquarters for the arriving delegates and here President Whitmore was to be found all the mornng.

The delegates began to arrive last evening, and prominent St. Louisans, with white buttons in their button-holes, have been on duty as a reception committee ever since.

Among the delegates who attracted the most attention was Gov. Waite of Colorado. Seated in a big easy chair in the upper corridor of the Planters' he held a levee and was the center of a group of prominent Western men. He is a pleasant-looking old gentleman and has little the appearance of the fire-eater that his actions have at times indicated. On the opposite side of the corridor stood Sol Smith Russell, the comedian, not a delegate, and he, too, was surrounded by a group of admiring friends. To look at the two men Russell would be taken for the most blood-thirsty of the two.

Among the prominent delegations is that from California, which comes twelve strong, headed by ex-Congressman Johnson. A part of the delegation is directly representative of the State Grange of California and this part will, during the Congress, spring a set of resolutions upon the body declaring that agriculture should be protected by the paying of a bounty by the United States Government on all exports of agricultural products.

Ex-Gov. Eugene Semple heads the delegation from Washington, and he, too, was a prominent figure about the hotel corridors before the hour set for the convention.

Missouri was well represented, a large delegation being present from the Missouri River cities. The delegates are pretty well divided between the four big hotels.

ST. LOUIS ANNIE.

Her Testimony Against Kaiser and Henze Was Probably Purchased.

Annie Boggs, alias "St. Louis Annie," the negro woman whose testimony caused the conviction of Henry Kaiser and Jacob Henze of the murder of Edward E. Brown, is said to have admitted whilst intoxicated that her testimony was given because she hoped to receive $2,500 of the reward offered for the conviction of the murderers. Dr. J. G. Herrmann of 805 Morgan street claims to have overheard Annie Boggs say that her testimony was not true. Kaiser and Henze are sentenced to hang Jan. 25, 1895.

There was $3,000 in all offered in rewards for the capture and conviction of Brown's murderers. Gov. Stone offered $300 for each one convicted. The Union Stock Exchange of Chicago offered $1,000 for the conviction of the murderers, the St. Louis Stock Exchange $1,000 and the Chicago & Alton Railroad Co. $100. Only $600 of the Governor's reward will be paid. There are several claimants for these rewards, and this is the money in all probability to which the Boggs woman referred.

FACT AND HUMOR.

Odd Facts and Humors From the Rural Press.

From the Urbana Herald.

A case was tried before a Justice of the Peace at Ivesdale recently. The jury was locked up by the constable while he went to supper. There not being any fire in the room and the weather chilly, the jurors jumped out of the window and went home. The next morning the Justice fined each juror $10, we presume for contempt of court.

Possibilities of Political Statistics.

From the Charleston Courier.

Talk about gains! Look at Hamilton County, O. The Republicans carried it by 22,000 on Nov. 6. On Nov. 13, exactly one week later, the Democrats carried it by 3,300. This was a Democratic gain of 25,000 in one week. At that rate the gain in two years would amount to 2,500,000 in Hamilton County alone. At the same rate, Illinois will in '96 give a Democratic majority of 3,500,000,000.

The Freak of a Hen.

Casper Schwab, the meat dealer at 322 Hampshire street, owns a few chickens; also three terrier puppies.

Among the fowls is a hen of middle age and motherly proclivities. She has taken it into her head that the puppies require more care than is bestowed upon them by their own mother and she adopted them as her own. She never allows them out of her sight, and is, when not engaged in covering them while asleep, constantly picking for them small particles of food such as she intuitively knows her own offspring would enjoy. The fact that her foster-children do not touch the food so provided does not worry her—she goes right on getting it for them.

At night or nap time the puppies cuddle under her wings, two on one side and one on the other and go to sleep, and she keeps them warm until they awake and seek their natural mother for breakfast.

Jean Victor Duruy, a famous Minister of Instruction, and well-known French historian, died at Paris yesterday.

BY MANDAMUS

The Laclede Gas Co. Seeks to Lay Its Conduits.

Supreme Court Proceedings Against Street Commissioner Murphy.

THE CITY COUNSELOR CLAIMS THE LACLEDE CHARTER HAS EXPIRED.

A Writ of Mandamus Applied For to Compel the Street Commissioner to Issue a Permit—Mr. Marshall Thinks the Proceedings Should Be Against the City—The Matter Laid Over One Day on Application.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Nov. 26.—The Laclede Gas Light Co. of St. Louis, by its attorney, G. A. Finkelnburg, to-day instituted mandamus proceedings before Division No. 1 of the Supreme Court to compel Street Commissioner Murphy to grant it a permit to lay conduit system under any or all streets and alleys in the city as it may choose. City Counselor Marshall was present and objected to the issuance of the alternative writ. He claims that the proceedings should have been instituted against the city and not against an officer of said city. He wants the question determined, but holds the manner of doing so improper.

THE LACLEDE'S CHARTER.

The Laclede Gas Light Co. was chartered in 1857. In 1868 this charter was amended and under this amendment the company holds its charter to be perpetual, which is not only denied by the City Counselor, but on the other hand he holds that the charter of the company expired in 1887. He also holds that under its original charter the company has no right to manufacture electricity, as it was only chartered for the purpose of manufacturing gas. The important point involved is the right of any corporation to construct a system of conduits without having to obtain consent from the city. The Laclede Gas Co. is now preparing to construct such a system on Broadway and other streets, and if its writ lies against Street Commissioner Murphy or only against the city, it would practically give them a monopoly, as there would not be sufficient room for competing companies to construct their conduits on the same streets should all be forced to the underground system.

CITY'S CONSENT NECESSARY.

Mr. Marshall also holds that under the law of 1889 no corporation can adopt the sub-way system without the consent of the city is first obtained. To Mr. Marshall's objections to the issuance of the writ Mr. Finkelnburg asked for one day's time in which to present his argument in favor of the granting of the same. The time was granted and the matter taken under advisement.

JUDGE RICKS ON TRIAL.

Investigation of the Charges Preferred by the Central Labor Union.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 26.—The House Sub-committee on Judiciary, appointed to investigate the charge brought by the Central Labor Union against United States Judge Augustus J. Ricks, began its inquiry in the Federal building here to-day. The sub-committee consists of Representative Joseph W. Bailey of Texas, Hon. Edward Lane of Illinois, and the Hon. Case Broderick of Kansas. The Central Labor Union was represented before the committee by the Hon. Arnold Green, while Judge Ricks was represented by Hon. Virgil P. Kline, Judge S. E. Williamson, Judge Sanders and Mr. Andrew Squire.

The charge made by the Central Labor Union against Judge Ricks is, in brief, that while acting in the capacity of special examiner in some forty patent cases he failed to turn over about $1,500 in fees belonging to the Government. It is alleged that after Ricks was appointed United States Judge he approved his own accounts as special examiner in these cases.

The session was opened by Hon. Arnold Green for the prosecution, who read the charge made by the labor union. Hon. Virgil P. Kline replied for the defendant at length. He stated that Judge Ricks had in 1893 made a full report of the matter at issue and had received assurances from the Department of Justice that his statement was satisfactory and his accounts correct. Hon. Arnold Green, for the prosecution, admitted that Judge Ricks had rendered his report as stated, but that he did not do so until ten years after the fees had been collected. He charged that Judge Ricks had only made his corrected report and remitted the fees at that late time to avoid any possible scandal. He said that Judge Ricks had received information in 1893 warning him that the matter would be investigated, and that his supplemental report was made under this pressure to cover any discrepancy which might exist.

FOUGHT WITH CANES.

Col. Andel and Hans Schwartz Renew a Quarrel—Belleville News.

Col. Casimir Andel, cashier of the First National Bank and commander of militia Co. D., and Hans Schwartz, editor of the Arbeiter Zeitung, had a personal encounter on East Main street, in which canes were used by both and the Colonel was slightly injured. The men met in the bar-room at the Hotel Tieman, Main street and Mascoutah avenue, and walked across the street together, ostensibly to talk over an old grudge. Several months ago they had an encounter in a West Main street saloon, Col. Andel having taken exceptions to Schwartz' editorial utterances concerning the military company. The outcome of that encounter was not serious, but the memory of it appeared to be rankling in the bosom of each when they met at the Hotel Tieman. As soon as they reached the opposite sidewalk, after crossing over from the hotel, they brandished their canes and several blows were struck. Col. Andel had only a light stick, with which he failed to do the editor any injury, but the latter had a heavy loaded cane and struck the Colonel a sharp blow on the head, cutting a gash in the scalp. That ended the encounter, but the belligerents will have to answer charges of fighting.

A 3-year-old son of Henry Kettler of Walnut and B streets swallowed a small quantity of concentrated lye. His mouth and throat were injured, but the effects will probably not be serious.

A social wil be held Wednesday for the benefit of St. George's Church.

Sheriff J. D. Langley returned from Jefferson City, Mo., with Alex Joiner, colored, who is wanted here on the charge of stealing a horse from Cyrus Begole of Ridge Prairie three years ago. Joiner was arrested as he left the Missouri Penitentiary, after serving a two-year term for horse-stealing.

Chief of Police Fred Obst has obtained a warrant against Bessie Gilmore, charging her with keeping a house of ill-fame on Main street in the West End. Justice Quentz will try the case.

A turkey dinner will be served at St. Luke's School-house Thanksgiving Day.

Local Encampment, No. 99, Union Veteran Legion, will hold a business meeting to-night.

Union Thanksgiving services will be held at the Methodist Church. Rev. H. E. Fuller of the Baptist Church will preach the sermon.

County Clerk-Elect George K. Thomas, Treasurer-Elect H. C. Begoel and Sheriff-Elect F. S. Weckler have filed their bonds.

A new double bowling alley at Kunz's Grove was opened in the presence of a large crowd of bowlers.

Mr. and Mrs. James Stout were given a surprise party at their home on West First street.

MAY CONSOLIDATE.

Scheme on Foot to Unite Several of the Big St. Louis Clubs.

There is a bare possibility that three of the leading clubs of St. Louis may before long consolidate into one. Rumors to this effect have been circulated by certain members of these different clubs, but as yet they are vague and indefinite and nothing positive has been decided upon. The opinions of a number of members of the respective clubs when interviewed about the matter seemed to be about evenly divided as regards the advisability of such a consideration, while several others who are prominent in club circles declared that they had no idea that such a move was contemplated.

A member of Board of Directors of the University Club, when asked regarding the matter, said that the question had been discussed by members of the University and St. Louis Clubs for some time, and that about a month ago a communication was sent by the St. Louis Club, at the request of the University Club, which asked that the latter appoint a Conference Committee to discuss as to whether such a consolidation would be advantageous and advisable. A number of the members of the boards of both clubs have met from time to time since then and talked the matter over among themselves, but so far nothing definite has been reported to the respective boards from these conferences. It is understood that these conferences will be continued until a decision in the matter is reached.

A number of the members of both clubs seem to be strongly in favor of such a move, arguing that it would greatly benefit the social and business life of the city. They say that clubs are one of the great factors in business, as that is where men meet and talk over their affairs and advance theories and ideas, and that the more consolidation there is the greater the co-operation among the members.

James L. Blair, one of the prominent club men of the city, when asked what he knew of the proposed move and his opinion on the subject, spoke as follows:

"I have heard no rumors as to consolidation of Noonday, St. Louis and University Clubs. I think there is nothing in the report. The Noonday is a down-town club and the others are up-town clubs—altogether different in their objects and membership. I have heard rumors of consolidation of St. Louis and University, but they are vague. I think nothing definite has been done. Personally I should be opposed to such consolidation. I am a member of University, but not of the St. Louis, and I should be opposed to consolidation, not that I have any objections to St. Louis Club. I think it a fine club and would like to be a member of it and hope to some day. I think, however, the two clubs are differently constituted, composed of different kinds of people, and each has a separate function and place in the community, and will carry these out better separately than together. Surely St. Louis is large enough to support two up-town social clubs, and I understand that both of them are financially sound and prosperous. Of course the University has some advantages of location, such as its beautiful grounds, comfortable club-house, character of its entertainments, etc., and the St. Louis has advantages in club equipment in certain ways. But there is no more reason for their consolidation than there is for that of the Somerset and Algonquin of Boston. I hope nothing will come of it. I think, however, there is a plan on foot for the removal of the University to a location near Grand and Olive, to quarters more convenient to its members and more commodious, in order to accommodate its growing membership."

STORY OF THE BATTLE.

Japanese Official Account of the Fall of Port Arthur.

HIROSHIMA, Japan, Nov. 26.—Field Marshal Count Oyama's official account of the capture of Port Arthur says:

"The second army began the attack on the landward forts at Port Arthur at dawn, Nov. 21. The Chinese offered a very strong resistance until, finally, we seized the fort to the west of the cavalry and artillery parade grounds at 8:30 o'clock. We took the fort on Golden Hill at 4 o'clock in the afternoon of Nov. 22. All the other forts were taken. More than 200 Japanese officers and men were killed or wounded. The Chinese loss and the number of prisoners is still unknown. The spoils are abundant and include a specially large number of large guns and a quantity of ammunition. The Chinese garrison, at the lowest estimate, was 20,000 men."

Admiral Ito sends the following dispatch:

"This place was captured by Marshal Oyama on Thursday. The united squadrons stood off shore, merely attracting seaward the attention of the coast batteries. Since Friday morning the men of the fleet have been hard at work removing the torpedoes and protecting the mouth of the entrance to the fort. The dockyard and ships in the port have been handed over to the Japanese Navy Department. The dockyard and arsenal are in perfect working order."

From other sources the following additional details of the battle are learned:

On Tuesday the right division's advance guard had a skirmish with the enemy, who retired in short order. The enemy's positions were reconnoitered and found to be strong and held in force.

In the afternoon the fort and village of Shuisy-Ching was captured. Both divisions moved forward during the night.

Early in the morning the right division crept up the range of low hills to the northwest of Port Arthur and carried them with a rush. Guns were then dragged up and fire opened on a strong redoubt, about 1,000 yards distant. The enemy returned the fire briskly. The Japanese infantry advanced against a well-directed fire without faltering.

Shortly before 9 o'clock the fort was carried by storm in a most gallant fashion. The Chinese stood for a minute or two against the final onslaught, fighting fiercely. Then they fled toward the dockyard. The right division then advanced in force against the Kokinsan fort, which was armed with several heavy Krupp guns, which were well served. Scores of men were killed or wounded in this brief advance. The fort was strengthened by trenches and loop-holed mud walls, but all were carried without difficulty.

At noon the fort itself was captured after a short and desperate fight. By 5 o'clock in the afternoon the right division were in full possession of the western part of the stronghold. Meanwhile the left division had been fiercely engaged on the southeast, where the ground was less difficult, but far from easy. Advancing over the hills, this division had to clear roads. Their progress was momentarily checked by a heavy fire from three forts that were connected by trenches. These forts were strongly held and were well placed on the highest ground in the vicinity. The Japanese artillery and the Chinese guns in the forts kept up a steady fire. The latter were all heavy pieces, and they pounded away for some time at the Japanese infantry, who, in the meantime, were advancing all along the line, taking skillful advantage of the brush-wood and other cover. The first assault was splendidly delivered, the enemy being driven headlong from the works after making a gallant stand.

By evening Port Arthur was in possession of the Japanese, but the enemy still had eight or ten redoubts, with a total of about twenty guns on the coast line. The Japanese bivouacked on the hills and in the captured forts.

Early Thursday morning Lao-Mu and the upper forts were attacked in succession, all being captured without serious loss on the Japanese side. It is estimated that the Chinese loss was over 1,000 killed and wounded. Several thousand were taken prisoners. The Japanese have taken quite eighty guns and mortars that were in use in the captured forts and redoubts, and many others that were found in the dockyard. They have also captured an immense quantity of ammunition, completely equipped torpedo stores and large quantities of rice and food.

James Cochrane, 72 years old, said to be the richest man in Fayette County, Pa., died at his home in Dawson Saturday evening.

AT HIS OWN HOME.

H. H. Hall Was Badly Beaten by Two Men.

THEY ALSO BROKE HIS FURNITURE AND DEMOLISHED HIS WINDOWS.

Hall's Only Offense, He Claims, Was His Refusal to Purchase a Chicken They Wanted to Sell Him—Robert Toomey and Tuck Murphy Arrested for the Assault—Police News.

At 1 a. m. two white teamsters, according to the police Robert Toomey and Tuck Murphy, went to the residence of H. H. Hall, colored, 2228 O'Fallon street, and offered a chicken for sale. Hall refused to buy and they demolished a few articles of furniture and broke a glass lamp on Hall's head, inflicting a severe wound. Then they went outside and threw stones through the doors and windows of the house and the adjoining house, ocupied by Ulysses Harrison, colored, until Ellis Norwood, colored, drove them away by firing six shots from a Colt's navy revolver at them.

Hall's house was badly damaged He was found at home with a bandage on his head, the Dispensary physician having taken fifteen stitches in his ear and scalp.

"They came in without knocking," said he, "and when I wouldn't buy Toomey's chicken he broke my lamp-chimney. I lighted the lamp again and ordered them out. Toomey and Murphy made at me. I started to the front room and Toomey threw the lighted lamp square at my head. It broke in a thousand pieces on the left side of my face.

"Norwood got the pistol and shot twice at the ruffians. They ran and, along with other men, began to throw stones in the front. Norwood emptied the other six chambers and the crowd ran away, but not before they broke some of Harrison's windows."

It is not known whether any of the crowd were injured. A few hours later Toomey and Murphy were arrested by Sergt. Woodlock of the Third District.

JANES JAILED.

Another Exemplification That True Love Never Did Run Smooth.

INDEPENDENCE, Mo., Nov. 26.—The romantic elopement of Samuel Janes with 16-year-old Bertha Norvell of Lees Summit, came to an end last night when the jail door closed behind Janes and he was shoved some bread and molasses by the jailer with which to make his evening's repast. Miss Norvell, the romantic miss, is now at the home of her parents in Lees Summit, in anything but a pleasant frame of mind. Janes has waived preliminary examinatioin to the charge of enticing a female under the age of consent and his case will be looked after by the Grand-Jury.

On July 4, according to Janes' story, he met Miss Norvell at a picnic near Lees Summit. It was a case of love at first sight, and the young people met quite often at the residence of Mrs. Hartman Hoke, a married sister of Miss Norvell's. They were infatuated with each other, but could not gain the consent of Miss Norvell's parents. After a time Mrs. Norvell, the mother of the girl, consented to the match, but Mr. Norvell was very much opposed to the union.

Young Janes visited his parents, who live in West St. Louis, on Vine street, just outside the city limits, a short time prior to the escapade. While there he received a letter from Mrs. Hartman Hoke to return. He did so, and the elopement was planned on the night of Nov. 13. He met Miss Norvell in a buggy and drove to a neighboring station, where a train was boarded.

Janes' money gave out at Holden, Mo., and the couple were obliged to make the balance of the journey on foot. They tried to secure the coveted marriage license at the various county seats but were unsuccessful. Hand in hand they trudged along the railroad until Gray's Summit was reached, where they were overhauled by a detective.

On the return trip Miss Norvell's relatives met the couple at Sedalia. A scene followed, and at Lee's Summit the bride to be was torn from her prospective husband, while Janes was taken to jail. Janes stated that it was their intention to go to Belleville, Ill., where he expected to receive a marriage license.

The journey on foot taxed the girl considerably, but it was made by easy stages. Janes expects a reconciliation, notwithstanding the fact that he has employed a lawyer to look after his case. Miss Norvell is a pretty brunette and swears she will stay by her intended husband in spite of the protests of relatves. Miss Norvell's parents are quite wel-to-do people at Lee's Summit, and propose to prosecute Janes to the fullest extent of the law.

STOLE OVERCOATS.

Charges on Which Milton Carr, a Well-Known Young Man, Was Arrested.

Detectives Frese and Viehle on Sunday night arrested Milton Carr, who, it appears, has a penchant for stealing overcoats, if the police report is true. He was arrested at Seventh and Market streets. The officers who caught him have recovered three overcoats in second-hand stores which Carr is said to have sold. One of the coats was stolen from the office of W. T. Carter, 301 Oriel Building; a second was stolen from Hiram Lloyd's office in the Odd Fellows' Building, while the third was taken from a Masonic lodge-room at Benton, and is the property of James R. McEave. Carr has been arrested several times before. He is the son of Archibald Carr, Clerk-elect of the Criminal Court. On a former occasion he was arrested in connection with a robbery in Aggie Woods' disreputable resort, on Chestnut, near Thirteenth street. He is 19 years old. He is said to be a kleptomaniac.

OWSLEY'S REMOVAL.

Gov. Stone Has Not Decided How He Will Act in the Kansas City Recorder's Case.

Gov. Stone comes to St. Louis direct from Kansas City, where he has been conducting a personal inquiry into the charges of violations of law made against Recorder of Voters Owsley in connection with the late election. Strong pressure has been brought to bear to effect Owsley's removal, but the Governor has not taken any action. He said: "The first question that I have to consider is that of my right to act. At present, and in the light of what legal information I have, I am inclined to think that I have not the power to remove. What I may do is another matter, and as to that I have nothing to say."

HER SKULL CRUSHED.

Mrs. J. W. Shone Killed in a Runaway Accident.

INDEPENDENCE, Mo., Nov. 26.—Mrs. J. W. Shone, the aged wife of a prominent farmer, met death this morning in a runaway near this city. A fractious team shyed at an obstacle in the road. Mrs. Shone grabbed the reins from her husband and her action resulted in turning over the heavy farm wagon. She fell underneath. Her skull was crushed into a pulp. Mr. Shone escaped with slight injuries.

CHARLES L. ROUTT DEAD.

One of the Wealthiest and Most Worthy Citizens of Jacksonville, Ill.

JACKSONVILLE, Ill., Nov. 26.—This city has lost one of the wealthiest and best citizens, Charles L. Routt, who died at his home here this morning. He was leading man in the Catholic Church here. He built a hall and gave it to the society and, in many other ways contributed of his wealth for worthy purposes. He was one of the early settlers of the country.

BEFORE WALBRIDGE

Contests for Justice of the Peace and Constable Will Be Conducted.

It is authoritatively stated that the contests of Boehm against Spaulding for Justice and Stinebacker against Brady for Constable in the Fifth Justiceship District, and of Meilert against Hanley for Justice in the Eighth District will be tried before Mayor Walbridge. All the contestants are Republicans. It was originally intended to file these contests in the Circuit Court, but within a few days it was discovered that no provision is made by law for the conduct of a contest for a Justiceship of the Peace.

BURIED BY WALLS.

Several Persons Hurt at Springfield, Ill., Two Fatally.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., Nov. 26.—One of the walls of Little's livery stable, which was burned last Friday night, fell into the street this morning and buried several persons, J. Mitchell and Iverson Carter, colored, are fatally injured. About half a dozen other persons received slight injury.

AGAIN A CITIZEN.

Ex-Sheriff Dosenbach Pardoned by Gov. Stone—Other Pardons.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Nov. 26.—Gov. Stone to-day granted pardons as follows:

Frank Koppens, imprisoned in the County Jail in St. Louis County for six months for petit larceny; Edward Sheridan, sentenced May 24, 1894, in St. Louis to one year in the Workhouse for petit larceny; Thos. S. Hope, sentenced to jail in St. Louis for three months for false pretenses; John P. Harris, sentenced in Green County to six months in jail for violation of local option law; Emil Dosenbach, ex-Sheriff of St. Louis County, who served a sentence for the killing of Maj. Smith, was restored to citizenship.

The Governor also issued a reward of $200 for the arrest and conviction of Wm. L. Barnett, late Sheriff of St. Clair County, who stands indicted for the crime of embezzlement as a public officer, and is a fugitive from justice.

HE MAY DIE.

Johnnie Moore, a Boy, Accidentally Shot by a Liveryman.

Johnnie Moore, the 15-year-old son of John Moore, the janitor of the Second District Police Court, was accidentally shot near the heart and perhaps mortally wounded about 10 p. m. Sunday in front of August Brockland's livery stable, 1421 North Ninth street, by one of Brockland's drivers, who was fooling with a loaded rifle. The driver's name is not known.

KILLED THE WOMAN.

And Attempted Suicide—He Is Now in Jail.

EAGLESVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 26.—There was a sensational murder and attempted suicide here last night. A negro named King Williams, returning to his home, found a woman named Sallie Johnson there in company with his wife. Williams began to abuse his wife. Whereupon the Johnson woman remarked that she would not stand such treatment were she in the wife's place.

Williams, taking offense at this remark, drew a pistol and shot the woman dead. He then placed the pistol to his side and pulled the trigger, but the ball, striking a rib, inflicted a slight flesh wound only. Williams is now in jail.

HAS HE PERISHED?

Fruitless Search for a Demented Man on Lookout Mountain.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Nov. 26.—A large party of horsemen returned to-day from a two days' search on Lookout Mountain, through North Georgia, for J. C. Henderson, a demented man known throughout this section, who wandered from his home a few miles from this city last Tuesday. The unfortunate man comes from a very large family, prominent in Hamilton County affairs as office-holders and business men. His mind became unbalanced two years since as a result of sickness. Henderson left his home ostensibly to come to this city, but wandered up the mountain, and a trace was found fourteen miles away. About a dozen prominent family friends joined in the search, forming a marching cordon across the mountain. It is feared he has perished, as the country thereabouts is unsettled and almost impenetrable. The lost man has a wife and children.

BILL COOK'S GANG.

Four Recently Arrested Members Spent the Night in Dallas Jail.

DALLAS, Tex., Nov. 26.—A detachment of Co. B of the State Rangers, under Capt. W. J. McDonald, two United States Marshals from Fort Smith, Ark., and G. B. Simpson of the Wells Fargo Express Co., came in from the West last night, having in charge four members of the Bill Cook gang, who were captured near Bellevue, Clay Co. They were placed in the Dallas jail over night, to be taken to Fort Smith this morning.

The prisoners are Thurman Baldwin, better known as "Skeeter;" Will Ferris, Jesse Snyder and Charlie Turner. The men were captured on the 15th inst. at a country settlement called Turners, in the edge of the Panhandle. They were taken by surprise, being surrounded in a cabin. About 125 shots were fired, the Rangers say, and two of the latter show slight wounds where bullets grazed them.

The prisoners surrendered after the Rangers had succeeded in setting fire to the house. One of the men said Bill Cook and five of his men left Turners two days before the fight and went northward into the western portion of Oklahoma.

FIFTY MILES AN HOUR.

A New Bicycle Which Is to Develop Great Speed.

Special Correspondence POST-DISPATCH.

MOWEAQUA, Ill., Nov. 24.—Israel Weakley, aged 24 years, promises to prove a mechanical genius. As a result of a year's work and of many years' study, he has invented a wheel which he expects to do wonders. He built it entirely alone and unaided, from such material as could be most readily secured.

The wheel is 8 feet in diameter and 2 feet 11 inches wide. The rim is covered with a 2½-inch corded rubber tire. When standing it is supported by rod fenders on each side, and when in motion these rods are raised by levers by the rider from the inside. The front, or guide wheel, is 3 feet in diameter, with same sized tire, and this is steered by a sprocket cable by the operator. The motive power is perfect, and the velocity easily controlled by the feet, though two brakes are attached to the running gear. The entire wheel can be taken apart, the rim being in six separate pieces, and as readily put together. When at high speed the operator can make fifty miles an hour. Mr. Weakley has applied for letters patent upon this invention, which seems destined to revolutionize bicycling.

IF YOU WANT HELP,
or a ROOM, or BOARD,
or BOARDERS,
A small advertisement in the POST-DISPATCH want columns will cost you less than a cent a word —5 cents per line of seven words.

CHARRED REMAINS.

Evidence of a Horrible Crime Committed at Festus Last Night.

FESTUS, Mo., Nov. 26.—Price Ditch, a saloon-keeper of Festus, is supposed to have been murdered last night and his body burned with the saloon and its contents, as the charred remains of Ditch were taken from the ruins of the saloon this morning. The officers are investigating.

About 2 o'clock this morning the place recently occupied as a saloon by Price Ditch was discovered to be only a smoking ruin. On closer examination the charred remains of the unfortunate owner were discovered among the debris in the cellar.

A bullet hole in the top of the skull leads to the inference that a foul murder was perpetrated and incendiarism resorted to as a means of hiding the crime.

Squire Osterwald was early on the spot, and it is claimed important clews are now being followed up. It was known that Ditch must have had at least $500 in his possession, and none of it can now be found.

FILLEY'S COAL BIN.

It Causes Inspector Lyons to Be Sued for $5,000.

The Beck, Hull & Walker Coal Co. began a $5,000 damage suit in the Circuit Court against John C. Lyons, Inspector of Weights and Measures, and Fred W. Mott and Robert J. Kilpatrick, his bondsmen. The plaintiff alleges that on the 2d inst. Lyons was called upon in his official capacity to inspect and measure the coal bin of Chauncey I. Filley, and that Lyons made an inspection and reported that Filley had been charged with more coal than was actually delivered to him. In other words, Mr. Lyons wrote Mr. Filley on his official letter paper that the dimensions of his bin was 10x8x6, and that it held 9 3-5 tons. The plaintiff states that the actual capacity of the bin is 12 6-10 tons, and that the statements of Lyons were false and maliciously made with the intent to injury and blacken the character of plaintiffs as coal merchants and ruin their standing in the community.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

A Young Parricide—Boys Charged With Incendiarism—Notes.

Sheriff Darrow of Pike County passed through East St. Louis on his way to Chester with two convicts, Jesse Funk and Mike Manning. Funk is the young man who killed his father at Pittsfield and was sentenced to the penitentiary for twenty-one years. Manning is under sentence for nine years for highway robbery.

A small fire occurred at the saloon of Barney Behner, 119 South B street, at 6:30 p. m. It was confined to the cellar, where it originated, and did little damage. The police have information that this fire and several others of a similar nature that have occurred on the Island recently were of incendiary origin. There have been three or four small fires in cellars or basements on the Island within a week and it is suposed that they were all started by a crowd of mischievous boys.

Nelson Morris & Co. will increase the capacity of their packing plant at the National Stockyards by putting up a new fertilizer factory on the west side of the creek

Dr. C. F. Streoker, who was thrown from his buggy last week and badly hurt, is reported to be recovering. His condition has improved considerable since Saturday, when it was thought his injuries might be fatal.

A Sunday-school concert will be given at the first Christian Church Thursday night.

About fifty new cases have been docketed for trial at the December term of the City Court.

Miss Jennie Joergensen is entertaining Miss Carrie Kemper of Chicago and Miss Adele Garber of St. Louis.

Banner Lodge, No. 481, K. and L. of H. will give a banquet to-night.

Charles Loder and company gave two performances of "Oh, What a Night" at the McCasland Opera-house.

Memorial services were held at the new German Lutheran Church by Prof. C. Pircher of St. Louis.

Daniel McGlynn has returned from Springfield, where he delivered an oration at a celebration held by the Ancient Order of Hibernians.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Etienne of Cahokia gave a golden wedding reception.

IN PALATIAL QUARTERS.

New Home of the German Savings Institution in the Planters' Hotel Building.

The German Savings Institution is now installed in its new quarters at the Fourth and Pine street corner of the Planters' Hotel. The transfer from its old home was completed early in the morning, and with the stroke of 9 o'clock its doors were thrown open to what will undoubtedly prove a season of renewed and increased success in its history.

This famous banking house is closely allied with the growth and prosperity of the city itself, and in its continuously successful career can be traced to a certain extent the solidity and success of St. Louis. For forty-one years it has remained a financial landmark, and in name it is the oldest banking corporation in the city, other institutions having changed their title. It was organized in 1853 with an authorized capital of $60,000 and a paid up capital of only $12,000. Its first home, in strong contrast with its present palatial quarters, was a small store on Main, between Pine and Chestnut streets.

The bank proved a success from the start and in a few years had grown to such proportions as to make it necessary to secure more commodious quarters. In 1857 a building was purchased on the corner of Main and Market streets, and here the business was removed and remained until the year 1883, when, after the completion of the present Merchants' Exchange, the German Savings Institution took the Third and Pine streets corner of that building, which it has occupied continuously until making the present change. In 1883 its first charter expired and a second one was secured, the capital of the bank being increased to $250,000. It now has a surplus of $500,000.

The new quarters have been handsomely furnished and decorated, no expense having been spared in making the offices among the most elegant in the city. The rich ceiling decoration is by Mr. A. H. Becker and is a masterpiece of skill. The bank fixtures and fittings were made from special designs by the Claes & Lehnbeuter Manufacturing Co., and are in highly polished mahogany. The marble case surrounding the vault is the work of Mr. Seidel, who also supplied the stone and marble used in construction. The automatic time locks were supplied by the Herring-Hall-Marvin Co., and are beautiful pieces of mechanism. They are the best obtainable in the world, and are said to be absolutely impregnable.

The doors are without knob or combination of any kind, and once closed cannot be opened until a set time, when a simple lever releases them. Every possible precaution has been taken against fire and burglary.

The present officers are: Mr. F. W. Meister, President; Mr. John Wahl, Vice-President; Mr. Richard Hospes, Cashier, and Mr. H. Hunicke, assistant Cashier. The directors are Mr. Louis Fusz, Mr. John Wahl, Mr. Charles F. Orthwein, Mr. Wm. Koenig, Mr. A. Nedderhut, Mr. F. W. Meister, Mr. J. G. Greer and Mr. Richard Hospes. These gentlemen by name and reputation are well known to all the business men.

To Cure a Felon.

If you have the appearance of a felon coming put some hardwood ashes in an old tin cup, pour over them warm water, immerse the end of the sore finger in the ashes, set the dish on some live coals or on top of the stove, keeping the finger in as long as you can, and soak it several times a day. If taken in time it generally prevents a felon from coming if the finger is wet with it often.

"Knickerbocker Special" via Big Four Railway leaves noon daily for New York and the East.

Catarrh

Is a constitutionl disease and requires a constitutional remedy. Such a remedy is

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

Which purifies the blood, expels the poisonous germs and permanently cures catarrh. Get only Hood's because Hood's

CURES

RIVERSIDE STOCK FARM.

Think Twice and Stop Once.

Don't sell your horses off at a sacrifice because of dull business and high prices of feed in winter; we will winter them for you at an unreasonably low rate. No. 500 Railway Exchange Building.

STANDARD **SCALES.** DIEBOLD **SAFES.**

STANDARD SCALE & FIXTURES CO.

821 N. THIRD ST. AND 818 N. FOURTH ST., ST. LOUIS.

STORE **TRUCKS.** COFFEE **MILLS.**

NOT IN THE COMBINE.

LANGAN LIVERY CO.

See rates; finest carriages. Theater trips, $2.50; depot, $1.50; party calls, $3.50; funerals, $4. Tel. 7,545. Cor. 24th and Locust st.

DEATHS.

BROWN—On Saturday, Nov. 24, at 2:30 p. m., SEBASTIAN BROWN, aged 70 years and 10 months.

Funeral will take place from family residence, 4253 North Broadway, on Tuesday, Nov. 27, at 8:30 a. m., to Holy Trinity Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends and relatives are invited to attend.

COOK—On Sunday morning at 3:30 o'clock, Bertha Cook, nee Haurin, dear beloved wife of Frank Cook, and our dear mother, aged 35 years 1 month 12 days.

Funeral Tuesday, Nov. 27, at 2 p. m., from family residence, corner Texas avenue and Victor street. Relatives and friends invited to attend.

HOWARD—On the 26th inst., at 5:30 a. m., Stephen Howard, aged 65 years, husband of Catherine Howard and father of John, Bridget, Michael, Nellie, Mrs. Thomas Quinn, Stephen, Alice and James Howard.

Funeral wil take place from the family residence, No. 2016 Division street, on Wednesday, the 28th inst., at 9 a. m., to St. Bridget's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends of the family invited to attend. Deceased was a member of the old Temperance and St. Joseph Sodality.

MILLER—EDITH BELLE MILLER, daughter of C. K. and Helen C. Miller, aged 18 years, 6 months and 9 days, of consumption, Sunday, Nov. 25, at 9:45 p. m., at her family residence, 764 Walton avenue.

Funeral at English Lutheran Church of the Holy Trinity at 2:30 p. m., McMillan avenue, west of Taylor avenue.

Springfield (Mo.) papers please copy.

MURPHY—Sunday, Nov. 25, at 8 p. m., JOHN MURPHY.

Funeral from the residence of his brother, Daniel Murphy, 3938 Lucky street, Tuesday, Nov. 27, at 9 a. m., to St. Matthew's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends invited to attend.

PHELPS—On Sunday, Nov. 25, at 4 p. m., Lois J. Phelps, wife of W. H. Phelps, aged 48 years 20 days.

The remains will be taken to Carthage, Mo., for interment, where funeral services will be held from the First Presbyterian Church, Wednesday, Nov. 28, at 2 p. m.

RYAN—On Nov. 26, Mrs. Ellen Ryan, mother of John T. Ryan and Mrs. R. G. Troll, nee Ryan, aged 76 years.

Funeral Nov. 27 at 2 p. m. from residence 1114 Newhouse avenue, to Calvary Cemetery. Friends invited to attend.

St. Joseph (Mo.) papers please copy.

SCHAEFER—On Sunday, Nov. 25, at 7:50 p. m., after a brief illness, DOLLY SCHAEFER, beloved daughter of Henry L. and Emma Schaefer, nee Manhart, aged 3 years, 5 months and 2 days.

Funeral on Tuesday, Nov. 27, at 2 p. m., from family residence, 1446 North Market street. Interment private.

New York and Elizabeth (N. J.) papers please copy.

SLATTERY—On Saturday, Nov. 24, at 10 a. m., James Slattery, aged 63 years 8 months.

Funeral from the residence of his son-in-law, E. G. Hoernlein, No. 1106 North Twenty-fourth street, Tuesday, Nov. 27, at 2 p. m. Friends invited to attend.

TODD—On Nov. 25, at 10:30 a. m., Washington Todd, in his 67th year.

Funeral from the residence of William Young, Esq., 4479 Laclede avenue, Tuesday, 27th, at 2 p. m. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

YOUNG—MRS. LEONORA L. YOUNG, aged 70 years.

Funeral from residence, 1780A Mississippi avenue, at 1:30 p. m., Tuesday, Nov. 27. Friends invited.

Burial Permits.

Sarah Provot, 911 Biddle, 70 years; [illegible]ritis.

Ella Harles, 10 months, 1614 Arlington [illegible]nue.

Minnie Waltz, 3 years, 1270 South Br[illegible]way; croup.

Ina Martin, 6 months, 1427 North Twel[illegible] croup.

Georgia Bruno, 3 days, 3128 South Seve[illegible] debility.

Thomas Campbell, 13 years, 6112 S[illegible] Ninth; meningitis.

Joe Carasini, 14 days, 932 North Seve[illegible] marasmus.

John Conery, 25 years, City Hosp[illegible] consumption.

Bertha Grenlich, 3 years, 3920 North T[illegible]tieth; diphtheria.

Annie Vernfert, 3 years, 1880 South F[illegible]teenth; accident.

Louis Christ Boss, 20 years, 3304 Chout[illegible] consumption.

Willie Fuget, 13 days, 3826 Sofa; inani[illegible]

Wm. S. Dozier, 40 years, Defiance, [illegible] consumption.

Marriage Licenses.

Robert H. Dorsey	2718 S. 18[illegible]
Elizabeth Ludwig	Belleville,
John C. Behr	Springfield,
Katie T. Foley	Springfield,
James H. Brown	Arkansas City, [illegible]
Annie L. Cash	Arkansas City, [illegible]
James H. Donohue	East St. Lo[illegible]
Celia Horan	2506¼ Howard
Geo. W. Malone	2825 Sherid[illegible]
Sadie Harrall	Fairfie[illegible]
A. P. Rodgers	3063 Mad[illegible]
Mary Ellen Raby	4405 St. Lo[illegible]

A Hindoo Woman's Opinion.

Vive Kananda, the latest Hindoo v[illegible] to our shores, who is just now visiting Ole Bull at her home in Cambridge, [illegible] has a high opinion of women. Indee[illegible] an Oriental and a monk, he appears [illegible] joy their society and conversation [illegible] than might be expected. In spite o[illegible] round, boyish face, Vive Kananda [illegible] profound thinker and possesses a [illegible] wonderful power of expressing his tho[illegible] in a foreign tongue.

IF YOU WANT HELP,
or a ROOM, or BOARD,
or BOAR[illegible]
A small advertisement in the POST-DIS[illegible] want columns will cost you less than a cent [illegible] —5 cents per line of seven words.

THE PATH IS CLEAR

Bright Prospects for an International Cup Race in 1895.

NO DIFFERENCES BETWEEN LORD DUNRAVEN AND DESIGNER WATSON.

His Lordship Is Waiting for a Reply From the American Cup Committee to His Latest Proposition—The Auditorium Club's Fistic Carnival—Lacrosse in St. Louis—Foot Ball and General Sporting News.

LONDON, Nov. 26.—Up to to-day Lord Dunraven had not received a reply of the American Cup Committee to his propositions in regard to the next international yacht race. It is believed that the letter of the committee was delivered to Lord Dunraven's London residence on Saturday and that it was forwarded to him unopened to the place where he is staying in Ireland.

Lord Dunraven has been questioned in regard to the story circulated in the United States that the differences of opinion had arisen between himself and Mr. George L. Watson, the yacht designer, as to the class, center board or keel of the cup challenge, which his lordship is understood to be upon the point of ordering.

It has been stated in this connection that the differences of opinion consisted in Lord Dunraven favoring a center board yacht and Mr. Watson insisting upon the merits of a keel craft. As to whether the reply of the Cup Committee was satisfactory, Lord Dunraven telegraphed that, not having heard from the committee, he cannot say anything on the subject. It is learned from another source that there is no foundation for the story that differences of opinion between Lord Dunraven and Mr. Watson exist. Both these gentlemen are working in harmony.

When Lord Dunraven received Mr. H. Maitland Kersey's telegram last week, outlining the committee's decision, he informed Mr. Watson of its contents in a letter which conveyed the impression that all obstacles to the challenge were removed and asking him to bring the final plans for the new cup challenge to a conference which will be held this week.

CHANGED THE DATES.

The Auditorium Club's Fistic Carnival Next Month Set Forward.

Johnnie Connors of Springfield, Ill., who will meet Jimmy Barry in Nw Orleans next month, was notified by a telegram from the Crescent City Saturday that the dates had been changed for the Auditorium Club's fistic carnival. The dates originally set were Dec. 10, 11 and 12. The officers of the club, after a consultation with railroad officials, decided that it was policy to bring the dates forward three days, the railroads having arranged a big excursion from Northern points which was due to arrive in the Crescent City Dec. 13. The order of the contests will remain unchanged. Barry, the game little Chicagoan who recently whipped Casper Leon, will meet Connors on Dec. 13. "Kid" Lavigne of Saginaw and ...y Bowen will come together on the following night, and the carnival will close ... Jack Dempsey and Tommy Ryan on ...15.

ROBBED OF VICTORY.

...rd Men Claim Their Team Was Entitled to 13 Points.

...TON, Nov. 26.—Dr. W. A. Brooks, ...rd's chief coacher, is still angry over ...he considers the contemptible tactics ...ed to by the Yale team to disable ...rd's players in Saturday's game, and, ... already been stated, has notified the ...management that he will not act as ... in the Yale-Princeton game next ...ay.

...nk Hinkey's act in jumping on ...tington when he was lying on the ... and not trying to move, was the ...brutal thing I ever saw on the foot ...eld," he said. "There was absolutely no excuse for it. Hinkey should ...been disqualified immediately. Mr. ...t, the umpire, told me he saw the ...ut did not notice who was the offender. While I do not wish to criticise Mr. ...tt unjustly, I must say that there is ...y weak excuse for not disqualifying ...ale Captain, for there were only two near Wrightington at the time and ...dy else had any difficulty in identi... the players. If Mr. Moffatt had ...his duty in that instance there would ...been no more unnecessary roughness ...ng the game."

...Brooks was asked to give his opinion of Referee Boviard's decision against ...vard's first touch-down, immediately ...r Fairchild's close miss of the goal, ...his refusal to allow the goal from the ...just at the end of the game. He re...d that he knew of no rule that would ...tify either decision. Personally, he ...sidered them very unjust. There is no ...rt of appeal, so it does no good to pro...t, and the Harvard coachers are not us... those decisions as a basis for an ex...se for Harvard's defeat, although per...nally they feel that Harvard was fairly ...titled to thirteen points, which were ...rned—two touch-downs and a goal from ...e field. But they are outspoken in their ...ndemnation of Yale's rough playing, and ...ecially of Capt. Hinkey's work.

Wrightington's collar-bone is not fractured, but there is a bad dislocation which, ...anything, is worse than a simple fracture. Neither he nor Charley Brewer or ...well will be able to play in the game ... the University of Pennsylvania. ...r's nose is broken and Brewer's an... a very bad condition. Capt. Emmons may be able to play next Thursday, but it is very doubtful.

Dr. Brooks said that the coachers felt deeply indebted to Mr. Deland for his assistance in perfecting Harvard's aggressive work. His "chess-board" tactics, which have frequently been alluded to were productive of many gains for Harvard, and there were others that were even better, and which would have added to the interest of the game if Brewer and Wrightington had not been disabled. Mr. Lathrop's new system of training is also heartily endorsed by the coachers. Harvard never sent out a team in better physical condition, barring those two or three who had met with accidents, and this fact was apparent at the close of the game, when the Harvard men were strong and aggressive. The Harvard team will rest quietly at Auburndale until Wednesday, when they start for Philadelphia.

ST. LOUIS LACROSSE CLUB.

Skilled Exponents of Canada's Favorite Pastime—Local Interest Increasing.

Lacrosse, Canada's favorite game, is becoming popular in St. Louis. Although not a cold weather game in the Northern and Eastern States, in this climate it can be played throughout the winter months, and ranks with foot ball in that respect. As originally played by the Indians, the object of each player was to show his individual skill. After securing the ball a long run on the opposite goal was in order, and he who carried the ball the farthest was the hero of the day. The game is now played on a more scientific system. As in foot ball, team play and a skillful passing of the ball from point to point increase the interest and makes the sport less exhausting. After reaching the defense field the play is generally most exciting, each team doing its utmost to gain an advantage until the goal is made. There is not a dull moment while the ball is in play and not an action that cannot be understood by the spectators.

Wherever played its drawing powers are surprising. In Boston, Philadelphia and New York thousands turn out to witness a game. Last Fourth of July a game on Boston Commons was witnessed by over 50,000 people.

There are many lacrosse players of experience and promise in St. Louis. The organization of the St. Louis Lacrosse Club has done a great deal to stimulate interest in the pastime. Practice games are played every Sunday in Forest Park and many business men take part. There will be a lacrosse match at Sportsman's Park Thanksgiving Day just before the foot ball game between the Washington University and Christian Brothers' College elevens.

ST. LOUIS LACROSSE CLUB.



1. George Kelly.
2. William Young.
3. G. E. Passmore.
4. Frank Jagel.
5. John Esson.
6. Thomas Kelly.
7. James Miller.
8. Robert Penniston.
9. George T. Dunn.
10. Thomas Gorman.
11. James Gorman.
12. J. W. Tobin.
13. J. P. Gorman.
14. Cleo Deroche, Sr.
15. J. Tompkins.
16. Samuel Deroche.

Sporting Notes.

The German Athletic Association of Boise City, Idaho, offers $60,000 and $3,000 training expenses for the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight.

Australian Billy McCarthy and Gid Pierce of New Orleans are to meet in a finish contest near that city in a few weeks.

The Olympic Club of New Orleans is negotiating for a contest between Jack Everhart and Owen Zeigler, who recently bested Jack McAuliffe.

A contract has been made between the college foot ball clubs and the owners of Hampden Park at Springfield, Mass., by which an option is given on the use of the park for each and every Saturday in November for the next five years.

Prof. William Clark is perfecting arrangements for a square-heel-and-toe walking tournament to be given in Chicago during Christmas week. The pedestrians will share one-half of the gross recipts. To secure a piece of the prize money each contestant must cover at least 450 miles in 140 hours.

REAL ESTATE.

A Melbourne Capitalist Negotiating a Deal—Sales and Transfers.

F. J. Pilkington, a capitalist frome Melbourne, Australia, is in the city looking after a large real estate deal. Mr. Pilkington is said to represent a syndicate who are about to make some heavy investments in St. Louis. He is stopping at the St. Nicholas Hotel, but could not be seen, as he left early to inspect some city real estate with a view of purchasing.

Levi & Epstein report the sale of two lots 50x155 each on the north side of Finney avenue, 200 feet west of Academy, from the Mercantile Realty and Investment Co. to J. H. Lewis, for $45 a foot. Mr. Lewis will improve the property at once with three elegant residences. Finney avenue is now being improved with Telford street, granitoid sidewalks and gutters.

F. H. Wood reports the following sales in the new subdivision of Woodside, on the Missouri Pacific Railroad: Corner of Boneta and Hazel avenues, lot 100x158 feet, for $800, to J. Rickets.

Lot 100x158 feet on Boneta avenue, near Hazel, for $700, to N. Schuster.

Lot 100x158 feet on the Glendale road and Hazel avenue, for $700, to C. F. Spray.

F. H. Wood also reports the following sales in Glendale Park:

Lot 100 feet on Oakland avenue, for $600, to J. Storm.

Lot 100x150 feet at the corner of Berry road and Lexington avenue, for $600, to Lewis W. Brown.

Lot 100x150 feet at the corner of Berry road and Oakland avenue, for $600, to Henry Patthoff.

FOR CUTTING A WOMAN.

Mabel Farmer Was Fined by Justice Zimmerman.

Mabel Farmer, colored, was fined $20 and costs by Judge Zimmerman in the Carondelet Police Court for disturbing the peace of Ella Kelly, also colored. Mabel met Ella, it was testified, on Nov. 13, at Broadway and Bowen street, and, after some words about a man, Mabel cut Ella across the back. "Lis" Philips, a relative of Ella Kelly's, had Isom McGuirk, also colored, up before the court on a charge of disturbing her peace, but McGuirk took a continuance. McGuirk, who is friendly to Miss Farmer, is alleged to have assaulted "Lis" because he heard that she was going to testify against Mabel.

JACK THE RIPPER AGAIN.

Another Unfortunate Woman Found Dead in London.

LONDON, Nov. 26.—A comely woman of the unfortunate class, about 40 years old, was found dead in a frequented thoroughfare near Holland Villas road, Kensington, at about midnight. Her throat was cut from ear to ear, and some of the newspapers here intimate that it is another crime of the "Jack the Ripper" order.

LIVELY SHOOTING.

Four Young Men Meet and Resume an Old Quarrel.

John and August Bensiek, sons of Undertaker Bensiek, quarreled with Larry Dwyer and Harry Shendel at Ninth and Market streets, Sunday night. Nine shots were fired, and the four were arrested. Revolvers were found in the possession of the Bensieks, and they were charged with carrying concealed weapons. A week ago the Bensieks gave an entertainment at Northwest Turner Hall, and Dwyer and Schendel, who attended without invitation, are said to have made uncomplimentary remarks to some of the ladies. They were put out. Sunday night Dwyer and Schendel met the Bensieks at Druid's Hall and the quarrel was resumed.

Thanksgiving Dinner for the Poor.

For eight successive years Liberty Non-Sectarian Mission has given a plain, substantial dinner to indigent homeless men and women of every creed and nationality on Thanksgiving Day, the contributions for which come from the people of St. Louis. There are thousands of worthy poor in the city who will not have the privilege of enjoying a dinner unless it is given to them, and the manager, Rev. E. T. Colman, makes his annual appeal to the philanthropic citizens for donations of meats, vegetables, groceries or money, which may be sent to the mission house, 703 North Fourteenth street, on or before Thanksgiving morning. This mission has supplied food and lodging to 24,696 deserving persons since last Thanksgiving Day.

FREIGHT CAR THIEVES.

First District Police Believe They Have Captured Two of Them.

Officers Foristel, Bouchein and Mehl of the First District at 3 a. m. arrested Arthur Ferris, a 16-year-old boy, at his home in South St. Louis and locked him up at the Carondelet Police Station on a charge of petit larceny. Young Ferris, together with 17-year-old Herman Lasser, who was arrested last Friday night, are charged with robbing Iron Mountain freight cars.

For the past two months the Iron Mountain officials say they have frequently noticed that freight cars which left the Chouteau avenue depot in good condition would arrive at the Carondelet station with the seals broken and some of the contents missing. They suspected that thieves boarded the train on the way down, but were never able to catch any of the bold burglars. Friday night, however, the conductor on a Desoto train saw two boys board the train between Barton and Victor streets. He succeeded in catching one of them, who proved to be young Lasser, but the other, said to be Ferris, escaped.

Lasser and Ferris deny that they stole anything from the cars. Lasser says he just wanted to steal a ride and declared that if he knew the freight car was loaded he would not have climbed on. Warrants will be applied for against both boys.

TRANSCRIPT FILED.

A Mining Suit in Which a $28,000 Verdict Figures.

A transcript of the record of the suit of Walter S. Cheesman and George W. Clayton against James A. Shreve, J. A. Perkins and others was filed in the United States Circuit Court of Appeals on an appeal from the United States Court for the District of Colorado. Plaintiffs sued for $30,000 damages because the defendants, it is alleged, mined and converted to their own use certain gold and silver ores in the Battle Mountain Lode mining claim of Colorado. Damages were assessed against the defendants for $28,797.15

GAUGER TRANSFERRED.

Capt. Sam Coole, who has been special gauger under the revenue agent in charge of the St. Louis division, has been ordered to Philadelphia, where he will serve under Revenue Agent Fleming, formerly in charge of the St. Louis division. The change takes effect on Dec. 1.

AFTER SMALL GAME.

United States Judge Priest and District Attorney Clopton were hunting near Salisbury, Mo., on Thursday, Friday and Saturday of last week. They shot considerable small game and returned home Sunday pleased with their trip.

FOUR CRAP PLAYERS.

Men Arrested in a Raid Arraigned Before Police Justice Zimmerman.

Sergt. Neun and Officers Gavin and Murphy of the First District raided a saloon at Seventh and Bowen streets at 8 p. m. Sunday, and from the crowd that was congregated therein took Columbus Brown, J. E. Brown, Wm. A. Bland and Grant Johnson, and loaded them into the patrol wagon. Bland and the Browns were grabbed while trying to run away, but Johnson was found hiding under the table whereon the crowd had played craps. Bland admitted "rolling the bones" to Judge Zimmerman in the Carondelet Police Court, was held, while the others were discharged. After court his honor let Bland go, with a warning not to be caught playing again.

ROCK SPRING TURNVEREIN.—The Rock Spring Turnverein celebrated its fourth annual festival at Bode's Hall Sunday night. The evening's programme closed with a dance.

WORK IN CONGRESS.

Forecast of What Will Probably Be Done at the Coming Session.

PROBABLE ATTEMPT TO REPEAL THE STATE BANK TAX LAW.

Some Members Believe It Will Be Made a Leading Issue of the Session—The Administration to Propose a Financial Scheme on the Lines of the Baltimore Plan—Gossip.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 26.—There are not more than a dozen Senators and forty members of the House in the city to-day. Among these the opinion prevails that an attempt will be made to repeal the 10 per cent State bank tax law.

The silver question will also cut a figure in the short session, and some believe it will be made a leading issue of the session.

It is taken for granted that the administration will propose a financial scheme on the lines of the Baltimore plan, and it was suggested to-day by a leading Democratic Senator that if an effort should be made to put a bill through carrying this plan into effect it would be amended by a free coinage rider and allowed to pass. There is a division of sentiment among Democratic Senators and Representatives regarding the practicability of the Baltimore plan or any other plan on the same lines, and it is already evident that the subject will lead to a wide range of debate. The propriety of the recent bond issue will surely prove a prolific source of speech-making.

With reference to the supplementary tariff or free raw material bills, which were put through the House with such expediency last August, it may be said that Democratic Senators, almost without exception, say there is no probability they will become laws.

To sum up, the indications are that the session will be one of straggling effort at financial legislation; that the tariff law will be allowed to stand as it is; that the Democratic majority will devote itself in the main to getting the appropriation bills through; that the several bills of a general nature, but non-political character, such as the Pacific railroads, the Nicaragua canal, the personnel of the navy and the pooling bill, will receive more or less attention, but that upon the whole the record of the session will not be one of many or important accomplishments.

SOUTH AMERICAN DUTIES.

Decrees Issued by Peru—Taxes Imposed in Ecuador—Salvador's Action.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 26.—United States Minister McKenzie has notified the United States Government that the Government of Peru has issued two decrees affecting customs duties. One is that commercial and such other goods as are exempt from duty under Art. 1 of the act of Dec. 31, 1888, shall pay hereafter a duty of 8 per cent ad valorem. Gold and silver bullion and coin and ammunition for the use of rifle or revolver remain exempt. The second decree increases rates of duty on a large number of commodities, including agricultural machinery, furniture, hides, brick, etc. The cause of this increase is found in the necessity for raising money to suppress the revolution, and the congress has clothed President Caceres with almost unlimited power to raise revenues.

The Ecuadorean Government has, for charitable purposes, imposed a tax of 5 cents per quintal on sugar made in the country and an import tax of 2 per cent on all foreign liquors except wines. For the purpose of establishing a fund to be used for the construction of railroads, a tax of 10 cents per 100 kilos has been laid on all packages passing through the Custom-house for export or import; of 1 per cent on all money to be paid for freight by seas; of 2 per cent on all money to be paid for insurance premiums outside of the country; of 2 per cent on bank dividends.

United States Consul at San Salvador has informed the Department of State that the Provisional Government of Salvador has required that all customs duties shall be paid in silver at 10 per cent ad valorem. Importers are permitted to pay 10 per cent in bonds against the Custom-house and are obliged to pay 5 per cent in bonds of the "Salvadorean Mint."

Retained Pay Law.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 26.—The repeal of the retained pay law is urged by Secretary Lamont. The officers report that the law causes dissatisfaction and promotes desertion rather than dissuading from it.

Capital Notes.

Surgeon-General Dr. Walter Wyman reported that 52,803 seamen were treated in the United States Maine Hospitals during the last fiscal year.

A Washington firm of lobbyists mailed stewards of United Sttes Army Hospitals offers to secure the passage of a law increasing their pay, provided each paid $25, $5 cash and $20 contingent.

Sergt. Stump of the United States Immigration Bureau estimated that since October 1883, more steerage passengers have left this country than have come over. During the last fiscal year 235,631 immigrants arrived, of this number, 2,371 were debarred and deported.

HIRSHFIELD IN PERIL.

His Friends Wish to Get Him Away From Fargo as Soon as Possible.

FARGO, N. D., Nov 26.—It is reported from Helena that Attorney-General Haskell of Montana will bring suit for criminal libel against Aaron Hirshfield because of charges made by the latter in his testimony in his case here against Haskell and Mrs. Hirshfield in his divorce suit against his wife. It is likely the present case will be brought to a speedy termination. The evidence on behalf of the plaintiff will probably be concluded to-day.

Hirshfield's friends fear trouble to him and wish to get him away as soon as possible. Although Mrs. Hirshfield appeared in Fargo for the first time last week, and the evidence on behalf of the plaintiff only has so far been presented, the feeling against Hirshfield has grown so bitter that he is insulted on the streets and denounced in public interviews. It is feared this feeling will culminate in an open demonstration. So extensive has this sentiment grown that there are even muttered threats against the court if the public interpretation of justice is not meted out.

The defense has no witnesses, being without funds to pay the expenses of their coming to Fargo. Their testimony is contained in depositions, which will require several days reading.

Of Interest to Railroad Employes.

CRESTON, Io., Nov 26.—An important decision to employes of corporations or companies that have a relief fund or association for the benefit of injured employes was rendered by Judge Bedford in the District Court here in the case of Maines vs. the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad. The Judge holds that an employe could not receive benefit from the relief fund and then have standing in court to claim damages from the company.

Hotel Personals.

Mrs. George Vest is staying at the Southern.

George R. Wendling of Washington, D. C., the well-known lecturer, arrived at the Southern.

Harry C. Dickens of London is among the arrivals at the Southern.

Ex-Secretary of the Treasury Charles Foster of Fostoria, O., is in the city.

B. P. Waggener of Atchison, Kan., attorney for the Santa Fe, is at the Southern.

J. L. Bitlinger of St. Joseph, Harvey W. Salmon of Clinton, Mo., ex-Gov. George T. Anthony of Kansas and Sam B. Cook of Mexico, Mo., are among the politicians staying at the Planters'.

NOT CONTRACTOR JACKSON.

Body Taken From the River at Independence Positively Identified.

CARTHAGE, Mo., Nov. 26.—The identification of the body taken from the Missouri River at Independence as W. L. Graham of Cherokee County, Kan., as told in Sunday's Post-Dispatch, removes a lurking suspicion in the minds of many in this city that the remains were those of Ellis Jackson, the Carthage contractor, who mysteriously disappeared at Kansas City early in October.

At the time the body was found the published description so accurately suited that of Mr. Jackson, it was believed it was his body, and a brother-in-law of the missing contractor went to Independence, but found the body had been interred. The clothing the corpse wore did not suit the description of that worn by Jackson, and the brother-in-law returned to Carthage without taking the body up, for which he was much criticised, as Jackson had heavy life insurance.

This identification apparently settles the uncertain point and removes all possibility of it being the missing contractor. Not the slightest clew has ever been discovered to tell what became of Jackson.

OUT OF THE SOUDAN.

Fr. Rossignoli Tells the Incidents of His Escape From the Mahdists.

CAIRO, Nov. 25.—Fr. Rossignoli, the Austrian priest who has been imprisoned by the Mahdists for ten years, and who escaped a few days ago, is here. The rescue was effected by Maj. Wingate, of the Egyptian Intelligence Department. Wingate's hired agent, Abdallah, went to Berber in June and was imprisoned. He married there, and so escaped with two months' imprisonment, and as soon as he had made his escape he repaired to Omdurman, where Fr. Rossignoli was confined. He bore a card to Fr. Rossignoli from Fr. Rogaro, head of the Austrian mission, instructing him to come with Abdallah. He found the priest working as a servant in a cafe, and unfolded to him the plan of escape. The priest feigned sickness and made an attempt to go to Berber, but failed, as he was recognized and sent back. Having some money, he then secretly bought a camel and two donkeys. When a propitious night came he and Abdallah started to ride at full speed to Berber, following the Nile all night, and riding through the hills back of the river in daytime. When they reached Metemeh, fifteen dervishes sprang out of the darkness upon them, and in an instant they were made prisoners. Abdallah induced the dervishes to believe that he and his companion belonged to the tribe of the Emin of Berber. While the conversation was going on Fr. Rossignoli partly concealed himself behind the camel in order to prevent the dervishes from learning that he was a white man. The two were finally allowed to proceed, and they reached Berber without further misadventure. They had not been in the town long before Fr. Rossignoli was recognized, but he managed to conceal himself before he could be captured. Abdallah, however, was arrested and charged with concealing a Christian.

The town was searched, but Fr. Rossignoli escaped arrest. Abdallah bribed his jailers to set him at liberty, and when he was free joined Fr. Rossignoli. Emir sent patrols and spies everywhere in search of the two men, but their efforts availed nothing. Abdallah caused a rumor to circulate that they had gone to Cassala. This rumor caused a search for them to be made principally in that direction. On the night of Nov. 9 the men left Berber, and eleven days later reached Assouan. Their experience in crossing the desert was a terrible one. They had only dates and doura to eat. Fr. Rossignoli became exhausted, and he would certainly have been lost had it not been for the devoted service of Abdallah. For miles the latter carried the priest in his arms.

Fr. Rossignoli was captured by the Arabs in 1883, with another priest, Fr. Oherwalder and two nuns, Sisters Cherscari and Venturini, who escaped from the Mahdists two years ago. The priests were captured at the El Obeid when Hicks Pasha and his command were massacred by the Madhists. This success of the Arabs led to the seige and capture of Khartoum, in which Chinese Gordon lost his life.

ANOTHER INDIAN MOUND

Opened in Illinois by Dr. J. F. Snyder—What Was Found.

VIRGINIA, Ill., Nov. 26.—Dr. J. F. Snyder of this city, local correspondent of the Smithsonian Institute and prominently connected with the American Association for the Advancement of Science, has returned from Brown County, where he completed the opening of another large Indian mound, which are so numerous along the Illinois River.

This mound was 190 feet in length, 100 feet wide and 30 feet high. The base was upon a clay platform, 20 by 30 feet, upon which 1,000 or more human bodies or skeletons had been burned. Several thousand large black flints had been deposited upon these ashes. Then there was another covering of a thin layer of clay and a few more bodies had been burned together. With them were a great number of flint arows, stone axes, pipes, spear points, sea shells, mica shells, bears' teeth and ornaments of various kinds, but all were nearly ruined by the intense heat.

GAMBLING HOUSE CASES.

Large Number of Witnesses Go to Edwardsville From Venice and Madison.

VENICE, Ill., Nov. 26.—A large number of citizens of Venice and Madison have been subpoenaed to appear before the Grand-jury at Edwardsville to-day presumably to testify in the cases against the alleged gambling-house proprietors.

The report of the indictment of several prominent citizens as spectators at the Tracey-Needham sparring match caused a ripple of excitement yesterday. It is not generally credited.

Large numbers of St. Louisans patronized the turkey shootings at Kunnemann's Hall, Nameoki, and Wm. Winters' Horse Shoe Lake resort yesterday.

Several weddings will occur at Brooklyn on Thanksgiving Day.

The public school will be closed Thursday and Friday on account of Thanksgiving observances.

Gen. Howard at Portland.

PORTLAND, Ore., Nov. 26.—Maj.-Gen. O. O. Howard, retired, has arrived in this city where he will spend the winter the guest of his daughter, the wife of Capt Gray.

Consumption.

The incessant wasting of a consumptive can only be overcome by a powerful concentrated nourishment like Scott's Emulsion. If this wasting is checked and the system is supplied with strength to combat the disease there is hope of recovery.

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod-liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, does more to cure Consumption than any other known remedy. It is for all Affections of Throat and Lungs, Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis and Wasting. Pamphlet free.

Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All Druggists. 50c. and $1.

UNION STATION TIME TABLE.

On and After Sunday, Sept. 2, all Passenger Trains will Arrive and Depart from the St. Louis Union Station, Eighteenth and Market Streets.

*Except Sundays. †Daily. ‡Except Saturday. ‖Except Monday. §Monday. ¶Sunday.

BURLINGTON ROUTE.

Burlington Route.

Through trains to Kansas City, St. Joseph, Lincoln and Denver, with Pullman Sleepers and Free Chair Cars. Through trains to St. Paul and Minneapolis, with Pullman Sleepers and elegant Dining Cars.

BURLINGTON ROUTE—C. B. & Q.

	Depart.	Arrive.
Rock Island, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Peoria, La Crosse and Dubuque Express	† 8:35 am	† 5:30 pm
Rock Island, Dubuque, Galesburg, Peoria, St. Paul and Minneapolis Express	† 8:20 pm	† 6:48 am

BURLINGTON—St. L., K. & N. W.

Minneapolis, St. Paul, Omaha, Cedar Rapids Express	†11:10 am	† 4:00 pm
Denver, Lincoln, Omaha, Leavenworth, Kansas City and California Express	† 8:45 pm	† 7:40 am
Hannibal, St. Paul and Minneapolis, Quincy, Keokuk, Burlington, Fort Madison Night Express	† 7:50 pm	† 6:45 am
Hannibal, Kansas City, Leavenworth, Atchison and St. Joseph Day Express	* 7:40 am	* 7:25 pm
Fast Mail, Louisiana, Hannibal, Quincy and Burlington	† 2:20 am	
Local passenger from Quincy		† 1:00 pm
Helena, Butte, Montana points, Black Hills and Portland	† 8:45 pm	† 7:40 pm

BALTIMORE & OHIO SOUTHWESTERN RY. (OHIO & MISSISSIPPI RAILWAY.)

Local Express, Cincinnati and Louisville	* 7:20 a m	* 6:50 p m
Royal Blue Flyer, Cin., Louisville, Columbus, Pitts., Wash., Balt., Phil. and New York	† 8:00 a m	† 6:30 p m
New York Express, Cin., Louisville, Columbus, Pitts., Wash., Balt., Phil. and New York	† 8:05 p m	† 7:15 a m
Vincennes Accommodation	* 5:50 p m	* 8:30 a m
Carlyle Accomodation	*10:30 a m	* 2:10 p m

VANDALIA LINE.

Trains No. 20 and No. 21	† 8:10 am	† 7:00 pm
Day Express	† 8:40 am	† 7:20 pm
Indianapolis Accommodation	*11:25 am	* 5:00 pm
N. Y., Balt. & Wash. Express	† 9:00 pm	† 7:00 am
Chicago Day Express	† 8:10 am	
Chicago Day Express		† 7:20 pm
Chicago Diamond Special	† 9:10 pm	† 7:30 am
Cincinnati Day Express	† 8:10 am	† 7:20 pm
Cincinnati Night Express	† 8:00 pm	† 7:00 am
Effingham Accommodation	† 5:30 pm	† 8:15 am

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD. Chicago Line.

Chicago Day Express, daily	† 8:10 am	
Chicago Day Express		* 7:20 pm
Chicago Diamond Special, d'ly	† 9:10 pm	† 7:30 am

CLEV., CIN., CHICAGO & ST. L. Big Four Route.

Day Express	* 7:00 am	* 8:45 pm
Southwestern Limited	* 8:05 am	* 6:55 pm
KnickerbockerSpecial	12:00 m	
Alton Express	*10:40 am	* 6:55 am
Alton Express		†10:35 am
Mattoon, Jerseyville & Springfield Accommodation	† 4:20 pm	† 7:50 pm
Alton Express	* 5:55 pm	* 1:45 pm
Boston, New York & Cincinnati Express	* 7:55 pm	* 7:00 am

CHICAGO & ALTON RAILROAD.

Chicago Limited	† 8:45 am	† 7:15 pm
Chicago "Palace Express"	* 8:55 pm	* 7:40 am
Chicago Day Local Express	† 7:25 am	† 7:35 pm
Chicago Night Local Express	† 4:50 pm	†10:20 am
KansasCity Vestibuled Limited	† 8:40 pm	† 7:10 am
Kansas City Day Express	† 7:55 am	† 7:00 pm
Jacksonville Accommodation	* 5:45 pm	*11:00 am
Alton Express	*10:00 am	* 8:10 am
Alton Express	* 1:55 pm	* 1:20 pm

Wabash Line

LINES EAST OF THE MISSISSIPPI.

Chicago Local Express	† 7:30 am	† 8:08 pm
Chicago Fast Express	† 9:00 am	† 7:18 pm
Toledo, Detroit & New York Fast Express	† 7:30 am	† 8:08 pm
Decatur Accommodation	* 4:55 pm	*10:48 am
Toledo, Detroit, New York Vestibuled Limited	† 7:00 pm	† 7:40 am
Chicago Vestibuled Limited	† 9:05 pm	† 7:32 am

LINES WEST OF THE MISSISSIPPI.

Kansas City Mail and Express	† 8:30 am	† 6:30 pm
Kansas City, Ottumwa	† 9:00 am	† 6:10 pm
Montgomery Accommodation	* 4:30 pm	*11:00 am
Omaha, DesMoines & St. Paul Express	† 8:25 pm	* 7:25 am
Kansas City Fast Express	† 8:35 pm	† 7:00 am
Ferguson Accommodation	* 7:30 am	* 5:35 pm
Ferguson Accommodation	* 1:00 pm	* 8:50 am
Ferguson Accommodation	* 4:00 pm	* 2:50 pm
Graham Accommodation	* 6:25 pm	* 7:15 am
Ferguson (Thursday only)	11:30 pm	7:40 pm
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	1:00 pm	10:30 am
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	4:00 pm	2:05 pm

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

Southern Fast Mail	† 7:50 am	† 7:40 pm
Belleville Accommodation	†11:30 am	† 2:00 pm
Mt. Vernon Accommodation	† 5:00 pm	† 9:10 am
Southern Fast Line	† 7:35 pm	† 7:20 am

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Fast Mail	† 3:00 am	
Local Express	† 7:55 am	† 6:00 pm
Kansas City, Omaha, Lincoln and Southern Kansas Exp.	† 9:00 am	† 6:25 pm
Kansas City, St. Joseph, Omaha & So Kan. & Col. Fast Line	† 8:20 pm	† 6:55 am
Kansas City & Colorado Express		† 7:15 am

Missouri Pacific Locals.
Washington Accommodation
Leaves *5:25 pm., arrives *8:00 am.
Kirkwood Accommodation leave
*6:45, †8:00, †9:50, *11:50 am., *1:25, †3:15, *4:30, *5:50, *6:20, *6:30, *8:45, 10:30, †11:45 pm.
Sundays Only, Leave
7:00 am., 1:00 pm., 9:45 pm.
Kirkwood Accommodation Arrive
*6:30, †7:35, *8:40, *9:45 am., *12:35, †1:50, †3:10, *5:10, †5:55, *7:40, †8:20, *9:50, 10:40 pm.
Sundays Only, Arrive
9:05 am, 10:30 am.
Oak Hill Accommodation Leave
*6:20, †8:05, *11:55 am, *3:00, †6:15, †10:25 pm.
Sunday only leave 1:15 pm.
Oak Hill Accommodation Arrive
*6:35, †8:20, †11:55 am, †1:30, †6:05, †7:43 pm.
Sunday only arrive 7:45 am.
Creve Cœur Lake.
Leave—†6:00 am., †9:30 am., †4:25 pm. Sunday only.
Arrive—†8:15 am., †12:40 pm., *7:10 pm. Daily.

IRON MOUNTAIN ROUTE.

Columbus Accommodation	† 8:02 am	† 6:45 pm
Little Rock, Hot Springs, Dallas and Ft. Worth Express	†10:00 am	† 6:10 pm
Hot Springs and Memphis Spec	† 7:40 pm	† 7:00 am
Texas Special to Dallas, Galveston, San Antonio, New Orleans and City of Mexico	† 8:15 pm	† 7:25 am
El Paso & California Express	† 9:30 pm	† 6:05 am

TOL., ST. L. & KAN. CITY R. R. (Clover Leaf Route.)

Mail and Express	† 7:35 am	* 6:15 pm
Toledo Night Express	† 6:45 pm	† 8:00 am

ST. LOUIS & SAN FRANCISCO R. R.

Valley Park Accommodation	* 7:00 am	* 6:45 am
Valley Park Accommodation	† 8:00 am	† 7:40 am
Kansas & Colorado Mail	† 8:25 am	† 6:20 pm
Arkansas & Texas Vestibuled	† 8:25 am	† 6:30 pm
Valley Park Accommodation	* 9:00 am	†10:30 am
Valley Park Accommodation	† 1:00 pm	* 1:35 pm
Valley Park Accommodation	† 4:00 pm	† 4:15 pm
Pacific Accommodation	* 5:25 pm	* 8:35 am
Valley Park Accommodation	† 6:30 pm	† 6:00 pm
Col. & Cal. Express	† 8:30 pm	† 6:50 am
Ark. & Texas Express	† 8:30 pm	† 6:50 am

ST. LOUIS & HANNIBAL R. R.

Mail and Express	* 8:30 am	*11:00 am
Mail and Express	* 4.30 pm	* 6:25 pm

ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN R. R.

Cotton Belt Express	† 8:02 am	† 6:15 pm
St. Louis and Waco Express	† 9:30 pm	† 6:15 pm

ST. LOUIS, ALTON & SPRINGF'D. (Bluff Line—via Big Four.)

Jerseyville & Springfield Exp.	† 4:20 pm	† 1:30 pm
Piasa Bluffs Special	† 5:55 pm	† 8:35 am

CHICAGO, PEORIA & ST. LOUIS. (J. S. E. Line.)

Peoria and Springfield Mail	7:45 am	7:10 pm
Springfield Express	* 4:45 pm	*11:10 am
Peoria Special	8:25 pm	6:55 am

CAIRO SHORT LINE.

New Orleans, Memphis and Cairo "Fast Mail"	† 7:40 am	† 6:45 pm
Paducah, Metropolis and Murphysboro Express	† 7:40 am	† 6:45 pm
Memphis and Cairo Fast Line	† 7:30 pm	† 7:30 am
New Orleans Limited	† 7:30 pm	*11:50 am
Parker City, Creal Springs & Cape Girardeau Express	* 7:40 am	*11:50 am
Sparta Express	* 7:40 am	* 7:30 am
Sparta, Chester and Murphysboro, Parker City, Cairo Exp.	* 4:25 pm	*11:30 am
Sparta and Chester Express	* 7:40 am	* 6:45 pm
Cairo, Carbondale and Parker City Express	* 4:25 pm	*11:50 am

ST. LOUIS, KAN. CITY & COL. R. R.

Union Accommodation	* 6:00 am	* 6:00 pm
Creve Cœur Accommodation	* 9:20 am	* 1:40 pm
Union Express	* 4:50 pm	† 8:30 am
Creve Cœur Accommodation		† 4:30 pm

LOUISVILLE, EVANS. & ST. LOUIS (Air Line.)

Louisville Vestibule	† 8:20 am	† 7:22 am
Belleville Accommodation	* 8:15 am	* 7:56 am
Belleville Accommodation	* 8:50 am	* 8:52 am
Belleville Accommodation	*10:35 am	*10:24 am
Belleville Accommodation	* 3:40 pm	* 1:52 pm
Belleville Accommodation	* 5:25 pm	* 5:16 pm
Louisville Mail and Express	† 8:10 pm	† 7:28 pm

MOBILE & OHIO RAILROAD.

New Orleans Express	† 8:35 pm	† 7:05 am
Mobile & Florida Express	† 8:35 pm	† 7:05 am
Cairo, Sparta, Chester, Murphysboro & Cape Girardeau and Jackson Express	† 7:20 am	† 6:55 pm
Murphysboro, Sparta, Chester and Cape Girardeau Accom	* 4:30 pm	*12:10 pm

LEAVING OTHER DEPOTS.

WABASH SUBURBAN. Olive Street Station.

Bridgeton Accommodation	* 6:50 am	* 8:45 am
Ferguson Accommodation	* 8:50 am	* 6:40 am
Ferguson Accommodation	*10:45 am	*10:30 am
Ferguson Accommodation	* 1:35 pm	* 1:30 pm
Bridgeton Accommodation	* 4:15 pm	* 3:00 pm
St. Charles Accommodation	* 5:40 pm	* 8:00 am
Ferguson Accommodation	* 6:20 pm	* 6:10 pm
Ferguson (Fri. and Sat. only)	11:30 pm	7:30 pm
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	8:55 am	8:45 am
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	1:35 pm	10:25 am
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	2:45 pm	2:30 pm
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	6:45 pm	5:30 pm

BURLINGTON—St. L., K. & N. W. Broadway Station.

In effect Sunday, Oct. 21.

For Alton—Leave *6:20 a. m., †8:30 a. m., †11:00 a. m., †3:00 p. m., *5:00 p. m., †6:00 p. m., 7:00 p. m. except Sunday and Friday, 11:20 p. m. Friday only.

From Alton—Arrive *8:00 a. m., †8:40 a. m., †11:32 a. m., †1:45 p. m., *4:45 p. m., †6:40 p. m., *7:25 p. m.

For Orchard Farm and Old Monroe—Leave *3:00 p. m.

From Orchard Farm and Old Monroe—Arrive 11:32 a. m. except Sunday and Monday, 8:40 a. m. Monday only.

ST. LOUIS & EASTERN RAILWAY. From Dickson and Collins Street Station.

Carbon Accommodation	6:20 am	3:35 pm
Marine Accommodation	4:10 pm	8:10 am

IRON MOUNTAIN SUBURBAN. Depot 4th and Chouteau av.

Arcadia Accommodation	† 4:30 pm	† 9:40 am
De Soto Accommodation	* 5:50 pm	* 8:25 am

CARONDELET TRAINS.
Daily Except Sunday.
Leave—6:35, 7:55, 9:15 am; 12:05, 3:30, 5:15, 7:35 pm; Friday only, 11:30 pm.
Arrive—6:30, 7:40, 8:50, 10:35 am; 1:33, 4:50, 6:15 pm; Friday only, 7:35 pm.

MO., KAN., & TEXAS RY. Second and Mullanphy Streets.

Boonville, Sedalia, Clinton, Ft. Scott, Parsons and Indian Territory Express	9:30 am	5:30 pm
Ft. Worth, Dallas, Taylor, Waco and Austin Express	11:20 pm	5:30 pm
Ft. Worth, Dallas, San Antonio and Galveston Express	9:30 am	5:30 pm
St. Charles, Sedalia, Ft. Scott and Denison Express	11:30 pm	5:30 am

BLUFF LINE. ST. LOUIS, CHICAGO & ST. PAUL

Depot—Broadway and Mullanphy st.

Mail	† 6:00 pm	†11:32 am
St. Louis Express		* 7:25 pm
Springfield Express	* 6:20 am	
Jerseyville Flyer		* 8:40 am
Grafton Accommodation	* 5:00 pm	
Mixed	* 8:30 am	* 1:45 pm

The wants of mankind, to hire and to wive,
To buy and to sell, to swap and thrive—
A list of them even the boldest daunts,
But they're named and filled in the P.-D. WANTS.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

PUBLISHED BY
THE PULITZER PUBLISHING CO.
JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

TERMS—CITY EDITION.

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All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed
POST-DISPATCH,
513 Olive st.

TELEPHONE NUMBERS.

Editorial Rooms.....4085
Business Office.....4084

New York Bureau, Room 86, Pulitzer Building, Max H. Fischer, Manager.

Mr. Reed with a policy of "broad conservatism" would be funnier than ever.

Between gout and Gorman the President will not have a perfect Thanksgiving.

The Princeton-Yale game will be fought to a finish unless the police interfere.

The Transmississippi Congress is evidence enough that the West is in no trance.

There is talk of a protest from the prize ring against the brutalities of the football gridiron.

It is pleasant to note that Wall Street has agreed to take less than 3 per cent interest on the Government's gold.

St. Louis cannot reap the full benefits of her excellent location until she has an adequate afternoon train service.

The explanation concerning the increase in the cost of the City Hall should be made before a Council Investigation Committee.

A renewal of railway building is said to be at hand. When it is not followed by railway stock watering, railway building is a great blessing.

If there shall ever come a time when New York bankers cannot play with the Treasury, what will they do for amusement and pocket money?

We have had a show of pure food at Armory Hall. Now for a show of pure food on our tables. Let the Retail Grocers' Association look to that.

If the movement of the local cyclists to secure better streets brings results it will go a long way to elevate wheeling in public esteem. It will be regarded as a public blessing.

If the most highly educated men in England drop their g's, and the least educated drop their h's, the British nation may in time find a way to do without the rest of the alphabet.

Hopeful people think they see an American silver lining to the Eastern war cloud. We have enough of this good metal to line the war clouds of Asia and Europe for a century to come.

That pure, clear water which Water Commissioner Holman says St. Louis may have—what a boon it would be. In securing this blessing for St. Louis Mr. Holman can win everlasting gratitude.

Japan's wonderful military progress may one day make trouble for Europeans. When a nation learns that it has become formidable in war it is too often inclined to undertake military enterprises.

As the parent of the Committee of Public Safety the Noonday Club should contribute liberally to its support. A generous example would have a good effect on other citizens interested in the work of catching the election rascals.

The name of that distinguished financier, Mr. Zimri Dwiggins, does not appear in the list of bidders for the new bonds. Dwiggins evidently has something better on hand than putting gold into the Treasury and drawing it out again.

Why did Mr. Carlisle object to the presence of more than two members of the press at the reading of the bond proposals. Are not two reporters as dangerous to great national secrets, which the public has a right to know, as a score of them could be?

Secretary Morton thinks he has saved $600,000 in the Agricultural Department in the past year. The Republicans have great hopes of getting the benefit of Democratic savings. They have all Col. Fred Grant's belief that a surplus can be easily scattered.

There were only thirteen States to keep up the fight against oppression in the first days of the Republic. Let the thirteen Northern Democrats in the new House remember this and take heart. Thirteen States and thirteen statesmen may do much in a just cause.

Bellamy Storer is looking back toward the scheme that left him out of Congress in a year when any member of his party could have been elected. There may be a good deal of Republican fun in Ohio before Mr. McKinley writes his acceptance of a presidential nomination.

In the Yale-Harvard football game Brightington's collar bone was broken, Murphy, leg bleeding and insensible from a punch in his stomach; Brewer was retired by a physician's order, and there was a report that Hinckey had died of his injuries. This delightful college pastime is likely to give us almost as many cripples as a little war.

The World finds that in the ten States from which official election returns have been received the Democratic vote decreased 554,000, while the Republican vote in the same States in 1890 fell off 594,000, a difference of 40,000 in favor of the Democrats. When Mr. Harrison could find no name adequate to describe the result in 1894, he had evidently forgotten something of what occurred in 1890.

DOWN WITH SECTIONALISM.

The Trans-Mississippi Congress, which meets in this city to-day, is an evidence, to make serious use of a flippant phrase, that the great West feels its oats. It marks both the consciousness and the public assertion that the seat of political empire has moved into the Mississippi Valley.

But this organization of Western forces in the interests of the West was not originated as and should not be allowed to become a movement to promote sectional ends at the expense of the rest of the country. It represents, rather, a protest against sectionalism prompted by a conviction that the West has been sacrificed by the selfish domination of Eastern influences for purely Eastern ends in Federal legislation. Feeling its new strength, the West is beginning to assert its rights and to insist that there shall be no discrimination against its interests.

It is of the utmost importance that this attitude be maintained in the work of the congress. Strenuous efforts will certainly be made to use the congress as the instrument of personal and sectional ends. In so far as they are successful will the influence of the organization be weakened and its work impaired. The interests of the whole country are indissolubly bound together and one cannot flourish at the expense of another without disaster to all in the end. The West cannot better signalize its grasp of political empire than by re-establishing justice in the government.

The leading spirits of the West who will control the work of the Trans-Mississippi Congress should keep this end in view and take a firm stand against any form of sectionalism.

COMMISSION LEGISLATION.

There is an insistant demand in some quarters that the tariff question and the money question be taken out of politics and placed in the hands of commissions so as to remove them from the uncertainties of the popular will.

There can be no objection to the appointment of a commission to consider and report upon either of these or any other great question connected with government and the national welfare. In fact, careful investigation and deliberation—more searching and profound than Congress can give in the turmoil of legislation—is necessary to secure the best results. Mr. Cleveland's reported intention of suggesting a currency commission to frame a financial system for the consideration of Congress is to be commended.

But there is great objection to the turning over any public question to a commission for settlement. The tariff and money questions are the politics of the country. They vitally affect the welfare of the people. How vitally may be judged by the disastrous effects of wrongs and blunders in tariff and money legislation. No commission can be entrusted with questions of such importance, and the disposition to favor the commission method is found only among the men whose associations and interests lead them to fear that the people will not submit to legal oppression and class domination.

This is not a government by commission but by the people. The concerns of government cannot be taken out of the immediate control of the people without a revolution in the form of government. But, fortunately, there is little likelihood that the people will consent to have any part of the power exercised by them through their representatives in Congress delegated to an irresponsible body of commissioners.

THE GARB MASCULINE.

Those nervous people who have been apprehensive of revolution in feminine attire beyond what bicycling has called for have really little reason to suppose that women will ever adopt the complete masculine garb. The masculine garment, whether it be the coat, the vest or the trousers, is a failure, and there is not the slightest likelihood that any woman would consent to appear in any complete male attire after a little experience with the unsatisfactory wardrobe of a man.

What would a woman feel on discovering that after wearing her new coat a week the lining had dropped a quarter of an inch below the tails? What would she do when her coat-sleeves began to crawl up to her shoulders? And how would she endure the wrinkles in her waistcoat? The task of pulling down her vest would not only be more disagreeable than that of grabbing her skirts, but it would be so ungraceful that no woman would think of repeating it. As to trousers, so absurdly ugly and unmanageable a garment would hardly be tolerated by any woman, however progressive or extravagant her ideas might be.

There are girls who look very pretty in men's caps, and who wear them often, but if they were aware that this sort of headgear is productive of thin hair and baldness, no doubt the cap would soon disappear. There is really nothing in male attire that is desirable for either man or woman. It is only his poverty of invention that has kept man in coats and trousers. He will discard them the moment he finds something better.

A TIMELY OPPORTUNITY.

It is urged that Congress cannot honorably compel the five civilized tribes of Indian Territory to exchange tribal government and communal holding of land for territorial government and land allotment on account of treaty obligations which assure permanence to present Indian conditions.

Honor has counted for little in our dealings with the Indians, but fortunately in this case it is not necessary to appeal to our record of dishonor to excuse Congressional interference. The Dawes commission points out that the obligation of the Indian treaties is no longer binding upon the Government, because the Indian authorities have violated them. These treaties were in the nature of a trust, the conditions of which were the maintenance of law and order and the preservation of the benefits of common lands to all the Indians.

This trust has been violated. The territory has been given over to lawlessness. Tribal government is a farce as far as the maintenance of order is concerned, and is effectual only for the purpose of securing the lion's share of the common property for the leaders who control it. The mass of the Indians are stripped of the benefits of communal lands and tribal government by sharpers.

The meeting of the Transmississippi Congress is a timely opportunity for a concerted movement to secure relief from the intolerable conditions existing in the Indian Territory. It should demand of Congress and especially of Western Representatives prompt action on this question. It is not a sectional demand, because the whole country is interested in having lawlessness suppressed and progressive conditions established in the Indian country.

J. Edward Addicks, the supposed next Senator from Delaware, is said to be a blooming Britisher, so far as an American can be. His monocle, his pronunciation and his manner of parting his hair are all English, and it is likely that the London papers will all comment at length on his election, should it come about.

If for no other reason Gibbon would be immortal because his work chanced to be the one Mr. Boffin selected, and with which Silas Wegg declined and fell off so regularly. Indeed, Silas Wegg and Edward Gibbon are both immortal, and need no centennials to perpetuate their fame.

If the Chicago escaped-convict cabman having given himself up, can show a clean record through the time of the World's Fair he should have a pardon. An honest cabby with a Chicago environment and an international exposition to overcome deserves his freedom.

If students are not to be allowed to rattle around in the New York theaters this winter and break up the performances, it will be a great deprivation. What a pity these young men have not some good hard work to hold them down.

Butch McCarver, the Tennessee witness, is not only a disciple of Col. Bob Ingersoll, but he is a master of the game of craps. It is hardly likely that Butch will commit suicide so long as he is a steady winner.

Doctors out Kansas City way appear to be emptying cemeteries as well as filling them. Indeed, both processes are necessary to the advancement of medical science.

A great mathematician has just passed away in Washington. His death may possibly have been hastened by the discouraging figures of the recent election.

Sarah Bernhardt is now a chevalier of the Legion of Honor, but if she is no fatter than she used to be her charger will not grow swaybacked in her service.

There is a hateful Russian law that forbids a man who is more than 80 years old to marry. Cupid in Russia is doubtless a Nihilist.

A magazine poet writes of the echoing shout of the woodman's ax. Perhaps the woodman was at work on a "holler" tree.

President Cleveland will partake of a bronze turkey on Thanksgiving, but it will not come from Wolfert's Roost.

Col. Butler thinks that 1,000 protesting ladies are only a few. His idea of numbers is as vague as his sense of smell.

It is a great shame if Missouri Republicans anywhere voted ex-convicts in a year so favorable to the G. O. P.

As the Japs captured 10,000 tons of coal at Port Arthur they are to some extent ready for the Chinese winter.

Oddly enough, since Tammany got it in the neck, it is talking of making Judge Truax its leader.

Bank Book-keeper Seely's skeleton ledger for depositors proved a sure anti-fat for their accounts.

Treloar, tra la; tre la, Treloar;
Did ever a statesman sing before?

Missouri's bicycle climate is worth millions to the wheel trade.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

(No matter written on both sides of the sheet can appear under this head.)—ED.

(Bear in mind that it is against our rule to print any letter sent to this office unaccompanied by name and residence of writer.)

The Odoriferous River.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

While driving yesterday through Forest Park I could not help reflecting on the greatness of this city—this metropolis—yea, the capital of the new "Western Empire," and as I mused (and smelt) I thought that our Entertainment Committee should not fail to take the Trans-Mississippi Congressional delegates for a drive to this beautiful park.

Let them linger on the banks of the River des Peres, that stream of putrescent filth, and while they sniff its aromatic stench, let them be told that this is the principal pleasure ground for the people of this great and wonderful city.

Let it also be explained that this city enjoys facilities for drainage, perhaps, equal to any other city in the world, and I am sure that the delegates will immediately experience an increase of their respect for the greatness, grandeur and importance of St. Louis.

A SUBSCRIBER.

St. Louis, Nov. 24, 1894.

Theater Prices.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

For the past two weeks Mr. Short, Manager of the Olympic Theater, has condescended to advertise in the daily papers the prices charged at his theater. Will you kindly lend your assistance in getting him to continue the good work, and also to induce the managers of the other theaters to do the same. Of course no one denies the right of these managers to advance prices whenever they please, but it is certainly unfair to do so without notice and compel people to go to the box-office to find it out.

SUBSCRIBER.

The cremationists will perhaps find another argument in the fact that the Italian earthquakes have been upheaving the dead bodies of the cemeteries.

AT THE THEATERS.

The "1492" at the Olympic an Inferior Attraction.

After a much heralded and most successful run in New York "1492" has finally been seen in St. Louis. It was produced last night at the Olympic, and if the truth must be told it was certainly a disappointment. There was nothing in it of surpassing merit. There is no costuming or scenery to speak of, no especial amount of talent, only a few new songs or dances, and it does not deserve to be seen in such a house as the Olympic The "1492" of last night is not the "1492" which set New York agog. It does not contain the same people, its members have been reduced, and what merit the first production may have had is certainly not seen in this one.

Although the piece is billed as being under the personal supervision of E. E. Rice, Jefferson, Klaw & Erlanger are its managers, and it looks as though they were merely paying the old-time manager of "Evangeline" for the use of his name with which to hoodwink the public. This company has been touring through the South and there have been a number of complaints about its character. They seem to have been just. Messrs. Jefferson, Klaw & Erlanger may think it very shrewd to show here with a second rate attraction on the strength of a first-class reputation of another man, but from the reception given their show last night it would hardly seem that they can be successful.

"1492" is a burlesque on the discovery of America by Columbus. The first scene represents the great discoverer at the court of Ferdinand and Isabella, Ferdinand having a tremendous jag on. Columbus is chased across the ocean by means of stereopticon views to this continent, where he discovers New York in full bloom, and in this manner the opportunity is given to burlesque the fads and fancies of the present day.

Will H. Sloan, the principal comedian, was not a success. As Ferdinand he was bad enough, but in his tramp act he was worse. His gags were old enough to know better. Ross Snow as the Royal Treasurer did much better, showing himself possessed of a good voice and a fair amount of talent. Mark Smith in the part of Isabella gave a good female impersonation. There were a few good songs and dances, but otherwise there were no features worthy of special mention.

The New "Dazzler" at the Hagan.

An entirely new "Dazzler" appeared yesterday at the Hagan, one worthy of no mean amount of praise. The piece has been so rewritten by Frank Tannehill, Jr., as to be entirely unrecognizable. There are new lines, new jokes, new situations and new faces. The plot of the piece, of course, amounts to nothing, but many of the lines are good and the work of the company excellent. Charles Wayne as Ezekiel Pipes is a good deal of a comedian. He has comical mannerisms, sings fairly well and showed himself to be one of the limberest eccentric dancers on the stage. Florrie West, the Dazzler, is a bright-eyed, trim little soubrette with more magnetism than voice. The former quality, however, made her a go with the audience. One of the cleverest and most original specialties seen this season was done by Ralston and Mason. Ralston is a funny little 3-foot dwarf; Mason is 6 feet tall. Their quarrel was very rich and made a great hit. There are a number of clever specialties, among which was the violin playing of the DeWitt sisters

Pope's Holiday Bill.

"The French Spy" was the dramatic offering at Pope's yesterday, and received a special production this being Thanksgiving week. Special scenery was in evidence, and the piece showed the effects of the unusual pains taken with it. The Two Judges were the features of the olio. Yesterday they made their first appearance in this country since their tour of Europe. The others in the olio were the Tybells in their breakaway ladderact; Bessie Phillips, clever song and dance artist; Lew H. Carroll, comedian; Mamie Conway, soubrette; Daisy Mayer, with her pickaninnies; Alice Sabion and her miniature theater, and Gertrude Reynolds, the dancer.

Helene Mora at the Standard.

The great female baritone, Helene Mora, assisted by Hyde comedians, succeeded yesterday in filling the Standard as it has not been filled this season. Miss Mora is a great favorite here, as she is in most cities, and her reception was very flattering. She was encored again and again, and was presented with a magnificent floral harp by some of her admirers. The vaudeville company assisting her is a strong one, containing among others Filsen and Errol, Forbes and Quinn, Hart and Walters, Ray and Sherwood, all of whom gave good performances.

The "Spider and Fly."

The "Spider and Fly," rich in stage settings, costumes and pretty, well-shaped girls, came to Havlin's yesterday and played to two packed houses. Much that was displayed in this time-honored old piece was new and worthy of praise. New scenery has been procured by Manager Leavitt, new songs have been introduced and the lines brought up to date. The company contains some good voices and a week's prosperous run is assured.

Sol. Smith Russell To-Night.

Sol Smith Russell will appear to-night at the Grand in his old-time favorite, "Peaceful Valley." In addition to presenting "A Poor Relation" later in the week he will also be seen as Mr. Pangloss in "The Heir at Law."

Sale for the Choral Symphony.

The sale of sets for the Thanksgiving concert of the Choral Symphony Society commenced this morning at Bollmann Bros., 1100 Olive street. The prospects for a good house are excellent.

Neglected When Deserve Neglect.

It is her own fat if a woman is unloved and neglected. 'Tis a harsh statement to make, but is a fit. Mortal man is a weakling who can no more resist kindness than a rose can resist thsun. It is weak, helpless woman's duty to make herself attractive and pretty in the very teeth of defeat, and to make herself agreable to everyone in the very face of discouragement. Call it hypocrisy, tact, finesse or by any other name, but she must turn inhe edges, and make allies instead of antagonists of the people about her. Spotless neatness, becoming feminine attire, truth, kimess, cheerfulness, love, and the loyalty that restrains her from speaking ill of he neighbors will make any woman lovely, even though she lacks beauty.

Cured Oysters.

Take a pint of oysters, have a white sauce made of an ounce of butter, half an ounce of flour to each half-pint of water and a spoonful of cream. Add flavor to taste with curry, salt and pepper. When smooth and boiling, add the oysters, letting them get boiling, but not through without boiling, thoroughly heated through without boiling. Serve on toast.

HE WANTS TO KNOW.

Charley Daly Asks if a Foot Ball Player Can Be a Gentleman.

The following remarkable communication was received this morning at the Post-Dispatch office. It speaks for itself and is printed without comment:

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

I don't carry a hammer around to knock other folks' game, but I want to place myself on record as saying that prize-fighting or boxing ain't as brutal or dangerous as the foot ball I saw played at Sportsman's Park Saturday. I have been in the fighting business as principal, second or backer for many years, and I have seen just one Rugby game, and they tell me that was a tame one. No players were killed or seriously hurt, but it's a mystery to me how they escaped. Twenty-two husky, long-haired middle and welterweights mixed it up lively for two and one-half hours. They didn't hit with the hands only three or four times, but I saw the strangle hold used several times, and it was a part of the play for the push to pile up on one fellow and trample and stamp the unfortunate cuss as he laid there helpless under something like two tons of beef. Their heads would come together or they'd strike their nuts against the shin-guards which all wore, and you could hear them go "biff." When the king bee would run with the ball, the gang would chase him. Some were trying to keep the other side back by crossing them, bumping into them, and taking chances I'd never go against. I saw one of them jump over five feet in the air, grab another round the neck with a strangle hold and down him. It was always the same thing after a play. There was a pile up, and sometimes it was two minutes before they would break away. I saw poor devils lying on the ground in pain, with no doctor or experienced person to help them. I'd think the poor fellow was done for, and many times I counted ten before the knocked-out fellow would get up, but instead of this settling it, the others would wait until he'd come around, and they'd send him up against it again. Then they'd buck the center. Excuse me, but I don't want a gang showing me where I'm likely to get killed or done up. There was no chance to quit. The inside fellows were where they had to be mashed and slugged. I saw foul striking and unfair dealing every few minutes.



Charles Daly.

In the ring it's man against man, with no unfair tactics allowed. When a fighter is knocked down, he's not jumped on and trampled. The other fellow has got to go to his corner and stay there until the worsted one is on his feet or is counted out. Between rounds the seconds attend to their man and do all they can to help by advice and care. There's no such brutality and want of feeling as in foot ball games. Yet when Con Riordan dies from a blow from Fitzsimmons while they were boxing, you hear nothing but the "brutal thugs and law-breakers." Fitz is arrested and has to give bail. When J. F. O'Brien was killed some time ago while playing in a game of foot ball at Manhattan College no arrest was made. It was all an accident. Nobody was to blame. In the game between Harvard and Yale, eight men were brutally hurt, so the Post-Dispatch said. One is in the hospital and the doctor says he'll be lucky if he don't have concussion of the brain. Another had his collar-bone broken. Nobody has been run in for it, but what a beef would have been made had they been hurt in the ring. It ain't a square deal. I'll admit that some fighters are not staked with too much beauty when they come into the world, but you don't catch 'em handicapping what they have by wearing Buffalo Bull hair. These gridiron heroes are the sons of rich men, who are careful to have horses' tails docked. Why they let their flesh and blood go about with a growth of hair that makes them look like human chrysanthemums, I can't tumble to. There were some ladies present who clapped their hands while I was shivering for fear some fellow was killed in a scrimmage. I am told that foot ball ain't as rough as it was, but I want to say that if the bouncer at 602 Market street should use tactics I saw the players use at Sportsman's Park, he'd have to hunt another job.

Now, what I want to know is: Can a foot ball player be a gentleman? Of course I ain't got no opinion about it myself, as it is information I am after.

CHARLES DALY, Pugilist.

FROM THE NOTE BOOKS.

Interesting Incidental Sketches of the Daily Work of Newsgathering.

GOV. STONE RECOVERING.—When Gov. Stone was here last, someone in a crowd of Laclede Hotel chairwarmers asked about the state of his political health.

"I am just beginning to discover where I am at," his excellency replied, passing his hand slowly across his eyes. "For two weeks I have felt sort of dazed like, as though I had got shut up in a folding-bed."

IN HARD LUCK.—Capt. Nate Carlin of the East St. Louis Jockey Club has a tale of woe that rarely fails to excite sympathy from a friend. Recently the Captain's finely bred pointer gave birth to a pair of pups, and their owner was offered $100 apiece for them by a local canine fancier. Capt. Carlin's kennel is located in the front part of his cellar and the mother, with her pups, was comfortably ensconced there the other afternoon when the coalman drove up with his load. It was the winter supply, amounting to over 100 bushels, and, not thinking of the dogs, Mrs. Carlin told the coalman to dump the load into the cellar through the front way. This he proceeded to do, with the aid of a funnel, and inside of five minutes the whole load was in the cellar on top of the dogs. When Capt. Carlin came home that night with another anxious buyer for his pups it can be imagined how he felt when he went down into the cellar, only to find his valued pointers under a mountain of coal.

PURELY BUSINESS.—"A successful hotel man watches his back door," said Col. John D. Hopkins, "but the manager of a theater must have an eye on the front of his house. That is why I am generally on the sidewalk during the evening. It is a mistake to conclude that I am doing the statue act. Some of my friends twit me and pass jests at my expense, but they do not realize the importance of a vigilant sentinel in front of a place of amusement."

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

G. A. B.—Nov. 22, 1830, fell on a Tuesday.

DORA.—Inquire at some theatrical school.

LUCY.—A scarf pin, sleeve buttons or any similar present will answer.

M. S. G.—An officer is not allowed to use his club except in cases of necessity. Report him.

SUBSCRIBER.—We do not know of any Government rewards for a perpetual motion machine.

SUBSCRIBER.—Ada Reban appeared about twelve years ago at Uhrig's Cave in "The Passing Regiment."

ASTRONOMER.—The moon and stars have no light of their own. They merely reflect the light of the sun.

M. D.—Your question is not clear. Do you mean that the parties after being married separated without obtaining a divorce? If so, there is no necessity for them to remarry.

IS IT STRAIGHT FROM JAPAN?

Not at All; It Is Only a Late Novelty of the Millinery World.

The toque which is most odd is the toque of the hour. Something novel in the extreme is shown in the Japanese toque. It is a bit trying in effect and should never be worn by a woman more than 25 years of age.

Velvet is used for the crown. Any bright shade is suitable. Perhaps cerise is the most fashionable. The velvet is arranged in a soft frill near the hair and is somewhat puffed toward the center of the crown. Jet fans of decidedly Japanese shape give the toque its air of oddity. They start toward the front and are arranged in such a way that the top of one is just visible behind the other.

Wings of white lace, with the designs worked in jet, add to the effect of the toque. They are caught at the back of the hat and are separated by a white feathery aigrette.

THE LATEST SLIPPERS.

They Have Succumbed to the Fashionable Perforated Craze.

Evening slippers have succumbed to the perforated craze.

Slippers of black patent leather have the toe pierced with holes, showing a bright color beneath. Scarlet, cerise and the new greens are the most effective for the foundation color. Black suede slippers with a patent leather tip and vamp are adorned with a rosette of bright gauze. These slippers are for informal occasions and the rosette matches in color the stock worn.

Black and white slippers are still the vogue. The latest are of black suede perforated, showing white kid beneath and adorned with a rosette of white and silver gauze sprayed with jet. Suede ties, matching in color the gown worn, are the proper thing for evening wear.

Gloves of the Season.

Even the new glove boasts of Van Dyke points. Gloves of light tinted suede have the cuff formed of inserted black Van Dyke points. They are striking for theater wear when worn with a bodice with three-quarter length sleeves. For full-dress occasions the long, plain suede glove is worn. It should exactly match in color the tint of the gown. Castor and deerskin gloves are for street wear. Shades of brown and gaze red are popular. All have big buttons.

WHAT-NOT CORNER



A Pleasant Fancy.

THE WORLD OF INDUSTRY.

In Victoria, Australia, tobacco has been raised successfully as an experiment. It is now proposed to grow it on a commercial scale. The seed used is that of the Virginia or Connecticut variety, as the Havana tobacco is not hardy enough for that climate.

More than half the world's supply of tin is mined in the Straits' settlement, at the tip of the Malay peninsula. The output in 1891 was 36,661 tons out of a total of 57,551 tons; 12,106 tons came from the Dutch East Indies, chiefly from the Island of Banka, leaving only 8,384 tons for the rest of the world.

Liquid fuel is being tried at the central station of the City of Bath Electric Lighting Co. Various liquids are being tested in different forms of injectors. At first trouble was experienced from the smoke emitted, but this difficulty has now been overcome, and a long series of tests are in progress, the results of which will be looked forward to with great interest.

It is proposed to make the port of Bristol, England, accessible to transatlantic vessels at all times by damming the River Avon at its mouth and using locks. According to the plans of the engineers a constant depth of 32 feet can be obtained and the necessary docks and breakwaters constructed for $11,000,000.

Photography in the Foundry.

Although photography plays a useful part in engineering, it has not hitherto been turned to advantage in the foundry. Now, however, an American foundry has found it advantageous to make use of the camera for several purposes. Thus, if in machining a blowhole has been brought to light in a steel casting received from another concern, it is photographed, and the picture showing this defect proves to the works who furnished the casting that it was imperfect, as clearly as if they had the casting at hand to examine it for themselves.—Invention.

Ingenuity of a Michigander.

Michigan is to be credited with a genius who has designed an ingenious combination of a kitchen table and flour bin. The table looks like an ordinary kitchen table with two flaps. The front cleats are so adapted as to engage or combine with the front bar of the table, the front arms having their lower ends pivoted to the end of the bins at or near the center, and their upper ends pivoted to the table near the front thereof. By this means the flour bin can be moved out and made ready for use if necessary or returned under the table and quite hidden from view when not required.

The Lullaby.

There can be no doubt that if the lullaby was not in advance of the war song it was at least contemporaneous with it. Mr. Mason tells of the low, sweet chant of the Zuni mother and her quaint baby songs. In making their bread he mentions the imitative power of the native women, who sing notes and words which are made to sound like their hand stones working on the mealing stones.

The Forth Bridge Traffic.

About 200 trains pass over the bridge, we understand, during every twenty-four hours.

FROM THE THEATER OF WAR.

Cleveland *Plain-Dealer*—Mikado: "Hold on, hold on: Why don't you stand and fight like a man?"

Li Hung: "Heh! Me no lecognize you."

Mikado: "You won't?"

Li Hung: "No; you not in my class."

Mikado: "But I can whip you, land and sea, horse and foot, stinkpot and dragons."

Li Hung: "Me no lecognize you. Go makee lecoid. Go whippe Sam Yankee, John Bull, Bill Kaisel, then come me. You not in my class."

And Li Hung defiantly fled.

Town Topics—With feverish haste Li Hung Chang scanned the latest royal edict.

"Thank joss," he murmured when he had finished.

He turned with streaming eyes to his valet.

"No," he icily exclaimed, "you needn't look for my collar button further. Let—"

For the first time in years the viceroy spoke as one free from cares.

—"it go."

Horse Power.

A correspondent writes the Post-Dispatch this on the subject of horse power: The unit of work is the labor required to raise one pound through the space of one foot. Thus if a man takes one pound weight in his hand and raise it one foot he will perform one unit of work; if he raise it 2 feet he will perform two units of work, and so on. Watt made the horse power 3,300 units or pounds. The laboring force assigned by Watts to a horse has been found by more recent experiments to be considerably too much. The number of 2,200 pounds appears to be about the work a horse of average strength will perform per minute. However, the number 3,300 units of work is still retained in England by the engineers as the unit of a horse power. It is important to observe that the laboring force of animals varies very much with the manner in which their muscular strength is exerted, and also with the speed at which they labor.

A Census of Worms.

In old pastures in England the worms are estimated at 22,000 to the acre, and as many as 54,000 in richly-cultivated gardens. Mr. Urquhart estimated the number of worms in the rich pasture lands near Auckland, New Zealand, at from 400,000 to 800,000 to the acre. Were it not for the earthworms soils would become barren, and half the world would die of starvation.

Utilizing Mountain Torrents.

The Canadian Pacific Railway Co. is arranging to adopt a system for moving trains over sections of the Rocky Mountains by the agency of water power, utilizing the streams that run down the precipices for this useful purpose.

Statistics of Space.

Taking the earth as the center of the universe and the polar star as the limit of our vision, the visible universe embraces an aerial space with a diameter of 420,000,000,000 miles and a circumference of 1,329,742,000,000 miles.

She Is in Mourning.

Fashion takes a cheerful view of illustrated grief, and those who mourn get gayer every season. Instead of crape, crepon is used with some lusterless jet and ungiazed ribbon and bobinet. The ribbon is put at half-mast on the skirt; the jet subdues the ambitious lapels of



the coat or jacket, and the net is fast into the demurest of neck wear. C bonnet or hat are pert copies of the that disfigure the public hearse. Morni vulgar parade, at best, and perhaps ha with all her frivolity, is unconsciously ing for good.

Ice Cream Cake.

Make good sponge cake, bake half an thick in jelly pans and let them get per cold. Take a pint of thickest cream, until it looks like ice cream, make very and flavor with vanilla; blanch and c pound almonds, stir into cream and p them between each layer. This ma of six cakes.

BLAND ON BONDS.

Issue Looks Like an Attempt to Force Congress

SUBSTITUTE A NEW SYSTEM OF CURRENCY FOR TREASURY NOTES.

Shall Control the Value and Volume the Money—Pointed Comments from the Great Apostles of the White Metal—Gov. Stone Despairs of Doing Good by Criticising.

[illegible] response to telegrams forwarded to R. P. Bland and Gov. Wm. J. Stone, [illegible]g an expression of Missouri Democratic opinion on the bond issue, the following were received by the Post-Dispatch:

LEBANON, Mo., Nov. 22, 1894.

[illegible]e Editor of the Post-Dispatch:
[illegible]gret my inability to sooner answer your tele[illegible]

[illegible]he Secretary of the Treasury would exercise [illegible]otion to pay out silver for greenbacks and [illegible]ury notes issued under the Sherman law there [illegible] be no drain of gold from the Treasury. [illegible] Government of France does this, and keeps [illegible]r money at par. This bond issue business looks like an attempt to force Congress to retire our Treasury notes and to substitute a system of national bank currency. The fight is still on between the advocates of the free coinage of silver as the true mode of currency reform and the adherents of the national banks. It is proposed by the latter to farm out to corporations the power to control the value and volume of money. Surely the money monopoly of this country now thinks it is in the saddle, but time will tell whether the people or monopoly are to rule this country. Yours truly,

R. P. BLAND.

From Gov. Stone.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Your telegram received. I am so much engaged that I have no time to preface what you want. Besides, I do not think it would do any good. Of course you must know that I am utterly opposed to the bond issues—of making the National Treasury a mere depository for national banks and putting it helpless in their power. I am equally opposed to turning the sovereign power of making money over to any corporation or putting the currency of the country entirely in the hands of the banks. Of course, as a Democrat, I must oppose all that. But then I do not care to go into the papers about it. Respectfully,

WM. J. STONE.

MISSOURI SUPREME COURT.

Long List of Opinions Handed Down by That Tribunal To-Day.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Nov. 26.—The following is a list of opinions handed down to-day in the Missouri Supreme Court:

By Black, C. J.:

James Clarkson et al., appellants, vs. Sarah Clark on, Mississippi County; action of ejectment reversed and remanded.

Ida E. Potter et al. vs. Howard and Frank Adams, Morgan County; action to recover possession of 120 acres of land; reversed and cause dismissed.

Martha J. Clow, appellant, vs. Elizabeth Champman, respondent; reversed and cause remanded.

State ex rel. Gibson, collector, vs. Charles Launsberry et al., appellant, Newton County; suit to enforce the State's lien for taxes; affirmed.

Wm. Dollarhide, plaintiff in error, vs. F. M. Mabary et al., defendants in error, Hickory County; action of ejectment; reversed and remanded.

James B. Evans, administrator of Geo. S. Park, appellant, vs. Samuel H. Graden, Platte County; suit over building contract; reversed and remanded.

By Brace:

G. B. Hitch, trustee, vs. J. E. Stonebraker's estate, appellant, St. Charles County; suit on bond; reversed.

Wm. Biffle vs. D. J. Pullans et al., appellant, Bollinger County; action of ejectment; affirmed.

John Catron, appellant, vs. Lafayette County; appeal from judgment of the court quashing a writ of execution issued on a judgment in favor of appellant against the county concerning bonds; reversed.

Geo. N. Nolan, administrator, vs. J. H. Johns et al.; action for damages; after four appeals to Appellate Court it is affirmed in this court.

John Oliver, appellant, vs. Charles W. Goetz et al., Franklin County; action of ejectment; judgment modified and affirmed.

Joseph Fischer, appellant, vs. Anton Sieckman, Warren County; action of ejectment; affirmed.

By McFarland:

The St. Louis, Hannibal & Kansas City Railway Co. vs. the Hannibal Union Depot Co. et al., appellant, Marion County; proceedings to condemn property in the City of Hannibal for union depot purposes; affirmed.

Miller vs. Wilson, Jackson County; suit in equity to cancel deed of trust; affirmed.

By Barclay:

Electric Street Service Co. et al., appellants, vs. Gill Alexander Electric Manufacturing Co.; suit for specific performance of contract for the transfer of patent rights; affirm[illegible].

Da[illegible] vs. Dailey, Holt County; affirmed.

New Madrid County vs. Harry Phillips, appellant; reversed and remanded.

St. Clair Land and Investment Co. vs. Martin; motion to affirm overruled.

Minto vs. Steele; affirmed.

MINOR PROCEEDINGS.

Missouri Railway Co. vs. Southern Railway Co.; appeal dismissed on stipulation.

Springfield Plumbing Co. vs. Conlon; appeal dismissed by appellant.

Hall vs. Schoneneker; motion to advance filed by appellant.

Rancht vs. Dawson; motion to affirm filed by respondent.

State ex rel. Laclede Gas-light Co. vs. Murphy; application for writ of mandamus filed.

State ex rel. Attorney General vs. Holmes et al.; repl[illegible] of relator filed; cause set for hearing at end of January call.

State ex rel. Govenino vs. Rombaner et al.; argue[illegible] and submitted.

Cornwe[illegible] vs. Orton; motion to transfer to court en banc filed.

Cornwe[illegible] vs. Wulf; motion for rehearing filed.

THOMSON'S BOND.

[illegible]atter Transferred to Judge Withrow's Court.

The application to compel John E. Thom[illegible] give a bond in the sum of $280,000 as [illegible] under the will of the Almon Thom[illegible] [illegible]e up before Judge Klein Monday [illegible]s transferred to Judge Withrow's [illegible]here the case of Thomson, et. al. [illegible]mson is pending. John E. Thomson [illegible]cutor and trustee under the Thom[illegible], and having settled up the estate [illegible]tor, he is called upon to give bond [illegible]tee. He is charged with making [illegible]orrect inventory, with using the [illegible]belonging to the trust estate for [illegible] purposes and with claiming the [illegible]o appropriate to his own use the [illegible]orpus of the estate. Judge With[illegible]dered the matter placed on the law [illegible]

Religious Notes.

[illegible]C. W. Blodgett, Galesburg, Ill., de[illegible] divorces, and showed that in Knox [illegible], during the year, there had been 343 [illegible]ges and 46 divorces. This is a higher [illegible]an prevails in Chicago.

[illegible]stian Workers, known as the School [illegible] Kingdom, are in convention in De[illegible] discussing the principles of applied [illegible]anity, with especial reference to civ[illegible]rms.

[illegible]ort (Ill.) Y. M. C. A. extinguished its debt with the help of numerous [illegible] of both sexes, who made a house[illegible]se canvass for funds.

[illegible] P. B. Miller immersed fifty-five [illegible] converts in Ouachita River at Arka[illegible], Ark., as the result of Evangelist [illegible] recent labors.

Crime in Brief.

[illegible] Nedrow of Peoria, Ill., was acquitted [illegible] charge of murderously assaulting [illegible] Scott, a popular traveling salesman [illegible]is Conklin of Roseland, who descend[illegible]m Secretary of the Christian Endeav[illegible]ciety of the Pleasantdale Church at [illegible]nd, N. J., to burglar and general ter[illegible] the space of four months, ending his [illegible] of crime by robbing his old pastor [illegible]nefactor of $108, is in jail.

[illegible]hal Ben P. Chatham and Deputy [illegible] D. C. Brewer of Carroll County, [illegible]went to Enon Church to arrest Claud [illegible] who was wanted at Monticello, Ark., [illegible]urder. Moss drew a pistol. A long [illegible]e resulted, in which he was slain by [illegible]cers.

MRS. W. H. PHELPS' DEATH.

She Jumps From a Rig and Fractures Her Skull.

Mrs. W. H. Phelps, the wife of Col. Phelps, the well-known railway attorney, who lives at 3963 West Belle place, met with a fatal accident on Sunday afternoon while out riding with her husband and their youngest boy, Willie. The party left the house about 4 o'clock and started east on West Belle place, Col. Phelps driving and his wife and boy occupying the rear seat.

Near Vandeventer avenue the horses became frightened just after passing the buggy of Dr. H. G. Mudd and became unmanageable, tearing up the street to the rear of Vandeventer place, where Mrs. Phelps became frightened and jumped from the drag. She landed on her feet, but was thrown backward and her head struck on the stone curb, fracturing the skull. Dr. Mudd and another gentleman picked her up and carried her into the house of Mr. Smith P. Galt, 63 Vandeventer place, where Dr. Charles E. Black was also summoned. Nothing could be done, however, as she expired in a few moments.

Col. Phelps and his son were carried on in the vehicle to Garrison and Easton avenues, where the horses were stopped. Returning at once to Mr. Galt's residence, the husband and little son were heart-broken to learn that Mrs. Phelps was dead.

Mrs. Phelps was Miss Lois Wilson of Northfield, O., and was 48 years old. She married Col. Phelps in February, 1868, and they have three children. Of these the oldest, Miss Helene, and the youngest, Willie, are at home, while the second daughter, Miss Florence, is at school in Washington, D. C. The funeral will be deferred until her arrival home.

Mrs. Phelps' mother and brother live at Carthage, Mo.

THE NEWS AT CARTHAGE.

CARTHAGE, Mo., Nov. 26.—The news of the tragic death of Mrs. W. H. Phelps in St. Louis yesterday has cast a gloom over the entire community, where she has so long lived and was prominent in charitable and church work, as well as social circles. The news of the death was announced from several pulpits last night. Mrs. Wilson, the aged mother of the unfortunate woman, is prostrated with grief and fears are entertained that the shock may take her life.

WILL BE PROSECUTED.

Recorder of Voter Higgins to Proceed Against Candidates.

Recorder of Voters Higgins is determined to enforce rigidly the law providing that candidates must file a statement of their election expenses. He says that all candidates, successful or otherwise, who do not file such statement before Dec. 6 will be prosecuted.

TO OPPOSE IT.

Moses Scharff, a Baker, Will Fight the Proposed Bread Ordinance.

The bread ordinance will be opposed in the Municipal Assembly by Moses Scharff, a miller. Mr. Scharff contends that the proposed bill is unconstitutional, being in restriction of trade, because it practically fixes the price of loaves of bread. The bakers, according to Mr. Scharff, do not make much profit, because they sell bread to the grocers at wholesale rates. Mr. Scharff thinks that if the people would buy bread from the bakers direct, they would obtain it at a satisfactory price. The proposed ordinance, however, has several ardent advocates in the Municipal Assembly who believe that it will become a law.

BOYS AND GIRLS.

Questions to Be Discussed at the National Home Convention.

The seventh national convention of the Boys' and Girls' National Home and Employment Association will be held at Memorial Hall, Nineteenth and Lucas place, beginning Tuesday, Dec. 11. Mayor Walbridge will deliver the address of welcome and President Alexander Hogeland will respond. Among the questions to be considered are: What is the best plan for providing against boys becoming tramps? Should boys be imprisoned or given a few days in which to leave town for tramping or petty offenses? What is the best plan for preventing gambling among street boys and to prevent either girls or boys from keeping late hours upon the street? Is it not the imperative duty, and should not city officials of all cities and towns be compelled by law to apprehend and detain temporarily in some building outside of the county jail or city prison or station-house, all boys or girls tramping or loitering about the streets or public places of resort, either day or night, when unaccompanied by guardians or parents, and who cannot give a proper excuse for their absence from home? Should children be placed in orphans' homes and held for weeks, months or years, or should they be detained temporarily, cleansed, clothed, and placed in a good home outside of such institutions?

Religious Notes.

A reception was tendered Archbishop Kain at the Bohemian Catholic Church of St. John Nepomuk, Eleventh and Soulard streets, Sunday afternoon. A number of societies were in attendance and there was mass and confirmation services.

Rev. Dr. A. Reinke delivered a sermon for the benefit of the deaf mutes of the German Evangelical Lutheran Immanuel Church, Fifteenth and Morgan streets, Sunday evening last. It was in the silent but impressive language of the deaf and dumb, and about 100 persons were present.

Rev. James W. Lee lectured on Damascus at St. John's Church Sunday evening. The lecturer described what he called the oldest and at the same time the most fascinating city in the world.

At St. Vincent's Church, Ninth and Barry streets, solemn high mass was celebrated at 9 a. m. as part of the forty hours devotion begun Sunday as a preliminary to the feast of the miraculous medal, which occurs Wednesday. Rev. Fr. Asmuth was celebrant and Frs. Judge and Hueber deacon and subdeacon. At 7:30 p. m. Fr Albere, O. S. F., will preach. On Tuesday at 9 a. m. Bishop Janssens of Belleville will celebrate pontifical high mass.

Rev. William Johnson, pastor of People's Tabernacle Church, Twenty-third street and Clark avenue, preached Sunday night on the subject: "One Thing Lacking in a Fine Young Man." The preacher said that what was lacking was peace of mind or the love of Jesus.

Mr. E. C. Simmons, the hardware merchant, officiated Sunday as lay reader at St. James' Episcopal Church, Goode and Cote Brilliante avenues. In his sermon he spoke of purity of human character.

The new chime of bells for the Church of Our Lady of Good Counsel, at Eleventh and Destrehan streets, was blessed Sunday by Rev. Fr. J. J. McCabe of the Sacred Heart Church.

Stole Mrs. Gould's Dresses.

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—Sixteen hundred dollar's worth of dresses belonging to Mrs. George Gould were stolen on the [illegible] inst., in a most peculiar way. Mrs. Gould took the gowns to the Mendelssohn Studio and had some photos made. The photographer took them to the American District Telegraph Co. and ordered them taken to Mrs. Gould's. A man, clothed as a messenger, approached the A. D. T. boy on the street, and worked the time-worn game of sending him on an errand and holding the package. The boy was a new one and readily fell into the trap. When he returned the man and package were both gone. Mrs. Gould then inserted the following paragraph in the newspapers:

"Lost—At Fifty-sixth street and Fifth avenue, Nov. 1, package containing one pink satin gown, one white satin gown, one white silk underskirt, one white silk dress, and several other articles. Liberal reward will be paid for return of package to American District Telegraph Co., 8 Dey street."

Mr. Gould is a stockholder and a director in the American District Telegraph Co.

Scherpe Divorce Dismissed.

The divorce case of Mrs. Louise Scherpe vs. John F. Scherpe, who recently committed suicide, was dismissed by plaintiff's attorney, Col. D. P. Dyer, in Judge Fisher's court Monday. Mrs. Scherpe charged the defendant with general indignities. He had filed a cross-bill, and appeared to have prepared for a vigorous defense.

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BLOOD AND SKIN Diseases, Cures for Life, Blood Poison and Taints, affecting the Body, Nose, Throat, Skin and Bones, Mucous patches in mouth, Scrofula, Eczema, Acne, Warty Growths, Herpes, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Piles, etc. Blank 2 and Dictionary sealed, FREE, explains.

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MEN'S SPECIAL SURGERY, whether congenital or acquired, successfully attended to.

FEDERAL POST-OFFICE.

Report of Postmaster-General Bissell on Work of the Past Year.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 26.—The report of Postmaster-General Bissell for the year ending June 30, 1894, has been submitted to the President. By way of outline of policy, he writes:

In general I would recommend that the first and most important thing to be done is to revise the law as to second-class matter so as to place the Post-office Department immediately upon a self-sustaining basis.

2. Avoid expensive experiments like this postal telegraph, rural free delivery, etc.

3. Develop the postal service on existing lines of administration, viz.: Extend free delivery in cities that now enjoy it; accord it to towns already entitled to it under the law; quicken railroad transportation.

4. Revise and reclassify organization of the railway mail service and reclassify clerks in post-offices.

5. Provide for district supervision of all postal affairs by appointment of expert postal officials from classified service as recommended in my last annual report.

The effect of business depression upon postal business is referred to as follows:

When adverse conditions prevail ordinary business establishments may overcome them in part by economies of management and retrenchment in expenditures. Not so, however, with the Post-office establishment of the Government. It cannot and should not stop to consider little economies. Its duties and obligations to the public become at once intensified and enlarged.

The revenue for the year was $75,080,479; expenditures, $84,324,414, leaving a deficiency of $9,243,935. The estimates for the current year ending June 30, 1895, are: Revenue, $84,427,748; expenditures, 90,399,485; deficiency, $5,971,737.

The estimates submitted to the Secretary of the Treasury for the next fiscal year are: Revenue, $86,907,407; expenditures, $91,059,283; deficiency, $4,151,876.

This annual deficiency, the Postmaster-General says, can be overcome by the increase of postal rates, but he does not believe this advisable. Economy has been practiced, but nevertheless great care has been taken that it should not affect the efficiency of the service. The economies have consisted mainly in reletting contracts for mail transportation, and in the cost and amount of supplies; also in the abrogation of seven of the eleven steamship subsidy contracts, which will mean a total saving in the ten years of the contracts' life of $14,431,325.

Mr. Bissell recommends that the experimental free delivery projects should be discontinued, and thinks that free delivery in rural districts is not needed or desired by the people. Both these projects were originated by his predecessor.

He refers to the war made by the department on lottery schemes passing under the name of "bond investment companies," and says it has been waged successfully. He recommends the enactment of laws covered in bills now pending before Congress for the further suppression of lotteries.

Strikes and obstruction of the mails are treated of briefly. Gen. Bissell says:

In my last report I called attention to the necessity for legislation such as then was and is now recommended by the Superintendent of the Railway Mail Service for the punishment of train wrecking and for legislative determination of the definition of a mail train. Such legislation would be of great advantage to the postal service.

Statistics of average daily business are given, including the appended figures:

Number of miles of post route runs, 1,100,000; number of stamps manufactured, 8,300,000; number of envelopes manufactured, 1,800,000; number of postal cards manufactured, 1,500,000; number of pieces mailed, 15,700,000; number of letters mailed, 7,400,000; number of pieces of mail matter distributed and redistributed by railway postal clerks, 27,500,000; number of pieces handled in Dead Letter Office, 24,000; daily transactions in money order business, $1,100,000; daily expenses, $231,100.

THIRD STREET LINE.

The Old Railway to Arsenal Street to Be Run Again.

The old Arsenal street railway which has not been running for some time, is to be resuscitated and put in operation. The old track and road-bed will be torn up and a new road built entirely, and equipped with new cars. The company is capitalized for $150,000 and bonded for the same amount. Mr. Charles Green, President, states that the tracks will be extended and eventually run as far north as the cemeteries. It will be operated by electricity, the power to be obtained from the Edison people.

J. T. Donovan's Residence Burglarized.

A warrant was issued against Alexander Robinson, colored, charging him with burglarizing the residence of J. T. Donovan, 2037 Pine street, on Sept. 24, and stealing a seal skin sacque and other property, all valued at $200. Robinson was arrested last Saturday by Detectives Badger and Flynn.

VANDALIA-PENNSYLVANIA

No. 4—Look Out for No. 6.

No. 6, New York Express, Vandalia—Pennsylvania, leaves St. Louis every day in the year at 9 p. m., with through sleepers to Indianapolis, Dayton, Pittsburg, Harrisburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia and New York. The businessman's train, only one day out. All meals en route served in dining cars. No such accommodations offered by any other line. Try "No. 6."

Thirteen Dwellings Destroyed.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 26.—Thirteen dwellings in the block bounded by Garfield and Euclid avenues, Twenty-ninth and Thirtieth streets, burned, with a financial loss of $75,000. The house of Mrs. Wm. Osborne was the only one in the block that was spared. The fire started in the house of James S. Bailey while all the family were at church. The nearest water plug was 2,500 feet away and the nearest engine-house was several miles distant. There was little insurance.

WHY leave friends and home for health resort. Take Belcher Water Baths.

DOLPH TO HAVE OPPOSITION.

He Will Not Have Clear Sailing for Re-Election to the Senate.

PORTLAND, Ore., Nov. 26. — Senator Dolph will not have clear sailing for re-election to the United States Senate. Already the names of four aspirants have been put forward and in all probability will be presented to the Legislature. They are Gov.-elect W. P. Lord, Congressman Binger Hermann, C. W. Fulton of Astoria and T. H. Tongue of Hillsboro. Senator Dolph's friends claim that he is certain of 65 out of the 72 Republican members of the House. The Populists and Democrats together have eighteen members.

Political Drift.

The contest of the election of Judge Holcomb as Governor of Nebraska was dropped.

A comparison of the Populist vote cast in 1892 and 1894 shows a gain of nearly 600,000 votes. The figures are 1,041,284 and 1,636,000.

ABOUT TOWN.

ALBERT SCHROER DEAD.—Albert Schroer, who fell from a building at 1805 Lami street Nov. 8, died Sunday at the City Hospital.

TO BUY A CLOCK.—Joseph L. Kleinberg was arrested at his home, 3500 North Eleventh street, on a charge of petit larceny preferred by Mrs. Luella Chariot of 4506 Cook avenue, who alleges that she gave Kleinberg $25 to buy a clock for her and that he appropriated the money. Kleinberg said that he paid the money to a dry goods store as a deposit on the clock.

LEGS BROKEN.—Timothy Moriarty, 30 years old, and residing at 215 Florida street, was struck by a car of the Citizens' Line at the intersection of Prairie and Easton avenues and run over. Both of his legs were broken. He was sent to the City Hospital.

PROF. LOCKWOOD'S LECTURES.—Prof. Lockwood of Chicago lectured Sunday at Howard's Hall before the St. Louis Spiritualists' Association on "The Principles of Thought Transference Illustrated by Flash-Light Photography." In the morning his subject was "A Plea for Test Mediums and for a Test of Mediumship."

RECEPTION TO COL. BROADHEAD.—A reception was tendered to Col. James O. Broadhead, United States Minister to Switzerland, at Aloys Thomen's place on Broadway Sunday evening. Representatives of Swiss societies and prominent Swiss citizens were present. Speeches were made by Consul Bluff and Martin Scherer. Col. Broadhead leaves for Zurich, Switzerland, immediately.

AN OFFICER ATTACKED.—Four toughs attacked Officer Thomas Quinlan of the Second District at Jefferson avenue and Lynch street Sunday night without provocation. Michael Geraghty was arrested on suspicion and was identified by Quinlan at the City Hospital. Quinlan said that William Barnum, Michael White and Gus Stoddard were Geraghty's accomplices.

BROKE HIS JAW.—William E. Smith was arrested Sunday night on the charge of having held up and assaulted Eugene Snell of 819 North Eighth street Saturday night. Snell, who is at the City Hospital with a broken jaw, identified Smith.

MARRIED WOMAN WANTED.—The police have been asked to locate Mrs. Ida Noonan, a hair dresser, 36 years of age, who according to a letter written by her husband, eloped with Walter Frieal from Lincoln, Neb., Oct. 13.

CHARGED WITH A HOLD-UP.—Thomas Kelly and John Egan were arrested on the charge of having held up Edward Rowse of Sedalia, Mo., at Sixth and Lucas avenue, Saturday night and robbed him of a gold watch.

TURNING FESTIVAL COMMITTEES.—For the great national turning festival, to be held in this city in 1897, the following committees have been appointed: Hugo Muench, President; H. W. Ocker, Vice-President; J. C. Cemer, Corresponding Secretary; Th. Still, Recording Secretary. As a committee to propose the Chairmen of about fifteen or sixteen subcommittees there were appointed: Herman Ruppelt, Wm. Ahrens, Jacob Waltmann, J. E. Cremer, Louis Becker, Albert Mauch and Hugo Muench.

Society Notes.

Through an error in the composing room, an item in yesterday's society news about an entertainment to be given by Mr. and Mrs. William H. Thornburgh Tuesday evening to Mr. McMillan and bride of Portland place, got mixed up in such a manner with an item about a dance in a barn to be given by Miss Florence Lucas Wednesday evening, that it was made to appear that Miss Lucas was Mr. McMillan's bride. Miss Lucas is, of course, not married, Mr. McMillan's bride being a young lady from the East.

The Estelle Euchre Club was entertained at the home of Miss Vaughn, 2905 Franklin avenue. The ladies' first prize fell to the hostess, the second was won by Miss Estelle Hpll and the consolation by Miss Dawkins. Mr. Charles Hull won the gentleman's first prize, Mr. Junker the second and Mr. Chas. Pujal the consolation. Miss Dawkins will entertain the club at her home, 2949 Sheridan avenue, Dec. 4.

Miss Henrietta Cap, after a six months' trip abroad, has returned.

Master Lee Tiernon held a birthday party on the 22d of November at his residence, 3534 North Twenty-third street.

Ashes and Embers.

Schneider's and Guinsey's saloons, Schroeder's meat shop, Caples' store, Smith's barber shop, Mrs. Yanday's house, a brewery, an ice-house and Walker's notion store burned at Glen Carbon, Ill.

Incendiary attempts were made to destroy Zanesville, O., half a dozen alarms being turned in from the various sections of the city. William Mueller's house was burned.

A passing engine set fire to P. L. Dodge's mammoth hog barns at Rosamond, Ill. Congregations of worshippers put out the fire. The homes of William McLean and Mrs. Cullen burned. Total loss, $15,000; well insured.

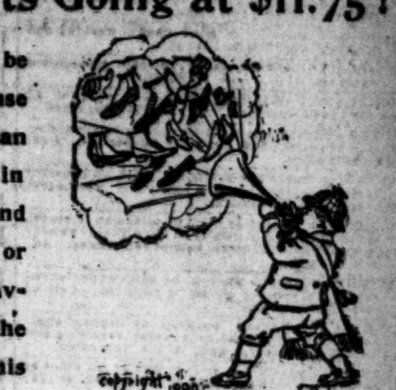
When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

A GREAT SUIT SALE!

MEN'S $15 and $18 Suits Going at $11.75!
MEN'S $15 and $18 Suits Going at $11.75!
MEN'S $15 and $18 Suits Going at $11.75!



If you have nothing else to be thankful for, you can find cause enough in this Suit Sale. You can fit yourself in splendid style in BLACK CHEVIOT or New and Stylish Brown, Gray, Blue or Mixed Patterns, at an assured saving of $3.25 to $6.25 from the lowest prices anywhere in this city.



FINE SHOETING.

400 pairs Men's Fine $3.00 Calf Shoes, heavy winter goods, dropped to............ $2.38!

Odd sizes of Men's Finest $5 and $6 Cordovan, Kangaroo and Calf Hand-Made Shoes dropped to........... $3.50!

Boys' Strong, Stylish Calf Shoes, sizes 2½ to 5½, going ....At $1.75!

Boys' Stylish, New Calf Shoes, sizes 11 to 2, going ....At $1.50!

Our Overcoats and Ulsters at $12, $15 and $18

Are selling in a way that proves them THE VERY BEST VALUES ON SALE IN THIS CITY!

Great Shirt, Sox and Underwear Bargains

On sale to-day and to-morrow!

Pure Linen Bosom Unlaundered White Shirts go.......... At 38c!
Regular 75c New Merino Sox go .... At 17c!
Fancy Border Hemstitched 10c Handkerchiefs go .... At 4c!
Large Sizes in 50c and 75c Winter Underwear go .... At 25c!

All last year's $5 and $6 Smoking Jackets and House Coats cut to $3 and $3.50!

The J. L. Hudson Company,

Corner Broadway and Locust.

MISSISSIPPI VALLEY NOTES.

Short Items of Interest From Missouri, Illinois, Arkansas and Texas.

MISSOURI.

Possum or turkey, or both.

Della Evans of Hamilton pleaded guilty to sending an improper letter through the mail and was fined $25.

Chas. Sargent of Hamilton cut a slice of his thumb off while cutting wood.

The young people attended the old people's meeting in the Baptist Church at Hamilton.

Springfield is good ground for the Humane Society to work, so says a local observer.

The Christian Church at Corder will be dedicated Dec. 30.

John Grove and George Richards, inmates of the Confederate Home at Higginsville, died last week.

Union Thanksgiving services at Lexington will be held at the Christian Church, Rev. A. S. Moffott of the Presbyterian Church preaching the sermon.

Ray F. York, the boy preacher, conducted services at the Lexington Baptist Church.

Miss Edith Cook, aged 17, of Christian County, who ran away from home last April, has been found in a Webb City hotel.

Uncle George Davis of Christian County was given a surprise on his 78th birthday. He was married to his present wife fifty-four years ago.

The case of the State vs. J. C. Green for feloniously assaulting W. B. Piersoll and Mrs. Estes was dismissed at Union City.

In Barry County the Democrats saved a Prosecuting Attorney and a County Judge.

There will be thirty-five divorce cases before the Joplin Circuit Court at the December term.

The new Joplin Court House was opened with great ceremony.

A fire consumed the general merchandise store of Clark & Martin at Sullivan; loss, $25,000.

Great improvements are being made in the Franklin County roads.

ILLINOIS.

The official canvass of the State was made at Springfield Saturday.

The Illinois Press Association will meet in Chicago on the second Friday in February.

The corner-stone of the Catholic Church at Troy will be laid Thursday.

John Fricke, a young man aged 23, was run over and killed by a freight train at Kaufman.

Ducks are scarce along the river and in the lakes.

Wooden sidewalks have been found more expensive than any other owing to damage suits.

Leo Litz, a 16-year-old boy of Highland, committed suicide by shooting. He had been reprimanded.

Edwards County gave the largest Republican majority in the Twentieth District.

The West Salem Herald is the name of a new Republican paper just established in that town.

TEXAS.

The Populist conference at Waco congratulated the party on a 50,000 gain.

Luther Craig, who disappeared from his home at Hillsboro several days ago, returned. He said he did not know where he had been.

The scull race to be rowed at Austin for the world's championship seems to be a certainty.

James Dix of Bowie, an old man 72 years of age, was shot and killed by John McBride, about 25 years old, in a difficulty over rent.

Brenham has decided to issue bonds and buy the plant of the water works company. It will operate it under municipal control.

The Populists are trying to get up several contests.

The new pump in the Temple water works is now in. It is good for 750,000 gallons a day.

ARKANSAS.

John Herbald of Newport walked off a platform and broke his neck.

The order for a special election in Bowie County to vote on local option Dec. 1 has been revoked.

The Little Rock Gazette recommends the reduction of cotton acreage one-half.

Hon. Jean Turner, Sr., of Van Buren, a distinguished lawyer, died, aged 89. He hod practiced law sixty-nine years.

More real estate is changing hands in Washington County than for years.

Neill, the Democratic candidate for Congress in the Sixth District, was elected by 3,286 majority, but Mr. Myers, the Republican, will contest.

Mayor Hall of Little Rock has asked the seventeen other Mayors in the State to meet in convention.

Life a Burden.

Henry Clay Bostworth, a retired dentist, 60 years old, committed suicide by shooting himself in the out-house of his residence at Tompkinsville, S. I. A note was found pinned to the coat of deceased, saying that he had committed the deed as he feared dementia.

Bull Wilson, a Caddo Indian, 80 years old, shot himself with suicidal intent at his home in the Wichita Reservaton, death ensuing in a short time. When asked his reason for the deed he said: "Too much white man! Indian no chance."

During a fit of temporary aberation, Jas. McKeowan of Anderson, Ind., took a dose of morphine with suicidal intent. It is thought that he will recover.

Willard Parker of Parker-Webb Co., packers at Detroit, took a fatal dose of morphine at Richmond, Mich. He was infirm with age and disease.

Deaths From Small-Pox.

PRINCETON, Ill., Nov. 26.—Small-pox caused two deaths in the vicinity of Sandwich. Three more deaths are expected. All assemblages, except those of the City Council, have been forbidden. James Middleton and family broke from quarantine at Milwaukee and spread the disease at Sandwich.



$1.50.

Can we make the Best Shirt to order for $1.50? Send for samples and see.

PARRISH-BECHT SHIRT CO., 610 PINE STREET.

SHIRT TAILORS.

CRYSTAL MAZE, Ninth and Olive St. THE NOVELTY OF THE TOWN.

HIS SKULL CRUSHED.

Stonemason Huffer of Carthage Found Dead Beneath a Trestle.

CARTHAGE, Mo., Nov. 26.—A man was found under the Missouri Pacific trestle at Center Creek, south of this city, last evening with his skull crushed. A Coroner's inquest was held at Center Creek Station, at which the remains were not identified.

In this city this morning the body was identified as that of Wm. Huffer, a Carthage stone mason, who had been building a cistern at one of Dr. Thomas' farms. It is supposed he had started to town and was struck by a train. Huffer has lived here thirty years and leaves three sons and a daughter. He was 66 years old.

All Were Killed.

CUMBERLAND, Md., Nov 26. At South Branch bridge, eighteen miles east of this city, on the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, yesterday morning, three persons were killed in a shocking manner. Isaac Taylor and his wife of Green Spring Run, and Miss Kidwell, a neighbor, were on their way to church at South Branch. When near the middle of the bridge they were overtaken by a train. All three were hurled off the bridge the Taylors falling upon the bank and Miss Kidwell into the stream, and all were dead when found.

Various Accidents.

Burk White was seriously wounded and his 4-year-old daughter Lutie May fatally wounded by a charge of bird shot from the gun of V. P. Fillipi, accidentally discharged on the steamer Golden Gate, carrying an excursion party, near Memphis. The hunter set his gun on the floor to "break" it, and the charge went through the floor before striking the victims on the deck above.

Riley Burleson was accidentally shot dead by his uncle, N. B. Powell, while hunting near Iola, Pike Co., Fla.

A snowslide buried a drying house at Monte Cristo, Wash., and Louis Erickson was killed and six other men seriously injured. Ten miners were imprisoned.

Rev. Fr. James O'Connor of St. Francis Parish, San Francisco, was suffocated by escaping gas in his room.

It is now assured that the steamer Ivanhoe was wrecked on the western end of Vancouver Island. As far as can be ascertained from coastwise vessels coming into Victoria, not a man of her crew was saved.

The American liner India, from Liverpool, with a crew of seventy men and 148 steerage passengers, bound for Philadelphia, is six days overdue.

Telephone Pole Injunction.

The trial of the injunction suit of the St. Louis & Suburban Railroad Co. vs. the Bell Telephone Co. has begun before Judge Valliant, Lee & McKeighan appearing for the railroad company and Henry Hitchcock for defendant. The action is to restrain the telephone company from erecting poles between the tracks of the plaintiff on Union avenue, between Delmar avenue and Forest Park, on the ground that the poles are dangerous to the safe operation of the railroad.

* * *

Duke's Mixture Smoking Tobacco.

Cool, Mild, Fragrant.

Absolutely the Best for the Money....

2 ounces for 5c.

Sold Everywhere by All Dealers.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

Thanksgiving Week.

MR.

SOL SMITH RUSSELL

To-Night, Tuesday and Thanksgiving Matinee, PEACEFUL VALLEY.
Wednesday Evening, Friday and Saturday Matinee, THE HEIR-AT-LAW.
Thursday and Saturday Evenings and Wednesday Matinee, A POOR RELATION.
Next week—Lewis Morrison in Faust.

OLYMPIC.

Wednesday Matinee this week, 25 and 50 cents. To-night and all the week, in all its magnificence,

RICE'S SURPRISE PARTY

In the Gorgeous, Grand, Glorious

1492.

Extra Matinee, Thursday, Thanksgiving Day.

EXTRA—SUNDAY, DEC. 2,



The Enormous Comedy Hit, CHARLEY'S AUNT. By Brandon Thomas.

SEATS READY THURSDAY.

Management of CHARLES FROHMAN. Reigning Comedy Sensation the World Over.

THE HAGAN { The New Dazzler.

Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday Matinees—25c and 50c.
Next week—PETER F. DAILEY. Tel. 731.

STANDARD—Matinee Tuesday.

TO-NIGHT AT 8.

HYDE'S COMEDIANS and HELENE MORA.

High-Class and Refined Vaudeville.
Next week—Sam Devere's Own Company.

POPE'S J. D. HOPKINS, Manager.

Continuous Show—1 to 11.
Magnificent Production of
THE FRENCH SPY.
12—Unexcelled Variety Acts—12
100 People on the Stage.

HAVLIN'S—TO-NIGHT

Matinees Thursday and Saturday.

SPIDER AND FLY!

50—PEOPLE—50

Popular Prices—15c, 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c.
Next Sunday—N. S. Wood.

ST. LOUIS CHORAL-SYMPHONY SOCIETY'S

FIRST CONCERT,

Thursday Evening, Nov. 29, 1894,

MUSIC HALL.

Programme—Part 1. Hymn of Praise, Mendelssohn. Part 2. Soles and Orchestral Selections.

Soloists: MRS. CORINNE MOORE-LAWSON (New York), Soprano; MISS FLORA G. TAYLOR (St. Louis), Soprano; MR. GEORGE J. HAMLIN (Chicago), Tenor. Chorus of 250 and Orchestra of 50.

MR. ALFRED ERNST, Conductor.

Reserved seats for sale at Bollman's, 1100 Olive st.
Dress Circle and Parquet. .... $1.00 and $1.25
Balcony .... 50c and 75c

THE EAST ST. LOUIS

JOCKEY CLUB.

Racing This Week,

TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY.

Five races each day, commencing at 2 p. m.
Books on St. Asaph, Roby and Lexington races.
Take electric car on Bridge; fifteen minutes ride to track.

(47)

Clothes Make the Man, And We Make the Clothes.

The best clothes for the money ever made in America—of superior quality, perfect fit and latest Style. Glance at these prices:

MADE TO MEASURE.

Suits . . . $13.25
Pants Cut to Order $3.00
Topcoats Melton $10.25

A little more money will get you still finer goods—style and fit perfect in all. Why wear Ready-Made, when Tailor-Made comes cheaper?

PLYMOUTH ROCK PANTS COMPANY
OVERCOATS & SUITS

[illegible] PINE STREET.

EMPLOYMENT GROUPING.

Situations Wanted—Males.

Three lines (20 words), 5 cents; each additional line, 5 cents.

BOY—Wanted sit. by a colored boy; experienced in dining-room and housework. Add. D 182, this office.

BARTENDER—Situation wanted as bartender; wages no object, as I want to learn mix drinks; age 19. Add. W 169, this office.

COOK—Sit. wanted by good cook; washing and ironing. Call 913 N. 19th st.

COMPOSITOR—Good, steady, reliable compositor wants situation. Add. B 180, this office.

CARPENTER—Wanted, jobbing; will work for $1 a day; good workman. Add. H 175, this office.

CLERK—Situation as night clerk in hotel by young man of experience; good city references. Add. B 182, this office.

COOK—Sit. wanted by first-class meat and pastry cook, male; no objection to the city or country; with ref. 1403 O'Fallon st.

CLERK—Sit. wanted as clerk or salesman in stove, tin or hardware house; aged 23; 6 years' experience; salary small to start; best of references. Ad. F. 180, this office.

DRIVER—Situation wanted by good experienced driver; references given if required. Call or address 1912 Palm st.

ENGINEER—Wanted, position by licensed engineer; first-class hand at general repairing and putting up machinery. Add. W 176, this office.

MAN—Wanted, sit. by young man in an office or as collector; can give best of refs. Add. G 174, this office.

MAN—Young man wants position of any kind; can give the best of reference as to character; must have work. Add. W. W., 2622A N. 19th st.

OFFICE MAN—Steady and experienced office man wishes employment; first-class references. Address X 179, this office.

YOUNG MAN—Aged 23, wants situation of any kind; is a first-class driver and not afraid of work. Add. W 179, this office.

THE Bryant & Stratton

BUSINESS, SHORTHAND AND TELEGRAPH SCHOOL, OPEN DAY AND NIGHT. Corner Broadway and Market st. Send for circular.

Help Wanted—Males.

5 cents per line each insertion.

BOY WANTED—Boy 17 or 18 years old to lear[n] good trade. Add. O 180, this office.

BOY WANTED—Good experienced boy or man to drive huckster wagon. 3633 Manchester rd.

CARPENTERS AND CAR-BUILDERS WANTED—2800 De Kalb st.

COOK WANTED—Sober and reliable cook at Weaver's Hotel, 910 Pine st.

CLERK WANTED—A grocer clerk, German; must come recommended. 1929 O'Fallon st.

DENTIST WANTED—Must be a good plate workman. Apply Boston Steam Dental Rooms, 615 Olive st.

FREE treatment for all diseases at Franklin Avenue Free Dispensary, 1214 Franklin av.

HAVE you tried "Harris' " $4 shoes? Judge their value by the months they wear. 520 Pine st.

LABORERS WANTED—15 laborers and 10 teams; on Olive and Sarah sts. Jos. O'Shea.

MAN WANTED—A single colored man capable of doing furnace and store work; none but an experienced man need apply. Add. A 180, this office.

TAILORS WANTED—Machine or hand finishers on coats. 2001 Engelrodt st.

WANTED—Two bright, active salesmen; must have experience; bring application in own handwriting, stating where formerly employed and references. Mermod & Jaccard's, Broadway, corner Locust.

$12.50 UP—Suits and overcoats to order. Mesritz Tailoring Co., 8th and Olive.

$3.00 UP—Pants to order. Mesritz Tailoring Co., 219 N. 8th st., cor. Olive, 2d floor.

HAYWARD'S SHORT-hand and Business College, 702, 704 and 706 Olive st.; Day and Night School. Phone 479.

Situations Wanted—Females.

Three lines (20 words), 5 cents; each additional line, 5 cents.

COOK—Sit. by good cook, also wash and iron; good ref. Add. Y 179, this office.

COOK—A colored woman with child 3 years old would like sit. to cook; no objection to washing; reference. 2690 Mills st.

COOK—German girl wants sit. to cook, wash and iron or do general housework; no objections to suburbs. Add. 3109 Easton av.

DRESSMAKER—Fashionable dressmaker wants sit. in private families. Call or address 3213 N. 9th st.

DRESSMAKER—Fashionable dressmaker wants sit. in private families. Call or address 3213 N. 19th st.

GIRL—Smart, obliging girl wishes situation in a small family. 3503 Easton av.

GIRLS—2 girls want position in a family; one as a cook, without washing or ironing; other sewing and housework. Call at 1527 S. 8th st.

HOUSEWORK—Wanted a situation to do housework. Add. 1424 N. 17th st.

HOUSEWORK—Sit. wanted by an experienced German girl to do general housework in small family; ref. given. 1895 Carr st.

HOUSEGIRL—A good girl wants situation in a private family for housework, or general housework. Please call at 2315 Geyer av.

LAUNDRESS wants washing to take home. Add. 2139 Thomas st., rear.

LAUNDRESS—Colored laundress wants washing out or in; can give reference. 2628 Morgan st.

LADY—Young lady of education, with best city reference, wishes position as companion to elderly or invalid lady; do not object to traveling. Address A, 4323 Morgan st.

Help Wanted—Female.

5 cents per line each insertion.

COOK WANTED—German girl to cook; refs. 3145 Locust st.

COOK WANTED—A good girl to cook, wash and iron. 3216 Washington av.

COOK WANTED—German girl. 4530 Berlin av.; take Olive st. cars to Taylor av.

COOK WANTED—A German girl who is a good cook. 4257 Washington av.

COOK WANTED—A woman order cook at restaurant. 1517 Franklin av.

COOK WANTED—A girl to do cooking and general housework; German preferred; good wages. 4427 Delmar av.

CHAMBERMAID WANTED—An experienced colored chambermaid; must be settled person; single preferred; only one who is a thorough worker and can come well recommended as such need apply for this situation. Call at 2111 Lucas av.

DINING-ROOM GIRL WANTED—Apply to St. Luke's Hospital, 19th and Washington av.

FREE treatment for all diseases at Franklin Avenue Free Dispensary, 1214 Franklin av.

GIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; good treatment. 1326 St. Ange av.

GIRL WANTED—A young girl or orphan child can have a good home. 511 Ware av.

GIRL WANTED—Experienced bon bons and chocolate dippers. Plows Candy Co., 203 N. Main st.

GIRL WANTED—Girl to work for board and learn dressmaking; good home for nice girl. 3016 Easton av.

Help Wanted—Female.

GIRL WANTED—Good German girl at 4310 West Belle pl.

GIRL WANTED—Experienced German girl for general housework in an American family; reference required. 2818 Lafayette av.

GIRLS—Wanted, sit. by 2 respectable girls in nice family; one as nurse, the other to do light housework; would help at sewing. 3920 Evans av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 2633 Pine st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 13 S. Spring av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—For general housework; bring references. 2619 Morgan st.

HOUSEGIRL—Experienced German girl for general housework in family of 2. 3531 Bell av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A girl for housework. Inquire at corner of 23d and Carr, grocery.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; no washing or ironing. 4125 Delmar av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A Girl for general housework; must be a good cook. 3307 Morgan st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl to assist in housework; must understand cooking. 1831 Olive st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; good wages. 2193 Franklin av.; inquire in store.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A good girl to help with house work; small family; no washing. 2949 Gamble st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Competent white girl for general housework in flat. Call Monday at 4152 Westminster pl.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good housegirl, one who understands waiting on the table; colored preferred. 930 N. Garrison av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A neat colored girl to assist with light housework, one who can go home nights, with ref. 607 Pine st.

LAUNDRESS WANTED—Girl for house and laundry work. 4121 Delmar av.

LAUNDRESSES WANTED—One experienced starcher and 1 collar and cuff ironer in laundry. Call at 1720 S. 9th st.

LADIES, if you wish employment at your homes send self-addressed envelope for our descriptive circular and commence work at once; good wages paid. The Alfred Knitting Co., Winthrop, Mass.

WAITRESS WANTED—Experienced, $3.50 per week. 1713 Market st.

Ingalls,

The Housefurnisher, has got what you want; cash or time. INGALLS, 1103 Olive st.

Agents Wanted.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

AGENT WANTED—For a good line of soft and laundered shirts. Address with reference and full particulars Shirt Manufacturing Co., 313 Church st., New York City.

Partners Wanted.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

PARTNER WANTED—To act as treasurer for dramatic company; must have $1,500 to draw upon if needed; a sure thing. Add. N 172, this office.

PARTNER WANTED—In good manufacturing business with $1,200 to $1,500; business already in operation and paying. Address W. E. Harreld, Alto Pass, Ill.

Horses and Vehicles.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

Wanted.

HORSES—Wanted at Maxwell farm horses to board during the winter; ample accommodations. For particulars, add. Jno. K. Maxwell, Wellston P. O. or 1424 N. Broadway, city.

For Sale.

FOR SALE—Or exchange, for cash or on time payments, 200 new and 2d-hand open and top vehicles and harness of all kinds. 1110 N. Broadway.

HORSE—For sale good horse cheap. 2311 Montgomery st.

HORSE—For sale. $150 will purchase good horse, 2 buggies and set of harness; a big bargain. Call at Post-Dispatch office.

WE will hire you a horse and vehicle for business, by the day or week, cheap as owning. Tel. 7545. 507 N. Channing av.

WAGONS—McCabe, Young & Co., 1323 N. Broadway, will beat anybody's price on grocer, laundry, butcher, baker, carpenter and plumber's wagons; also first-class storm buggies, surreys and jump seat buggies of all kinds.

Lost and Found.

5 cents per line each insertion.

Lost.

BOOKS—Lost, on Chouteau av., near Dillon st., a volume of Grellparzin Dramas, in German. Please return to 1011 Dillon st.

PRICE LISTS—Lost, 3 price lists marked "Barber." Return to Meyer Bros. Drug Co. for reward.

WATCH—Lost, a gold watch between Pine, Jefferson av., and 15th and Carr sts.; suitable reward if returned to 2629 Pine st. Mrs. Russell.

Found.

OVERCOAT—Found, Thursday evening, an overcoat. Owner can obtain same at 3439 Clark av., up-stairs.

SHOES—Found, a pair of shoes that will wear eight months. Harris' $4 shoes. 520 Pine st.

Musical.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

PIANOS—Elegant assortment; $50 to $75 saved at Whitaker's, 1518 Olive st., and 2512 N. 14th st.

PROF. DALLMER from Berlin, mandolin, violin, banjo, guitar, piano instructor; satisfaction guaranteed. 2622 Washington av.

PIANOS and organs at lowest prices and upon terms to suit; pianos rented, tuned, repaired or moved. Estey & Camp, 916 Olive st.

Business Chances.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

ALL kinds of circulars del. by reliable men. Apply Commercial Tel. Co., room 220 Commercial B'g.

GENTLEMAN with $1,500 can purchase half interest in one of best brokage businesses. For particulars address C 182, this office.

45 PER CENT average weekly profits on $150 invested; prospectus, itemized statistics free. Benson & Dwyer, 834 Broadway, New York.

Personals.

15 cents per line; Business Cards, 30 cents per line each insertion.

PERSONAL—M. M.: Meet me both Tuesday and Wednesday. H. J.

Information Wanted.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

WANTED—Information of Henry Kelter, piano player. Address N 177, this office.

INFORMATION WANTED—Of the whereabouts of Ezekiel Anthony, born in Brantsford, Worcestershire, England, supposed to have come to America in 1869; reward for information. Address all information to Ben Anthony, Havana, Ill.

Personal Sundries.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

A RESPECTABLE widow gives massage. 2139 Market st.

"A." MME. AMES—Massage and baths. New attendant from Omaha. 26 S. 15th st.

ALL kind of baths and massage; 1st-class patronage. Mrs. Parker, 108 N. 22d st.

A. GRACE BERNARD, 1124 Pine st., gives sea salt, sulphur and massage baths; lady attend.

ALL private matters treated free, male or female. Medicine furnished Office D. Med. Co. 107 N. 9th st.

BUSINESS CARDS, that'll do the business. $1 per 1,000. H. B. Crole & Co., printers, 215 Locust.

DRS. M. DOSSEN, the female specialist; 27 years' experience; receives during confinement; ladies in trouble call or write. 1006 Chouteau av.

DR. LOTTA FRICK, midwife, graduate of two colleges, receives ladies dur. con.; female complaints treated successfully; charges reas. 120 S. 14th st.

DR. ANNA NEWLAND, ladies' physician and midwife; treats and cures female troubles; board dur. con. Ladies in trouble call or write. 29 S. 14th.

FOR massage call at Mrs. N. Vandyke, 2226 Chestnut st.

KITTIE CARR, electric baths; no common people wanted. Parlors, 1020 Morgan st.

MRS. M. EDWARDS, massage, 2217 Market st.

MME. ANNA, the fortune teller of the West. 326 Market st., near 4th. Established 1851.

MRS. L. HOTSON receives during confinement; treats irregularities; satisfaction guaranteed; honest dealing; information free; experience in all cases; ladies in trouble call. 1803 Washington av.

TEETH put in, filled and extracted free without pain. Eureka Dental Co., 1105 Olive st.

REMOVED
— TO —
6th and Locust Sts.
Oriel Building.
DR. E. C. CHASE,
Dentist.

For Sale—Miscellaneous.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

FIXTURES—For sale, office furniture and fixtures; desks, chairs, lounge, carpet and linoleum; can be seen any time during the day. American Tube & Iron Co., cor. 2d st. and Franklin av.

STOVES FROM STORAGE.
25 4 and 6-hole ranges, steel, with water coil; 40 square hard and soft coal baseburners; 50 cook stoves, all makes; must be sold. 810 N. 7th st.

Ingalls,

The Housefurnisher, has got what you want; cash or time. INGALLS, 1103 Olive st.

Business for Sale.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

BARBER SHOP—For sale, 417 N. 6th st., first class barber shop, complete, with 6 chairs, etc. Apply at 413 N. 6th st.

FOR SALE—At a bargain eight rooms newly furnished. 1507 Pine st.

PRINTERS' OUTFIT—For sale on long time payments, complete new printers' job outfit; one-third actual value; must sell. Add. P 172, this office.

Dancing.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

MR. AND MRS. R. M. ADAMS' Dancing School, 2715 Washington av. Lessons every day and evening.

Household Goods for Sale.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

MATTRESS—For sale, ¾ iron and brass bed springs and mattress. 4121 Delmar av.

FICTION, ART, LITERATURE, HUMOR
AND
THE NEWS OF THE WORLD
IN
THE SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

Storage.

STORAGE—Regular storage-house for furniture, pianos, vehicles, trunks, boxes, etc., safe, reliable, clean rooms; get our rates; careful moving, packing, shipping, etc.; estimates free; money loaned. Consign goods to our care. Telephone 4122. R. U. Leonori, Jr., & Co., 1219-1221 Olive.

Fidelity Storage, Packing and Moving Co.

1723-25-27 and 29 Morgan St.

Branch office 1002 Pine st. Phones 2890 and 4101.

Educational.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

LANGUAGES.

The Berlitz School of Languages, Odd Fellows' Hall. Branches in the principal cities; best instruction; reasonable fee; conversation especially.

HOUSE AND HOME GROUPING.

For Rent—Rooms.

5 cents per line each insertion.

North.

CHESTNUT ST., 2020—Furnished rooms, rent cheap.

LOCUST ST., 2636—Nicely furnished rooms, without board.

LABADIE AV., 4557—4 new rooms, 2d floor, $15; bath and water closet. Keeley, 1113 Chestnut.

MORGAN ST., 3214—Desirable front room, neatly furnished; excellent location; to gents.

MORGAN ST., 2700—Newly fur. front rooms, with fire and board if desired; private family; very reasonable.

NORTH MARKET ST., 2536—5 rooms; rent $15.

OLIVE ST., 3020—Nicely fur. front room, $8 per month; bath and board if desired.

WASHINGTON AV., 1109—Furnished rooms $1.50 and $2.50 per week.

WASHINGTON AV., 1013—Nicely fur. rooms; connecting; for 3 or 4 gentlemen, with gas and fire; prices moderate.

WEST BELLE PL., 4379—A handsomely furnished room, suitable for 2 gentlemen; comfortable home; reference required; will give breakfast.

19TH ST., 1425 N.—Fur. rooms, 2 or 3 gents; private family; fire.

Ingalls,

The Housefurnisher, has got what you want; cash or time. INGALLS, 1103 Olive st.

South.

CLARK AV., 2224—Light housekeeping $3 per week; near station; newly furnished.

CHOUTEAU AV., 944—Lovely fur. front rooms for light housekeeping or gents; rent cheap.

CLARK AV., 2132—Second-story front and adjoining room; complete for housekeeping; $3 per week, all conveniences.

LYNCH ST., 1100—Pleasant front rooms down stairs; suitable for one or two gents.

MAGNOLIA AV., 3119—Four rooms, $11.

MISSISSIPPI AV., 1022—Rooms, all newly furnished; gas, bath and furnace.

5TH AND CLARK AV.—Rooms, single, for men, $1 per week; beds, 15c.

14TH ST., 112 S.—Nicely furnished rooms for gents or light housekeeping.

18TH ST., 1204½ S.—Nice furnished rooms.

Miscellaneous.

ROOMS—For rent, new and neatly fur. rooms to transients. Add. W 155, this office.

Property Out of City for Sale.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

FOR SALE—700 to 1,200 acres of land on the L. & N. R. R., station on same 6 miles south of Mobile, Ala.; A No. 1 vegetable land for shipping to Western markets; a fine range, plenty of grass, a good dairy site; price of milk at Mobile, per gal., wholesale, 30c; retail, 40c; cream, per gal., $2; land has water fence on three sides. Add. Steiner Bros., Mobile, Ala.

Money to Loan on Per. Property

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

A LARGE lot of unredeemed overcoats for sale low at S. VAN RAALTE & CO.'S Loan Office, 12 and 14 S. 4th st.

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $35 and upwards on household furniture and other security; parties wishing advances will be treated fairly and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1015 Morgan st.

CONFIDENTIAL LOANS negotiated on furniture, pianos, building association stock, etc.; terms and rates to suit borrowers. Guarantee and Storage Co., 717 Market st.

LOANS on furniture in residence, city real estate and all good securities; fair and reasonable terms. Room 2, 904 Olive st.

LOANS on furniture and pianos without removal at low rates; easy monthly payments; sums to suit. 515 Pine st., second floor.

LOANS on furniture, pianos, building association stock and other good securities. Collateral Loan Co., 108 N. 8th, room 1. R. W. Staley, Secretary.

MONEY loaned on clothing, diamonds, watches, chains, guns, revolvers, trunks, medical instruments, etc., at Dunn's Loan office, 912 Franklin av.

ST. LOUIS MORTGAGE CO.

Loans money on furniture and building books; can keep possession of your property and pay off loans in installments and save interest; no commission and business confidential; lowest rates in city. 818½ Chestnut st.; second floor.

COMMERCIAL LOAN CO.

Reliable parties can borrow money on furniture and pianos without removal at lowest rates; in sums and terms to suit; easy monthly payments; business confidential. 712 Pine st., 2d floor.

FURNITURE LOANS.

Money to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. Union Loan Co., 1008 Pine st.

MONEY TO LOAN

On furniture and pianos in any amount you desire without removing property from your house; money can be paid back in installments and save interest; no commission or charges for papers; you can get the money the same day you apply for it. John C. King, 814 Morgan st. Business private.

FURNITURE MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,

1303 Washington Av., 2d Floor.

Will loan you any sum you desire from $10 up on furniture and pianos at the lowest rates, and with no extra charge of any kind, and give you as long time as you want to repay same; you can pay the money back in any amount you wish and at any time, and each payment so made will reduce the cost of the loan; or when you borrow the money you can sign notes payable monthly; the notes will include the money you borrow and expenses; each time you pay you take up a note and when you pay all the notes you have signed you will be through; you won't owe us a cent; we also give you a written agreement that if you pay the loan off in full before the notes expire that we will give you a rebate on all notes that are not due. If you have bought furniture or a piano on time and cannot meet your payment, let us know and we will advance you the money to pay it; we do not remove any goods, but leave them in your possession; we will guarantee our terms to be the cheapest and easiest in the city, and in case of sickness we extend payment; also loans made in the suburbs of the city and East St. Louis. Call once and we will give you any information you wish. Our office is open from 7 a. m. to 8 p. m. Notary in office.

FURNITURE MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
1303 WASHINGTON AV. 2D FLOOR.

IF YOU WANT HELP, or a ROOM or BOARD or BOARDERS, a small advertisement in the POST-DISPATCH want columns will cost you less than a cent a word—5 cents per line of seven words.

Boarding.

5 cents per line each insertion.

North.

DAYTON ST., 2949—Elegantly fur. rooms; 1st-class board; hot and cold water; terms very reasonable.

GARRISON AV., 1013 N.—Second floor front and other rooms; good board; table boarders solicited.

LOCUST ST., 2113—Nicely-furnished rooms; first-class board.

MORGAN ST., 2801—One or two nicely furnished rooms, with or without board; reasonable.

MORGAN ST., 3126—Attractive rooms with same kind of boarding; pleasant people only wanted.

MORGAN ST., 2740—Newly-furnished rooms with board and room for three or four gents or married couple, with gas, fire and bath; $5 per week; private family.

OLIVE ST., 325—Corner of 4th, boarders wanted, married or single.

OLIVE ST., 2309—Fur. rooms with or without board; home cooking.

OLIVE ST., 2829—Two nicely furnished rooms for 4 gents, without board.

OLIVE ST., 2829—2 nicely furnished rooms for 4 gents, with board.

OLIVE ST., 3953—One large room nicely furnished, with board and steam heat.

PAGE AV., 3648—Elegantly furnished front and connecting room, single or ensuite, with board; reasonable.

WARE AV., 511—Handsomely furnished room and first-class board; all modern conveniences; refs. exchanged.

Miscellaneous.

ROOMS—Family living near King's highway, convenient to Page av. electric line and Easton av. cable will give pleasant room with board to man and wife for $35 per month. Add. M 176, this office.

Houses, Rooms, Etc., Wanted

5 cents per line each insertion.

ROOM—Wanted by young lady a furnished room in respectable private family; Hickory st., Morrison av. or Rutger st. preferred. Add. D 180, this office.

For Rent—Dwellings.

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

FOR RENT
—BY—
J. E. KAIME & BRO.,
House and Real Estate Agents,
619 Chestnut Street.

No. 3412 Franklin av., 2-story stone-front house 8 rooms, hall, gas, bath and furnace; $40.
No. 931 N. 19th st., 6 rooms, 2-story brick house; hall, etc.; $20.50.
2846 Morgan st., 2-story brick house, 7 rooms; gas, bath, etc.; $27.50 per month.
2800 Morgan st., 12-room 3-story brick house, with hall, gas, bath and furnace; $40 a month.

FOR RENT—Very desirable new brick house, 6 rooms, bath and all modern improvements; on Morgan st., near 31st; very low.
J. E. KAIME & BRO., 619 Chestnut st.

FOR RENT—Seven rooms, in good order; swell front house, with all conveniences; $23 per month. Apply to
J. E. KAIME & BRO., 619 Chestnut st.

FOR RENT.

We have 3731 and 3733 Delmar av. for rent very low to desirable permanent tenants; nine rooms, exclusive of laundry; every modern convenience and in perfect order.
J. E. KAIME & BRO., 619 Chestnut st.

To Let for Business Purposes.

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

FRANKLIN AV., 516—Apply to
TIFFANY REAL ESTATE CO.,
415 Locust st.

Flats for Rent.

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

GET a move on you and rent that elegant flat, 2634 Howard st. MEAGHER & NAGLE, Ninth and Chestnut sts.

OLIVE ST., 3711—Flat, 9 rooms, bath, laundry, porches; janitor; steam heat; hot water; $35 and $40 per month. C. H. Evans, 915 Locust st.

ST. VINCENT AV., 3103—New 3 and 4-room flats; low rent.

ST. VINCENT AV., 2844—New 1st-floor flat, five rooms, newly papered; $22.

City Real Estate for Sale.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

CHEAPEST LOT
In Fullerton's
WESTMINSTER PLACE

To an immediate buyer we offer one of the very choicest lots in this beautiful place at $140 per foot. Located between Boyle and Newstead, north side, 425 feet west of Boyle. High, solid ground. This price will not hold good long. It is a bargain

ANDERSON-WADE REALTY CO.

All Sorts.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

1,000 FINE walnut 8-day strike and alarm clocks, $1.50 to $3; fine Ansonia mantel clocks, $5 to $13; at Dunn's Loan Office.

STOVE REPAIRS.

Castings and repairs for stoves and ranges of every description. A. G. Brauer, 219 Locust st.

Miscellaneous Wants.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

ANY responsible party wishing to adopt a nice, healthy baby can find same by addressing H 173, this office.

OVERCOAT WANTED—Good second-hand overcoat, No. 35 or 36, for cash. Add. C 180, this office.

STOVE—Wanted, soft coal heating stove; must be good one; state price. Ad. F 182, this office.

Improv'd City Property for Sale

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

FOR SALE—Or exchange for unimproved property, 2 9 room brick residences, all modern improvements; lot 58x125; bargains; $5,500; on Flad av., three squares north of Tower Grove Park.
OTIS & PETIT REAL ESTATE CO.,
422 Odd Fellows' Building.

FOR RENT.

Stores—the corner store in the Aubert place arcade, cor. Euclid av. and St. Louis & Suburban road; No. 1 location for grocery store or baker and confectioner; also two small stores, good location for barber or notion store; cheap rent.
D. B. BRENNAN R. E. CO.,
818 Chestnut st.

MAGNIFICENT HOME

We offer for sale one of the handsomest residences in Westminster Place and in a most desirable part of the street, being No. 3802, contains 12 rooms, 2 bath rooms, marble tiled, beautiful reception hall, handsomely finished interior, hardwood. Heated by hot water. A. F. Rosenheim, Architect. Constructed during the dull season and the builder took advantage of low prices. There is no prettier or more substantial house in St. Louis and we can sell it cheaper than it could be duplicated to-day. Lot 37½ feet front. We can give unusually easy terms. House open for inspection.

Parties contemplating the purchase of a handsome home in a thoroughly safe and desirable locality at a low figure will do well to see this property.

PRICE, $16,500.

Anderson-Wade Realty Co.
EIGHTH AND LOCUST.

HIGH CLASS
Business Property
FOR SALE
Or Will
Lease and Improve
To Suit Tenant.

52 feet 5 inches frontage on north side **Market Street, Between Broadway and 6th Street,** and 115 feet deep to a 15 foot alley. This property, in the heart of the business center—on Market street—the direct line to Union Station, new City Hall, and within one block of three of the largest Hotels in the city, should demand the immediate attention of investors. It is a rare chance, and will be sold or leased at a great bargain. See

Nicholls-Ritter
Realty and Financial Co.,
Phone 855. **712 Chestnut St.**

Money to Loan on Real Estate

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

WE have money to loan in amounts of $300, $500, $400, $500, $600, $700, $800, $900, $1,000 to $50,000 on first-class city real estate security.
JOHN H. TERRY & SONS,
621 Chestnut st.

LEGAL.

NOTICE is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Katie G. Kauffman, deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court, of the city of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.
F. K. KAUFFMAN,
Administrator of Katie M. Kauffman, deceased.
St. Louis October 9, 1894. 2185

NOTICE is hereby given to the creditors of Robert Henry Kyle that on Monday, the 3d day of December, 1894, at the opening of court, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, I shall apply to the Circuit Court for a discharge from my trust as assignee of said Robert Henry Kyle.
1923 A. B. GARVIN, Assignee.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Louisa Vesper, deceased, that I, the undersigned executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.
PAUL H. BIERMAN, Executor.
St. Louis, Nov. 5, 1894. 2181

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Bernhardt Mundt, Deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.
C. HENRY MUNDT,
Administrator of the Estate of Bernhardt Mundt.
St. Louis, Nov. 5, 1894. 2179

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE—Notice is hereby given to all of the creditors of Outdoor Sports Company that I will on the 26th, 27th and 28th days of December, 1894, at my office, room 69 Gay Building, No. 204 North Third street, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, proceed publicly to adjust and allow demands against the estate and effects assigned to me of Outdoor Sports Company for the benefit of creditors, and will continue said hearing on all of aforesaid days. JOHN F. M'DERMOTT,
Assignee of Outdoor Sports Co.
St. Louis, Nov. 26, 1894. 2264

IF YOU WANT HELP, or a ROOM, or BOARD, or BOARDERS, A small advertisement in the POST-DISPATCH want columns will cost you less than a cent a word—5 cents per line of seven words.

LEGAL.

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas, Benjamin Phul and Martha Von Phul, his wife, of the [city] of St. Louis, Missouri, by their certain deed of trust dated the 3d day of September, 188[illegible] recorded in book 707, page 512, in the office [of the] Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, Missouri, conveyed to Edward T. Farish, as t[rustee], the following described real estate situated [in the] city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: [A lot] of ground in block No. 2288 S. of the city [of St.] Louis, Missouri, and being the eastern 40 [feet of] lot No. 19 of Delmar avenue addition, [having a] fronting 40 feet on the south line of Delmar [avenue] by a depth of 142 feet 6 inches to an alle[y]; whereas, the principal note secured by sai[d deed] of trust is now long past due and remains [unpaid]; and whereas, the said Edward T. Farish [has re]fused to act as trustee in executing said [deed of] trust, and the Circuit Court of the City [of St.] Louis, Missouri, did thereupon on the 23d [day of] November, 1894, appoint the undersigned su[ccessor] of said Edward T. Farish to execute said [deed of] trust; now, therefore, at the request of th[e legal] holder and owner of said note and deed o[f trust], first hereinbefore mentioned, and in pursu[ance of] the conditions of said deed of trust, I, the [under]signed trustee, will on
THURSDAY, THE 20TH DAY OF DECE[MBER,]
1894,
Between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 p. m. of that day, at the east front door [of the] Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State [of Mis]souri, proceed to sell at public vendue, to th[e high]est bidder, for cash, the real estate abo[ve de]scribed, for the purpose of said trust.
M. W. HUFF, Tru[stee].
St. Louis, November 24, 1894.
HENRY BOEMLER, Attorney.

ESTATE of Henry C. Meyer, Deceased—N[otice is] hereby given that Letters Testamentary [on the] estate of Henry C. Meyer, deceased, were [granted] to the undersigned by the Probate Court [of the] City of St. Louis, on the twenty-fourth [day] of November, 1894.
All persons having claims against said est[ate] are required to exhibit the same to the unde[r]signed for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.
Dated this 24th day of November, 1894.
WILHELMINA MEYER,
2263 Executrix of Henry C. Meyer, Deceased.

ESTATE of Charles Masschelein, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration with the will annexed on the estate of Charles Masschelein, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 12th day of November, 1894.
All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.
Dated this 12th day of November, 1894.
RENE DEYONGHE,
2262 Administrator with the Will Annexed.

ESTATE of George H. Feldwisch, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that Letters Testamentary on the estate of George H. Feldwisch, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 24th day of November, 1894.
All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.
Dated this 24th day of November, 1894.
2259 LOUISE R. FELDWISCH, Executrix.

NOTICE OF ADMINISTRATION, De Bonus Non—Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration de bonus non upon the estate of John H. Feldwisch, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, bearing date the 24th day of November, A. D. 1894.
The authority of George H. Feldwisch, the former administrator of said estate, ceased on the 16th day of November, A. D. 1894, by reason of his decease. JOSEPH H. ZUMBALEN,
Administrator De Bonus Non of the Estate of John H. Feldwisch, Deceased.
St. Louis, Mo., November 24, 1894. 2260

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a general and special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term 1894, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein Michael Theby is plaintiff and the Carondelet Real Estate Co., a corporation, Mathilda Lange, Charles F. Vogel, Henry Ziegenhein, The Mechanics' Bank, a corporation, and the Lafayette Bank, a corporation, are defendants. I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situate in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri and charged with the mechanic's lien on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit: Lot in city block No. 2984 of said city and bounded as follows: beginning at a point in the west line of South Sixth street, distant northwardly 125 feet 11¼ inches from the point of intersection betwen the north line of Haven street and the west line of South Sixth street, and extending thence northwardly along said last-named line a distance of 46 feet 7 inches, and thence westwardly at right angles to said last-named line, a distance of 114 feet and 5 inches to the east line of an alley, and thence southwardly along said alley line and parallel with the said west line of South Sixth street a distance of 46 feet 7 inches, and thence 114 feet 5 inches in a direct line eastwardly to the point of beginning, together with a certain two-story brick dwelling-house situated thereon, and I will on
SATURDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF DECEMBER,
1894,
between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the East front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above-described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.
PATRICK M. STAED,
Sheriff, City of St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 23, 1894. 2250

ST. LOUIS NATIONAL BANK and T. S. Teuscher vs. Charles Klein and Charles A. Seeger—Circuit Court, city of St. Louis, June term, 1894. Attachment 96,639.
Take notice that in pursuance of an order of the Circuit Court in the above cause, I will on the 1st day of December, 1894, at 12 o'clock noon, sell at public auction at the east entrance to the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, to the highest bidder for cash, all outstanding accounts of Charles Klein & Co. Any additional information can be had upon application to me at room 705 Security building.
EDGAR R. ROMBAUER,
Receiver to Collect, etc., of Chas. Klein & Co.
2245

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of two executions issued from the office of the Clerk to the Circuit Court, city of St. Louis, returnable of the December term, 1894, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of Lewis J. Sharp, plaintiff, and against Selma Watson and Clinton W. Watson, defendants, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the defendant, Selma Watson, above named, of, in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:
Part of lot No. 11 of subdivision of Henry Morris' estate in city block 1276, city of St. Louis, Mo., fronting 50 feet 2½ inches, more or less, on north line of Park avenue, by a depth northwardly of 333 feet, more or less, bounded on the north by north line of said lot 11, east by east line of said lot 11, south by Park avenue and west by lot of Odell Greffet, and also part of said lot No. 11, being in city block 1276 of said city, fronting 55 feet [illegible] inches on the north line of an alley, 15 feet w[ide, by a] depth northwardly of 58 feet 7 inches, more [or less, to] the south line of Mullikin's Addition, b[ounded on] the north by south line of Mullikin's add[ition, west] by lot now or formerly of Rosalie Greffet, [south by] alley 15 feet wide and west by lot now o[r formerly] of Chas. C. Carroll of city of St. L[ouis], which he acquired by deed record[ed in book] 954, page 512, St. Louis Record[er's office], and I will, on
SATURDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF DE[CEMBER,]
1894,
Between the hours of nine o'clock in th[e forenoon] and five o'clock in the [afternoon] of that day, at the east front door of [the Court-]house, in the City of St. Louis, State o[f Missouri,] sell at public auction, to the highest [bidder, for] cash, all the right, title, interest, claim, [estate and] property of the above named defend[ant, Selma] Watson, of, in and to the above described [real estate] to satisfy said execution and costs.
PATRICK M. S[TAED],
Sheriff of the City of [St. Louis].
St. Louis, Mo. Nov. 20, 1894.

LOVED A GHOST.

Strange Phenomena at the Florence Carnival.

It was carnival time in Florence.

All carnival seasons are alike there. One sees the same jostling throng, the same kaleidoscope flashings of color one saw in seasons past. And yet the time seems ever new; the people have looked for it so long. It is as if the secret springs of boxed-up emotion had been touched, and the contents had issued into the world of sunlight and song.

Standing on one of the high piazzas that looked down into the street was a typical lover of life—a young man in whose eyes love of pleasure and susceptibility to variety shone.

"Who goes there, Bertram?" inquired he suddenly of a companion at his side—a man strangely dissimilar in temperament; in whose veins the blood ran sluggishly; whose spirit had been made subservient to the rule of reason.

"How can I tell? Is the crowd so small that one face stands out from all the rest?" And he laughed sneeringly at the hot-headed questioner.

"Have done with your trifling, Bertram," replied Guido Forcellini. "Do you [illegible] see one—look!—in black, man—a woman, tall, well-formed, and as lissome as the young palm trees of the Orient. She wears a yellow rose in her dark hair. I fancy I can note its perfume even here. Ah!" and he caught his friend ecstatically by the arm.

The other winced at the touch.

"I see no one—at least not your incognita. My eyes do not seem trained toward the track of beauty. To me, it is a multitude, a swarming, pleasure-seeking mass, heedless of everything but filling up the hours."

"But this one, Bertram. She seems not one of the crowd. Look! over by the harlequin in painted red and blue, near the little flower vender in her tri-colored gown. She stands between them and some one follows at her side—one masked as a scholar, in cap and gown."

"Ah—yes! yes! I mark him now. But does she seem different from the rest? Now, that you direct my eyes, I behold fairer forms flitting in and out, with not so much haughtiness and dignity, I warrant you! For my part, I like—"

But Guido did not stay for his opinion. In a moment he had fled—fled like an antelope, leaving Bertram Coverly to gaze in surprise, and to strain his eyesight in the effort to discover the whereabouts of his friend.

"The boy is crazy!" decided he, pettishly, knocking off the ashes of his cigar upon the balcony railing, staring moodily all the while into the street.

"We are being followed, Eccelenza," declared the man in the cap and gown. "Be very quiet, and look neither to the right nor left. Our pursuer is a young man; of distinction, it seems, and of princely bearing. Trust to me. I shall elude him." And his words came quietly and firmly.

The masked lady was not different from the rest of her sex. It was impertinent, truly, in the fellow to pursue them, even if such things were countenanced [illegible] thought common at such times; but if one knew her rank, why, one would not——

She could not finish the thought. Had not Ludovico said the stranger was of noble appearance, and young? That made a difference. Perhaps he saw in her some resemblance to a friend; perhaps her attire was unusual. No, it was quiet enough. She had donned it purposely.

"Is he still coming towards us, Ludovico?" asked she, her tone vibrant with the excitement of mystery.

"Yes, Eccelenza; at equal pace, almost. But be of good courage. Let us turn at this corner and be lost in the crowd."

The vigilant attendant watched his opportunity. At the corner, where the crowd was densest, he seized his mistress' arm, and unhesitatingly and quickly wedged through the mass. It was done! They were safe.

Out upon the Via di Bardi it was more quiet. The attraction centered in the street they had just left, and the stranger, doubtless, had remained there.

Ludovico looked to see.

Was the devil aiding the stranger? There he was, about ten paces back. One could not be deceived as to his dress, his face, his personality.

"She shall not know it," decided the attendant. "It might serve to heighten curiosity, and that is closely allied to interest."

"Call a carroza," commanded his mistress. "The distance is great. I have had enough of this senseless rabble, and the guests will be waiting."

He was on the point of doing so, when three boisterous rioters came toward them. They were reeling in a manner not to be mistaken, and were hurling through the air the missiles that form one of the drawbacks of carnival time.

He called loudly. He co[uld s]ee a carroza a little distance away, bu[t the] stupid driver was either hard of hea[ring] or his attention too much rivted upon the gayety round him.

"Hey! Here stari[s] one—fair, too, by heaven!" came to [th]e astonished ears of the attendant. "Pr[e]tty one, the throng is for you. May I?"—

But Ludovico's st[r]ong fist had sent him reeling backward.

The others interposed. A scuffle was about to ensue.

"Stand back, blac[k]guard," a voice suddenly exclaimed. T[h]e tone was musical, even in its peremptor[y] command.

"Signora, permit [m]e to offer my protection to escort you to some safe retreat."

"If you will be so kind, Signor. My attendant and I are [u]nfortunate, and have strayed into a nest [o]f hornets. I fear he is badly frightened."

"No, no, signora! [I] only fear for you," replied Ludovico, st[ea]dily.

It was also fear o[f] another kind. Here stood the stranger [t]hat he had watched pursuing them. It w[a]s either the work of the evil one or fate.

At the crossing a [c]arroza was found.

"Permit me, signo[r]a, to see you safely to your home," ple[a]ded Guido Forcellini. And the incognita bo[w]ed in acquiescence.

II.

The carroza rolled [s]wiftly along, and in half an hour it sto[p]ped before a dark house, in which no on[e] seemed dwelling.

The three alighted.

"Lead the way, L[u]dovico!" commanded his mistress.

Guido had been q[u]ietly talking during their progress.

"Who is he?" th[o]ught she, convinced that he was no com[m]on person, for his conversation was fl[ue]nt and bright, his manner betokening [a] frequenter of society.

"Why not tender h[is] hospitality for one evening?" thought sh[e]. "He is young and a gentleman, and [at] carnival time one makes merry."

They passed through a vestibule, at the end of which was seen a winding stairway.

Following Ludovico, Guido found himself and the signora at a door that looked dark and forbidding. If he had stepped back a little he would have seen a chink of light through the keyhole and a horizontal bar of light beneath the door. A sound of merry voices was heard within.

Guido paused, but the signora reassured him.

"Enter," said she; "they are all friends and relatives. When they hear my story they will be your friends, too. Take this," and she placed in his hand a small black mask.

He put it upon his face. It entirely concealed his features.

She gave a direct tap on the door.

Guido saw a table, around which eleven maskers sat.

"What is she doing here?" thought he, following her down the long room, while through his mind ran thoughts of secret societies, political intrigue and danger—perhaps to himself.

"A gentleman, signor, who befriended me from the mob," she announced to a tall and well-built man occupying the end of the table.

"And where were you, Paulina?" he inquired, as he extended his hand to the stranger and bade him be seated.

"I had been to the home of Lina Palero, my old nurse. I masked according to her suggestion. One beholds life at such times, and Ludovico was with me."

The tall man looked grateful for Guido's assistance and disposed to be friendly.

Guido looked around the board. They were still masked, although the feast was not yet over. Their voices were low and gentle and their conversation treated of by-gone days more than of the present.

Guido felt a peculiar influence while sitting there. The lights were bright, the table appointments brilliant and beautiful, the parti-colored dresses like so many gems against the dark oak walls.

"Into what place have I been led?" thought he, dubiously, and he almost wished to be free.

But the voice of the signora recalled him from his dreaming. She was speaking to him; and her voice was as ringing and as clear as a bell.

"And do you like our domain, signor?" asked she. "Is it not secluded, mysterious and yet attractive?"

"More than I can tell you, signora. May I not see it again—see you;—hear your voice? Tell—"

"Hs—h! He will hear you."

"And who is 'he,' signora?" asked he, following the direction of her glance.

"My husband. I am married. Did you not guess?" And she looked upon him kindly.

"No—no—no!" came in gasps from his throat. "How could I know?"

"It is best that you know now," she replied. "Besides, the feast is almost at an end. Midnight is near, and we go then."

"Go where?"

"To our homes."

"But is not this your home? You told me so."

A growing horror seized him. The faces around him, now unmasked, looked ghastly white, and on closer observation he saw that the dresses were of ancient fashioning. The signora's ball gown was of white, in startling contrast to her black eyes and hair. Even the pearls twined about her braids seemed lusterless.

"You must leave us now," said she. "You will hear the signal. It is a warning that the feast is over," and she looked long into his face.

Her eyes impressed him strangely. They had a fathomless look.

As in a dream, he heard a low silver whistle.

The company rose to their feet[illegible] was given. "To the victory of m[illegible] one, and every glass was drained[illegible]

As in a dream Guido was led out[illegible] signora walked with him to the d[oor illegible] yellow rose fell from her hair to [illegible] He picked it up. A peculiar shiv[er illegible] through his hand at contact with [illegible]som.

"Addio!" said she, and pressed [illegible] his fingers a card.

Before he had time to reply he [illegible] gently out into the street. The doo[r illegible] as if the hinges were rusty and h[illegible] long unused. He hardly looked [illegible] where he was; a dazed feeling w[illegible] him.

* * * * * *

"Where have you been?" inqui[red Ber]tram Coverly, as he knocked that [illegible] Guido's door.

"I followed her—the woman w[ith the] yellow rose in her hair. A beauty, [illegible] a superb mansion. I defended h[er from] some insolent revellers and escorte[d her to] her dwelling place."

"Who is she?" asked his friend, [looking] at the [fl]ower in his hand.

"Wait; I have a card," answered [illegible] "Here it is," and he thrust it [into his] friend's hand:

"The Marchesa di Farnese."

"Why, man, she has been dead h[illegible] years. She was a famous beau[ty and a] political intriguer." And he star[ed into] Guido Forcellini's face. "You are [dream]ing or have been," asserted Coverl[y. "No] such person now exists, old fellow!"

"Then where did this come from?" [asked] Guido, holding up the rose.

It fell to pieces in his hand an[d fell] upon the table like a little heap [illegible] emitting a strange, deathlike odor.

"Great God!" exclaimed Bertr[am Cov]erly.

The clock struck 1.—Nina Picken [illegible] Democrat.

HEY ARE BACK

...nald and Howe Have Re...rned From Philadelphia.

...to Say About the Case, but Offer Much on Harrigan.

...ALD SAYS THE FIDELITY IS ...ING AN ADVERTISING SCHEME.

...e Has Read Up What Has Been ...ted Since His Departure He Will, ...ays, Retaliate On the St. Louis ... of Police—Howe Has Taken His ...From His Counsel.

Mar...ll F. McDonald, the attorney for Jeptha Howe, who is so deeply involved in the Pitezel insurance swindle, returned from Philadelphia on a morning train. He was seen shortly after his arrival at his office by a Post-Dispatch reporter.

"Mr. McDonald," began the reporter, "will you give the Post-Dispatch an interview about the result of your trip?"

"Well," replied the lawyer, "I have not seen any of the St. Louis papers since I left the city. I understand this man Harrigan has been making some cracks about me. When I have had an opportunity to read what he has said I will talk."

By Mr. McDonald's turning of the reporter's question from the result of his trip to "this man Harrigan," it was evident that the reporter and the lawyer had different estimates of the importance of features of the great insurance swindle.



Jeptha Howe.

McDonald, when seen later, stated that, in his belief Pitezel was dead and that the insurance company knew he was dead.

"They have gone into an investigation of the case," he said, "merely for advertising purposes. When the first hint of fraud came the company's officers held a meeting in Philadelphia, at which the advisability of an investigation was discussed. They had almost decided not to undertake it, when Detective Gary, who was present, pointed out the tremendous advertisement its ventilation in all the newspapers of Boston, Philadelphia and St. Louis would be. On this theory it was undertaken.

"In an advertising circular they have been sending around the country they state that they themselves secured the services of "an old friend," who was Howard, to identify the body of Pitezel. The circular contains Mrs. Pitezel's letter of thanks to the company for settling her claim.

Pitezel is dead and they know it. Howard murdered him, Howard's confession implicating Howe was made to shield him from the more serious charge of murder. From what Howe has told me I know I could prove him the murderer, but I am not the authorities of Philadelphia."

A STATEMENT SO CALLED.

This afternoon Jeptha Howe, who returned with Mr. McDonald, offered at the various newspaper offices a bald statement of his innocence and of the fact that he would not answer any questions on the points indicative of his guilt. This on the advice of Philadelphia counsel. The greater part of the two pages of typewritten copy was devoted to the abuse of Chief of Police Harrigan—the indicted lawyer's legal advisers apparently not appreciating the fact that Howe, and not the head of the Police Department, is on trial just now.

CRAP SHOOTERS.

Eighty-four of Them Arraigned in Judge Paxson's Court.

The eighty-four crap shooters corraled by Sergts Walsh and McKenna in their raid on three saloons in the vicinity of Eleventh and Morgan streets Saturday night, were arraigned before Judge Paxson in the Second District Police Court Monday morning. Their cases werecompromised, sixteen of the defendants paying ...ts and the other sixty-eight being discharged. Those who forked over $3.50 to ...uty Marshal Dick Boese were Heil ...ken... ...ays Marshall, Isaac Bolland, Monroe Thompson, Frank ...nas Easton, Dick Carr, George Dingehouser, Hugh ...henot, James Wilson and

policy of the ... parties and t... party for the... The meetin... order that de... Congress, to... went, might... ference.

Among th... Warner calle... Representati... sylvania; J... Treasurer; ... T. W. Tiler... Little Rock... Henry Mill... Richard Pa... M. Devine... D. Prentiss... Chicago, ... tions; Col. A... Maxwell of ... Populist Sta... of Mt. Vern... ive Farmer; ... eck of Mars... ulist Nation... of Nashville... Moines and ... Bryan has a... part in the ... of Council B...

Gen. War... gramme arr... would be in... meetings w... the adjourn... said, attemp... friends of si... order to obt... the United ... gether, I s... be done."

The prese... congress i... thought, br... two bodies ... lation.

...LY VOLLEY.

...p of Lumbermen by Un... ...wn Persons.

...a., Nov. 26.—While Lum... ...bore and James Wilson ... hands were standing ...seshoe Pond last night a ...e fired into their midst, ...ollows: ...obably fatally wounded. ...everal wounds in the ... in the leg. ...lored, shot in the leg. ...shots were fired at the ...whom they had worsted ... Several arrests have

...OGERS MISLED.

...y Clergy for Marrying ..."Miss" Stevens.

...DA..., Nov. 26.—Canon W. ...Episcopal Cathedral, who ...married Joseph K. Em... ...d his leading lady, May ...sorely bothered by let... ...rgy and churchmen all ...They call his attention ...of the church, which for... ...an from marrying di... ...ept the innocent party ...ulness. ...ays he performed the ...suspicion that either of ...arried. He was further ...arriage license, which ..."miss" before the lady's

...of Electricity.

Felt at ... Un...

ROME, N... vertical ea... ecia, fifty... day. A ... was expert... Verona at... second sho...

...ecent determination of ...smallest possible quan... ...hich may be termed an ...is such that 430 mul... three times, that is, ...lion, will give the num... ...s contained in a cou... thing as an atom of ...the opinion of no less ...Prof. Von Helmholtz.

QUEER STORY.

Mrs. Harry Armitage Tells One to the St. Louis Police.

Wife of the Missing Loan Association Manager Arrives From Chicago.

VISIT OF A WEST END WIDOW AND THE TALE SHE TOLD.

Tried to Convince Mrs. Armitage That Her Husband Had Deceived Both of Them and Other Women—Mrs. Armitage Now Thinks the Woman Had a Purpose in Coming to Her—Will Search for Her Husband.

Mrs. Harry Armitage wife of the manager of the Aetna Loan Association, who, on Oct. 15, after drawing $3,000 out of the bank, dropped out of sight, appeared at the Four Courts about 9 a. m. and had a long consultation with Chief Desmond, during which she furnished the police with a complete description of her missing spouse, and a number of other details of the case which had not as yet come to light. Mrs. Armitage arrived in St. Louis this morning from Chicago, whither she went on Sept. 11 last with the understanding that she was to be joined by her husband of six months.

STORY OF A WEST END WIDOW.

In a conversation with a Post-Dispatch reporter Mrs. Armitage said that she had, after arriving in Chicago, opened a flat at 259 Forty-second street, and there awaited the arrival of her husband in vain. Last Thursday one of the most peculiar features of the disappearance came to light at Chicago, according to Mrs. Armitage. On that day, while she was about to prepare for her return to St. Louis, a stout gray-haired woman about 35 years old, giving her name as Mrs. Marie Hoffner, and stating that she was a St. Louisan on her way to New York, called at her flat.

She introduced herself o Mrs. Armitage, so this lady claims, as the West End widow to whom Armitage had been engaged, it is said, to be married. She told Mrs. Armitage a great deal about her missing husband, which tended to destroy any spark of affection or hope which may still have lingered in the heart of the young and unfortunate wife. Mrs. Haffner told Mrs. Armitage that she lived at 2224 Pine street, in St. Louis, whic h address it has beeen learned is nothing but a vacant lot.

"She described my husband," continued Mrs. Armitage, "to perfection. She even noted the kind of jewelry he wore, as well as the kind of clothes. She went so far as to say that she had letters from my husband which she had packed in her trunk, then at the depot, and insisted on me going to the depot with her to see these letters. She told me about my husband's acquaintance with a number of women, inferring that she herself had been cast off by him for a lady named Stiepel, who lives with her mother, at 1900 Lami, and that the Stiepel woman was cast off by him for me. Then she inferred that I have been forsaken by him for some other woman."

"She also told me that there was a baby at the Stiefel house, and said that if this was published a certain young lady would get in trouble. She went on in this strain all day and I kept her at my flat all Thursday night. On the following day the 'West End Widow,' as she styled herself, declared that she would not go on to New York, but would return to St. Louis. I went with her to the depot to see the letters, but when I got to the depot I learned that she had no baggage and no letters from my husband. Furthermore, I learned that she had no idea ever of going to New York. We had a little scene at the depot, but the Mrs. Marie Hoffner finally took the train and returned to St. Louis.

"Altogether, the object of this woman's visit to me was to persuade me of the uselessness of searching for a man, who, according to her story, was so deceitful and unfaithful. According to Mrs. Hoffner she was engaged to marry my husband on March next.

HER SUSPICIONS.

"Since these visits of Mrs. Hoffner's to my house I have thought a great deal about the woman, and I have come to a pretty sound conclusion that Mrs. Hoffner, the alleged jilted West End widow is none other than a midwife, whose husband formerly worked for the Aetna Loan Association, and who disappeared after some stories of alleged irregularities in his monetary affairs became circulated. I think my husband is the victim of blackmail."

"STOP THIEF."

A Woman's Cries Create Commotion at the Four Courts.

Quite a little excitement was caused at the Four Courts by the efforts of a young lady to capture a man who, she claims, has robbed her, and whom she unexpectedly encountered in the corridors of the building. Lena Caltz is the name of the young woman in question, and she lives at 1419 South Thirteenth street. Some time ago, she alleges, she became acquainted with Harry Craig, an acrobatic performer, whose address she does not know. Craig, she alleges, borrowed two gold rings from her, and subsequently refused to return them.

Her visit to the Four Courts was for the porpose of laying the matter before the police. It so happened that Craig and a man named McNevins, who is said to be getting up a theatrical performance, entered the building at about the same time. The girl saw Craig and tried to catch hold of him. Craig started at once for the door at a 2:40 gait, and in a second the girl was in pursuit, loudly yelling "Stop thief!"

Her cries resounded through the building, and spectators, detectives, reporters and policemen joined in the chase. The fellow was caught two blocks from the Four Courts and locked up.

SOVEREIGN HERE.

Master Workman of the Knights of Labor on Work Accomplished.

James R. Sovereign, Master Workman of the Knights of Labor, and his family spent the day in St. Louis resting from the fatigue of traveling from New Orleans. He will leave in the evening for his home at Des Moines, Io.

He said the Executive Board would meet in a few weeks to transact business referred to it by the General Assembly. Speaking of the work of this body he said considerable advance had been made toward closer unity with the other national labor organizations, a general convention of these bodies being arranged for.

PROSPECTS OF PEACE.

China May Soon Make Direct Overtures to Japan.

LONDON, Nov. 26.—An official dispatch has been received here from Tokio saying that Japan has intimated that as soon as Chnia may make peace proposals Japan will accept the good offices of the United States in the negotiations with Pekin. The expectation is that China will now make direct overtures for peace to the Japanese Government.

Missouri Postmasters.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 26.—Missouri Postmasters were appointed to-day as follows: Black Oak, Caldwell County, F. H. Welsham, vice N. T. Post, resigned; Proctorville, Caldwell County, D. B. Burdick, ... C. Bancroft, resigned.

BOOMING!

A Strong Advance and Close in Wheat.

ALL THE MARKETS SHARE IN THE UPWARD TURN.

Building News From Europe—Heavy Corn Receipts—Commercial Notes—Trade Items.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 26, 1894.

It is a question in the minds of traders whether this prolonged drouth is really injurious to the winter wheat plant or not. The Topeka (Kan.) dispatch reporting ruined crops through the drouth is regarded as sensational. Letters, however, received here from different sections in Kansas, Missouri and Illinois report the plant as turning yellow and the roots very small, and the farmers claim it has no growth to withstand a severe winter.

A large farmer who handles 4,000 acres in Jefferson County, the southeastern part of Nebraska, says that the corn crop was the lightest crop there by 50 per cent he has seen there in twenty-one years. Wheat was fair, about 15 bu per acre. He was feeding 12,000 head of Western sheep and expected to use 30,000 bu of wheat. About 75 per cent of the wheat area harvested this summer was sown in the fall, and it was now suffering from dry weather.

The amount of wheat and flour afloat for Europe last week decreased 528,000 bu, and is now 26,968,000 bu against 32,752,000 bu one year ago, an increase there of 664,000 bu. Corn on ocean increased 343,000 bu last week, and is now 3,000,000 bu against 5,726,000 bu one year ago, an increase there of 995,000 bu.

A prominent miller just returned from the East says the Minneapolis Market Record reports flour stocks in that section very much lower than a year ago. He also says that his company has no more than 50 per cent of the stock in Erie and Buffalo they had a year ago.

A dispatch from Topeka says three-fourths of the wheat crop sown in the Western third of Kansas is ruined by the continued drouth. In the central belt the ground is very dry, and the plant will die if rains do not come very soon.

The local weather man says the West is, so far this season, twelve inches below an average since Jan. 1, and there are no signs of rain on the map.

The exports of wheat from Australia are 8,520,000 bu this season since Jan. 1 compared with 8,856,000 bu last year.

Stocks of flour in United Kingdom ports are considerably less than at corresponding time last year, the falling off being about 325,000 sacks.

The total supply of wheat in the Northwest out of farmers' hands is now 31,600,000 bu against 24,000,000 bu last year.

It is stated that France has begun to agitate for a further increase in the duty on grain.

Liverpool's stock of wheat is now 2,268,000 bu, a decrease of 532,000 bu last week, and of 1,012,000 bu since Nov. 1.

Most of the 62,000 bu shipped from this market was hard winter wheat passing through from the West to the seaboard for export.

W. E. Barnes, the Southwestern representative of the Northwestern Miller, just back from a trip into Kansas, says little wheat obtainable in that State a large amount still being fed and claimed that 10,000,000 bushel will be fed in that State this season. He also reports the crop suffering from the drought.

Another large increase in the wheat visible took place last week and the total is now nearly 2,000,000 bushels larger than the greatest amount in previous seasons. The amount on lakes and canal did not decrease enough last week to offset heavy Northwestern and seaboard increases. The increase was 1,662,000 bushels, making the total 83,944,000 bushels, against 77,290,000 bushels a year ago, when the incrase was 530,000 bushels. Corn increased 1,075,000 bushels last week and is now 3,840,000 bushels, against 7,762,000 bushels last year, an increase then of 200,000 bushels. Oats increased 81,000 bushels and is now 9,191,000 bushels, against 4,477,000 bushels last year. The available supply—visible and afloat on ocean—is now 110,912,000 bushel, against 110,035,000 bushels one year ago, and corn is 6,840,000 bushels, against 13,245,000 bushels last year.

Regular Cash Market Price.

	Monday.	Saturday	Year Ago
WHEAT.			
No 2 red	50⅝	50⅛	59
No 3 red	49⅝ b	49⅜ b	55¾
No 4 winter	48⅝ b	48⅜ b	58
CORN.			
No 2	44	44½	33⅞
No. 2 white	44	44⅜@½	33½
No 3	41⅞	41⅝	32½
OATS.			
No2	29¾ b	30 b	28
No 2 white	32 n	32 n	30½
No 3	28⅜ b	29 b	27

Future Prices.

	Closing Saturday.	Highest Sales.	Lowest Sales.	Closing Monday.
WHEAT.				
Dec.	50½ b	52	50⅝@¾	52 b
May	55⅝ b	57⅛@¼	55¾	57⅛@¼ a
CORN.				
Dec.	44⅞ b	44⅞	44⅜@½	45½ a
May	45⅛ a	45⅝	45⅛	45⅝ a
OATS.				
May	32½ b	32½	31⅞	32⅛
WHEAT.				
May	58⅞@	60¼	58⅜@⅞	60¼ a
CORN.				
May	48½@⅝	48⅞@⅞	48@⅛	48⅞
OATS.				
May	32¼	32⅜	32	32⅜
PORK.				
Jan	12.10	12.07½	12.02½	12.07½
LARD.				
Jan	7.00	7.00@02½	6.97½	7.00@02½
SHORT RIBS.				
Jan	6.05	6.07½	6.00	6.07½

CHICAGO, Nov. 26.—Wheat—Nov. 54⅞@55c; Dec. 55c; May, 60¼c a. Corn—Nov. 48¾c; Dec. 47c; May, 48⅞c. Oats—Nov. 28½c; May, 32⅜c a. Pork—Nov. $12.07; Dec. $12.07. Clear ribs—Nov. $6.07; Jan. $6.07. Lard—Nov. 6.95c; Jan. 7.00@2c b.

Flaxseed—Cash, $1.45½@46c; Dec. $1.46 f; May, $1.46 a. Timothy seed—Cash, $5.60 n; Nov. $5.60 n. Clover seed—Cash, $9.25 n; Nov. $9.25 n.

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—Wheat—Dec. 59⅛c b; May, 63⅜c b. Corn—May, 52½c a. Oats—Dec. 33½c a.

TOLEDO, Nov. 26.—Wheat—Cash, 55c; Dec. 55½c; May, 59⅜c b.

MINNEAPOLIS, Nov. 26.—Wheat—Dec. 57½@⅝c; May, 60c a.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 27.—Barley—Cash, 58½c; Dec. 53½c.

Stocks of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	Monday	Saturday	Year Ago.
Wheat, bu	6,435,603	6,422,722	5,421,322
Corn, bu	329,392	277,261	72,114
Oats, bu	698,302	699,208	127,870
Rye, bu	6,534	6,534	1,895
Barley, bu	41,205	41,205	38,405
No 2 red win wheat	6,009,654	5,998,374	4,576,713
No 2 corn	140,614	116,273	49,232
No 2 oats	453,692	453,603	44,921
No 2 rye	6,089	6,089	1,805

Movement of Wheat and Corn, Nov. 26.

	Receipts. Wheat.	Receipts. Corn.	Shipments. Wheat.	Shipments. Corn.
St. Louis	21,991	101,144	62,216	2,500
Chicago	45,214	374,650	17,067	252,174
Toledo	19,350	112,134	900	210,800
Detroit	6,846	12,837	4,062	......
Kansas City	29,900	67,900	......	......
Milwaukee	24,050	7,150	650	650
Minn'polis	481,280	9,120	25,940	600
Duluth	234,147	......	196,961	......
New York	......	......	79,382	6,787
Baltimore	26,774	27,110	......	......
Philadel'ha	8,258	9,200	5,997	17,159
Boston	2,130	26,460	......	100

SHIPMENTS OF FLOUR—St. Louis, 3,360 bbs; Chicago, 25,180 bbls; Detroit, 600 bbls; Milwaukee, 41,840 bbls; Minneapolis, 46,379 bbls; New York, 6,255 bbls and 9,254 sks; Baltimore, 36,159 bbls; Boston, 915 bbls and 19,501 sks.

ON 'CHANGE.

Grain.

WHEAT—On a combination of bull news the opening was firm and the buying was good enough to advance the price ½c. There was a relapse on the visible increase, and all the advance lost, but rallied smartly on another batch of strong news, mainly from abroad, that came in late and sailed upward at a rapid rate. The advance was 1⅞@½c, and closed at the top and about ½c above Saturday.

There was quite an assortment of bull influences on hand this morning. The Liverpool cables were firm and ½d advance quoted (London was steady but quiet), the amount afloat showed over 500,000 bushels decrease, the Liverpool stock a further decrease and drouth continued in winter wheat sections. A Kansas report of damage from dry weather was also received, besides advices of the plant turning yellow in other sections. Against these were heavy Northwestern receipts—1,068 cars, against 1,201 last year—and prospects for a considerable increase in the visible. Winter wheat receipts at five Western points were only 123,000 bushels.

Clearances from four ports were 72,000 pkgs flour, but only 85,000 bu wheat. The increase of nearly 1,700,000 bu in the visible broke domestic markets, but they rallied very quickly on strong news from abroad; Liverpool ½@¾d higher. English visible decrease nearly 1,300,000 bu and a bad crop report from Argentina. This started the crowd to buying, and with shorts especially eager the demand was so strong that the price was rushed up and closed at the top.

Futures—Dec. opened at 50⅝c and sold to 51@¼c to 50⅝@¾c to 52c, and latter bid at close. May opened at 55⅝c and sold to 56¼c to 55¾c to 57⅛@¼c, and latter asked at close.

SPOT GRADES—Elevator buyers bid ¼c advance on the call, and the little offered there sold at that. No. 2 red and No. 2 hard were salable in United, Terminal and Farmers' at 50⅝c and No. 3 red at 49⅝c and No. 4 winter at 48⅝c in same houses.

Nothing particular was done after call, but the market nominally higher after futures advanced.

SAMPLES—Received 1,396 sks, 18 cars local and 11 cars through; higher by at least ½c and readier sale, as several millers were buying. On track No 2 sold at 51c and sacked lots at 50¼c for No 3, 50½c to 50⅝c for choice to fancy.

CORN—Increased receipts were too much for this market and caused prices to ease off at the opening, though wheat was stronger and foreign markets firm. At this point 100,000 bu in and at Chicago, the 790 cars were in excess of the estimates and total at four Western points was 656,000 bu. An increase of 343,000 bu was reported in amount afloat.

There was ⅜@½c decline in December and ¼c in May ere the downward tendency was checked; the increase of 1,075,000 bu in the visible being the latest unfavorable item. The rally inwheat had had a stimulating influence; later sellers became scarce and the price was bid up ¾@⅞c for December and ⅝c for May, and though the close was easy with sellers, showed ¼@⅜c advance over Saturday.

Futures—Dec opened at 44⅝c and sold to 44⅜@½c to 44⅞c and later 46¼c bid, but offered at 46½c at close. May opened at 45⅝c and sold to 45⅝c to 45¾c and latter asked at close.

SPOT GRADES—Lower and only salable to accumulative buyers at ⅜@½c decline; offerings much larger. No 2 and No 2 white sold on call at 44c and No 3 at 41¾c, at which rates all salable. No 3 white offered regular at 41¾c, bid 41¼c.

After call the same price paid and no demand, save as existed on call.

SAMPLES—Received, 1,258 sks, 76 cars local, 64 cars through. Only a light local feeding demand, but corn meal millers entirely out and white in sacks unsalable, and most track stock ordered to elevator to dispose of it. On the ear mixed sold at 38c and white at 40c; shelled at 41½c for No. 3 on track, 44c for white and yellow sks rtd.

OATS—Dull and weak for futures early, but primed up late. May sold at 31⅞c to 32¼c.

Spot Grades—No. 2 offered on call at 30¼, bid 29¾c, and for No. 3 E. Side, 28¾c bid.

SAMPLES—Received 38 cars local, 8 cars through. Dull and easy. Offerings larger and demand light, local feeders generally holding up for lower prices, and not wanting much anyway as it was the last of the month. Sellers would not give way, as a rule, and prices generally maintained. In special bin No 2 sold at 30¼c, Northern mixed at 31c,on E track No 2 at 30¼c and 31c, latter choice, 32½c for No 2 white, this side No 2 at 30¾c, No 2 color and No 3 white at 32c, No 2 white at 32c for light to 32½c for choice.

RYE—None offered and no bids.

BARLEY—The largest single purchase of barley ever made in this market was made by a local brewer, comprising one lot of 400,000 bu Minnesota, all particulars being withheld. Sales were also made of 10,000 bu Minnesota at 57¼c and 2 cars at 55c.

Hay.

Received, 370 tons; shipped, 41 tons. A fairly good business, though the market was quiet. Prices showed no change and were steady on the best grades, showing firmness. Local buyers, however, were only looking for choice and fancy timothy and prairie, which were in small supply, and the top grades absolutely scarce. Low grades dragged at low prices.

Sales: Track and Warehouse—This Side—Prairie—1 car common at $7.50, 1 fair (storage paid) at $8.25, 1 prime at $9, 1 strictly do at $9.50, 1 choice at $10, 1 strictly do at $10.50. Clover—1 car mixed at $11. Timothy—1 car low grade at $9, 2 strictly prime at $10.50, 7 choice at $11, 14 fancy at $11.50, 1 do at $11.75, 4 strictly do at $12, 2 gilt-edge at $12.75.

East Side—Clover—½ car stocky at $10, 1 at $11.50. Timothy—2 cars prime at $10, 1 strictly do at $10.50, 5 choice at $11, 10 strictly do at $11.50, 1 do at $11.75, 8 fancy (2 large-baled and 3 ½-baled 2 of which sold late Saturday) at $12.

Straw—Wheat salable East Side at $4 and $4.50 this side.

Flour and Feed.

Flour—Firm but quiet. Higher prices were asked, but buyers held aloof.

Patents	$2 50@2 60	Rye flour	$2 75@3 00
Extra fancy	2 25@2 35	Commeal	2 05@2 10
Fancy	2 05@2 15	Hominy	2 50@2 55
Choice	1 75@1 85	Grits	2 50@2 55

BRAN—East track stock in demand and 63c bid to-day's and 60c this week's delivery, but none to be had. Selling at mill at 64@65c.

Provisions.

PORK—Standard mess selling at $12.50; on orders, 50c per barrel more.

LARD—Prime steam at 6.80c; choice at 6.95c.

BACON—Packed shoulders, 6¼c; longs, 7⅛c; c'ribs, 7¼c; shorts, 7⅜c. On orders—Longs and c'ribs, 7½@⅝c; shorts, 7¾c.

DRY SALT MEATS—Shipping a@e f o b on cash orders—Loose shoulders, 5⅝c; long, 6¼c; ribs, 6⅜c; shorts, 6½c; boxed, 15c higher.

Highwines—Firm at $1.22.

Lead and Spelter.

LEAD—Weak and lower. Sellers at $2.90 and no sales.

SPELTER—Sellers at $3.12½ and $3.10 bid.

ON THE STREET.

[The Post-Dispatch quotations are for lots in first hands unless otherwise noted. Orders are filled with choice goods and are higher.]

Fruits.

Apples—An improved demand for fancy fruit for the holiday trade. Ben Davis range from $1.50@1.75 for small, to $2@2.25 for fair and $2.50@2.75 for fancy; Genitins at $1@1.25 for small to $1.40@1.60 for choice and $1.65@1.75 for fancy; Eastern at $1.75@2 for seconds, $2.25@2.50 for Baldwin and $2.50@2.75 for strictly fancy varieties.

Grapes—Quiet. Concord ranged from 8c to 15c per basket.

California Fruits—Quiet. Pears, $1.50@2; peaches, 75c@$1; quinces, 1.50@1.75; grapes, $1.25@1.50; plums, 75@90c.

Oranges—Supplies large and demand slow, as the quality of the Florida fruit is green and sour. Florida, $1.50@2; Mexican, $2.50@2.75 per box.

Lemons—Firm but quiet. Florida, $2.50@3 per box; Sicily, $4@4.50; Malaga $3.50@4.

Bananas—Selections suitable for filling orders sell at $1@1.50 per bunch, according to size.

Cocoanuts—Selling in round lots from first hands at $32@33 per 1,000—a small way at $3.75 per 100.

Cranberries—Cape Cod selling at $10@11 per bbl and $3.40 per box.

Dried Fruit—Steady, but quiet. Apples—Sun-dried quarters, 5¼@6c; evaporated rings, 5@6c, chopped, ¼c; cores and peelings, ¼@⅜c.

Vegetables.

Potatoes—Choice firm and in very good demand. Eastern burbank quotable at 56@60c; Northern stock, 40@45c for mixed and inferior to 50@55c for choice; home-grown, 35@40c; Montana, 45@60c. On country orders, 10c per bu more than foregoing prices are charged.

Onions—Steady and quiet. Fancy red globe, 60@65c per bu; choice yellow, 45@48c; sacked lots of Missouri and Iowa growth 25@35c for small and damaged to 40@50c for the best. On country orders 10c per bu more than foregoing prices are charged.

Spanish Onions—Dull at $1@1.15 per case.

Cabbage—Steady. Choice, $9@11 per ton; inferior and damaged less. On orders, choice, $1.20 per crate.

Celery—Michigan small, 10@20c per doz; choice to fancy, 30@50c; home-grown, 20@30c. Celery roots, 35@40c per doz.

Sweet Potatoes—Home-grown selling at 35@50c per bu loose; on orders, Bermudas, $1.50 per bbl; Nancemond, $2. Consigned stock not wanted.

Rutabagas—Quiet at 20c per bu, on orders, $1 per bbl.

Cauliflower—Michigan sold at $1.50@2 a crate; Wisconsin, $2@2.50 per bbl.

Parsnips—Choice on orders, $1.75 ⅌ bbl.

Horseradish—Choice on orders, $3 ⅌ bbl.

Sauerkraut—City make, ½-bbls, $1.65; bbls, $3.00; on orders, 25@50c ⅌ bbl higher.

Beets—Choice on orders, $1.50 ⅌ bbl.

Turnips—Home-grown on orders at $1 ⅌ bbl; consignments not wanted—will not bring freight charges.

Carrots—Northern selling at $1 ⅌ bbl and at $10@11 per ton in bulk; choice, on orders, $1.25 ⅌ bbl.

Cucumbers—New Florida, $2.50 per crate.

Tomatoes—New Florida, $3@4.50 per crate.

Seeds and Castor Beans.

Grass Seeds—Active and firm. Timothy quotable at $4.75 to $5.30. Clover at $8.00 to $8.60. Red top at $3 to $3.75. Millet at $1@1.25. Hungarian at $1.75@1.80.

Flaxseed—Nominal at $1.40.

Hempseed—Pure test sold at $2.95 per 100 lbs.

Castor Beans—Prime, $1.25; small lots and inferior less.

CHICAGO—Reported by Gaylord, Blessing & Co., 307 Olive street.

Eggs.

Received, 825 cases; shipped, none. Firm. Fresh gathered stock sold at 17c ⅌ doz; inferior and ice-house stock less.

Butter and Cheese.

Butter—Dull and unchanged. We quote:

Creamery.		Dairy.	
Separator	22@23	Good to choice	16@18
Gathered cream	18@20	Common to fair	9@11
Fancy Elgin	26@27	Country butter	6@8

Country roll, 6@8c; choice, 9c; grease butter, 3c.

Cheese—Steady and unchanged. Full cream, twins, 11c; singles, 11½c; Young Americas, 11½c; brick, 10½@11c; limburger, 9@9½c; Swiss, choice, 13½@14c.

Poultry, Game and Veals.

Live Poultry—The supply was again very large and there was no demand to speak of for anything save turkeys, which were wanted for Thanksgiving.

Springs	4½@5	Turkeys	5 @5½
Young roosters	4	Ducks	6 @6½
Old hens	4	Geese	4½@5
Old roosters w	3	Pigeons, ⅌ doz	60

Game—Quail and rabbit sold lower, but other unchanged.

Quail, undrawn	$1 75	Mallard ducks	$3 00
Quail, drawn	1 50	Redhead ducks	2 00
Grouse, dark	5 00	Bluewing teal	2 00
Grouse, light	4 50	Greenwing teal	1 75
Pheasants	4 00	Wood and mixed	1 00
Woodcock	5.00	Canvasback ducks	5 00
Rabbits	75	Wild turkey	7@8
Jack rabbits	1 50	Deer carcasses	7
Squirrels	75	Venison saddles	11@12
Snipe	1 00	Frog legs	50@75
Plover	75	Opossum	5@15

Live Veals—Very little demand. Choice fat, 3½c per lb; fair stock, 3c; heretics, rough and thin, 1½@2c per lb.

Wool.

Fine wools are slow and weak on account of the depression in Europe. Medium and coarse wools are quiet and fairly steady.

MISSOURI, ILLINOIS, ETC.		TEXAS (6 to 12 months).	
Med combing	15	Medium	12 @14
Med combing	14	Fine medium	9 @12
Coarse & braid	14	Coarse and low	9 @11
Low and cotted	11 @12	Light fine	10 @11
Fine medium	12 @12½	Heavy fine	7 @8
Light fine	10 @11	Short and sandy	5 @7
Heavy fine	9 @9½	WESTERN & NORTHERN.	
Slightly burry	10 @11	Medium	11 @12
Hard burry	8	Fine medium	9 @11
Southern burry	7	Coarse and low	7 @10
Bright l'bs wh.	11 @13	Light fine	9 @9½
TUB WASHED.		Heavy fine	7 @8
Choice	21	Sks, long, 15c; Texas, 10c	
Fair	20	Tare, 3 to 3½ lbs.	
Cot'd & coarse	17 @19		

Hides, Pelts, Feathers, Tallow, Etc.

Hides—Firm. Selling readily at quotations:

Round Prices.		On Selections.	
Green sltd Wstn	5@5½	Gr'n salted, No 1	5½
Southern & infer	4½	Gr'n salted, No 2	4½
Dry flint, heavy	7½@8	Uncured	1c off
Southern & infer	6½@7½	Dry flint, No 1	8½
Dry salted	6@6½	Dry flint, No 2	7
Glue stock, green		Dry salted, No 1	6½
and dry	2½@4½	Dry salted, No 2	5½

Feathers—Firm. Prime white live geese, large sks, 36c; small sks, 38c; quilly and prime gray, 28c; old, white, 38c; X, 25@28c, XX, 15@16c; XXX, 10@11c; XXXX, 6@7c. Chicken, prime, 3½c. Duck—Dark, 20c; white, 28c. Tare, 3 to 10 per cent. Turkey—Prime tail, clean and straight, 15c; prime wing, 8c; pointers, 2½c; mixed wing and tail, 10c; mixed wing, tail and pointers, 5c; prime body, 1½c; damp, quilly and mixed, discounted as to value.

Sheep Pelts—Green salted, 40@45c each; lambs, 15@35c; shearlings, 10@20c; damaged, half price; antelope, 12½c; goat skins, 10@20c each.

Deer Skins, Etc.—Deer skins firm at 25c per lb for prime dry—damaged half price; antelope, 12½c; goat skins, 10@20c each.

Tallow—Firm Prime run, in bbls, 4⅝c per lb; No 2 and stock in irregular packages, 4@4¼c; cake, 5c.

Beeswax—Firm. Prime, 28½c ⅌ lb.

Roots—Ginseng, $2.25@2.70; seneca, 24@26c; snake, 18@22c; golden seal, 14@15c; May apple, 1½@2c; pink, 16c; lady slipper, 6c; black, 4@4½c; angelica, 4@5c; wahoo, bark of tree, 4c; root, 8c; blood, 2@2½c; blue flag, 4c; golden thread, 8c; butterfly, 8c.

Furs.

Much improvement in quality is noticeable in the latest receipts of furs. Shipments are also on the increase and in a short time, with favorable weather this department is expected to assume very active proportions. Consignments bring the following prices:

	No. 1 Large.	No. 1 Med.	No. 2.	No. 3.	No. 4.
Raccoon	$ 50	$ 40	$ 30	$ 20	$ 10
Mink	80	45	35	20	10
Fox, gray	75	60	35	20	10
Fox, red	1 00	80	45	20	10
Wolf, prairie	60	50	40	20	10
Wolf, timber	1 00	80	50	25	10
Badger	1 0	60	30	15	5
Beaver	5 00	4 00	2 50	1 50	50
Otter	6 00	5 00	3 50	1 50	50
Bear	12 00	10 00	6 00	2 00	25

Skunk, black	$1 00	Opossum	5@10
do, short stripe	75	Muskrat	3@10
do, narrow stripe	35	Wildcat	10@30
do, broad stripe	15	Civet cat	10@15
do, Tex. & Ter. round	25	House cat	

Nuts.

Pecans—Demand slow. Texas, 4¼@5½c per lb; Western, 3½@4c; Louisiana, 3½@4½c; old stock less.

Hickory Nuts—Shellbark, $1@1.25 per bu; large, 65c.

Peanuts—Quiet at 1@2½c per lb. Inferior less.

Chestnuts—New selling at 3½@5c per lb.

Marlenuts—Quotable, 2½@3c.

Walnuts—New quotable at 25@30c per bu.

Leaf Tobacco.

	Burley. Red.	Burley. Colory.	Old Style. Heavy.
Common lugs	3½@ 4½	5½@ 7	2¾@3¼
Medium lugs	4½@ 6	7½@ 9	3¼@3½
Good lugs	6 @ 7½	9 @10	3¾@4½
Common leaf	7 @ 9	7½@10	4½@5½
Medium leaf	9 @11	10 @13	5½@6½
Good leaf	11 @15	13 @16	6½@8½

Unsound or defective in condition, length or color, or mixed packages, from 1c to 3c less.

Miscellaneous Markets.

Sorghum—Steady at 15@18c per gal.

Maple Sugar—Vermont, 7½@8c; Canada, 10@10½c.

Maple Syrup—Fair to choice, 65@70c per gal.

Honey—Strained and extracted, in bbls, 4@4½c per lb; in cans, 6@7c; fancy nearby and California, in cans, 8@9c; inferior, less. Comb yellow, 8@11c; fancy white, 15@16c.

Cider—Poor to choice is quotable at $3.50 to $4 per bbl.

Green Peas—Steady. Green jobbing at $1.05@1.10 per bu; scotch, $1.15; split, $1.45

White Beans—Firm. Country quotable at 90c@1.10 per bu; weevily sells for less. Eastern hand-picked medium jobbing at $1.65@1.70; pea beans at $1.70@1.75; Lima, 5@5½c per lb.

Pop Corn—Steady. Quotable at $1.55 per 100 lb.

Broom Corn—Quiet at a range from 3c for common to 6c for fancy; choice green hurl more.

Hops—New York, 10@11c per lb; Pacific Coast, 11@12c; foreign, 25@27c.

Salt—Domestic, East side, 85c per bbl; this side, 90c.

Oils—Linseed oil, raw, 55c per gallon; boiled, 58c. Castor oil, best, 11c per lb; No 3, 8½c. Cotton seed oil, summer yellow, 33c; white, 34c; winter yellow, 38c; white, 39c.

Moss—Gray, 1¼c; gray and brown mixed, 1½@2c; black and brown mixed, 2½c; black, 3c. Country machine picked—XX, 2@2½c; XXX, 3½@4c; XXXX, 4½@5c.

Bones—Choice bleached, $13 per ton; skinny, $8; junk, $10; slaughter-house stock, $7@8.50.

Rags, Old Rope and Rubber—Rags, 60@65c per lb. Old rope, No 1, $1.25; No 2, 1.50c. Old rubber, $3.

Scrap Iron and Metal—Iron, wrought, 25c per 100 lbs; heavy cast, 25c; stove plate, 20c; malleable and burnt, 15c. Brass, light, $3; heavy, $5. Copper, $6. Lead, $2.50. Zinc, $2. Pewter, $9.

Hemp—Missouri, undressed, $70@80 per ton.

Bagging—Order prices, 1¾-lb, 5½c; 2-lb, 6¼c; 2¼-lb, 6¾c. Iron ties, 70c. Hemp twine, 9c per lb.

Sacks—Burlaps, 2-bu, 4c; 2½-bu, 4½c; 3-bu, 5c; 4-bu, 5½c; 5-bu, 5½c; 6-bu, 6c. Cotton, seamless, 10@17c. Flour, 25-lb, 2⅝c; 49-lb, 3⅞c; 18-lb, 5⅞c; 100-lb, export, 6⅛c.

Empty Barrels—Coal oil, 80c; vinegar, 40c; black oil, 30@40c; lard oil, 60@65c; linseed oil, 65@70c; sugar, 12½@15c; wine, 60@75c; whisky, 70@75c; ½-bbls, 35c; molasses, 20c; sauer kraut, 20@25c; bbls with broken staves 25c off.

Cooperstuffs—Shaved hoops, cooper flour bbl, $2.50@4; country, $2.60@3; ½-bbls, $1.50; coiled elm, $6; pork bbls, $5@6; lard tc, $5.50@6. Staves, flour bbl, $5.75@6; culls, $3@3.50; ½-bbl, $4.50; pork bbl, $16; lard tc, $22; beer keg, $16@18c. Heading flour bbl, $4 per set.

Cooperage—Flour bbls, round hoop, 31c; flat hoop, 27c; ½-bbls, 21c; meal bbls, 24c; produce bbls, 20@21c; fruit bbls, 21c; lard tcs, 95c; ½-tcs, 60c; pork bbls, 80c; ½-bbls, 50c.

Naval Stores—Rosin—D, $1.95; E, $2; F, $2.10; G, $2.35; H, $2.50; I, $2.65; K, $2.85; M, $3.10; N, $3.40; W G, $3.75; W W, $3.90; smaller lots 15c per bbl higher. Turpentine, 32c per gal in round lot, to 35c in smaller quantities. Pine tar, $2.75 ⅌ bbl. Navy pitch, $2.50.

MONEY.

Bank clearings	$4,293,815
Balances	560,856
Exchange quoted by A. G. Edwards & Sons	
New York	par bid
Chicago	25c discount bid
Cincinnati	25c discount bid
Louisville	25c discount bid
New Orleans	50c discount bid

Wall Street.

NEW YORK, N... 26, 10:15 a. m.—The stock market opened firm and in many cases fractional gains were recorded, the principal ones geing ⅝ in Chicago Gas and ¼ in Bay State Gas. Sugar soon became weak on liberal offerings and declined 1 per cent. Chicago Gas also fell off 1 per cent. Southern preferred lost ¾, Rock Island and Manhattan ½, and others shares a smaller fraction. Laclede Gas had advanced ⅜ and Long Island Traction ½. The general market is heavy.

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Movement of Silver.

WASHINGTON D.C., Nov. 26.—The movement of standard silver dollars for the week ending Nov. 24 was $697,434, and for the corresponding period of 1893 $635,671. The shipment of fractional silver coin from Nov. 1 to the 24th, 1894, was $1,010,069.

Local Bonds.

Corrected daily by James Campbell, Broker, Rialto Building, 218 North Fourth street.

U. S. BONDS.

GOVERNMENT BONDS.	When Due.	Interest Payable.	Bid.	Ask.
2 ⅌ cent bonds	Opt'nal.	J S D & O	98	...
4 ⅌ cent bonds	1907	J A J & M	114	115
5 ⅌ cent bonds	1904	F M A N	117¾	118½
ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.				
City 3½ sterling	1919	Feb and Aug	97	99
City 3-65sterling	1907	June and Dec	100	100½
City 4s, 10-20s				
City 4s, sterling	1902-05	Various	100	102
City 4s, sterling	1905	June and Dec	103	104
City 4s, sterling	1908	Jan and July	103	104
City 4s, sterling	1918	Jan and July	105	106
City 5s, sterling	1900	Various	105½	106½
City 6s, sterling	1895-95	Various	102	104
City 6s, sterling	1898-99	April and Oct	107	108
County sterling	1905	April and Oct	118	120
RAILWAY BONDS.				
Mo Pac consols	1920	May and Nov	95	97½
Mo Pac 3ds	1896	May and Nov	108	108½
No Mo 1st m 7s	1 95	Jan and July	105	105½
K P 1st m Gs	1895	Feb and Aug	105	106
K P 1st m 6s	1896	June and Dec	106	106½
K P D X 6s	1899	May and Nov	106½	107
K P consols	1919	May and Nov	77	78
St L & San F 2d 6s, g, class A	1906	May and Nov	112½	113
St L & San F 2d 6s, g, class B	1906	May and Nov	112½	113
St L & San F 2d 6s, g, class C	1906	May and Nov	112½	113

Imperial Bank of Germany.

BERLIN, Nov. 26.—The weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany shows the following changes as compared with the previous account: Cash on hand, increase 34,760,000 marks; Treasury notes, decrease 20,000 marks; other securities, decrease 860,000 marks; notes in circulation, decrease 16,280,000 marks.

Stock Market Gossip.

One Suburban bond sold at 89¾.

One brewery bond sold at 96.

Lindell street railway stock, 107 bid; 108 asked.

Fifty shares Suburban was offered at 22½.

St. Louis National, 104½ bid, 105 asked.

Bank of Commerce, 143 bid, 144½ asked.

Union Depot, 104¾ bid, 105 asked.

St. Louis Sanitary Co. offered at 75.

COTTON.

LOCAL MARKET—Firm. Sales, 1,196 bales. Receipts to-day, 13,933 bales; since Sept 1, 370,775 bales; shipments to-day, 12,512 bales, since Sept 1, 351,126 bales; stock, 37,548 bales. Quotations—Ordinary, 4 9-16c; good ordinary, 4 15-16c; low middling, 5 3-16c; middling, 5 7-16c; good middling, 5 13-16c; middling fair, 6 5-16c.

NEW YORK—Spot quiet; middling, 6c. Futures closed steady. Sales 268,900 bales. Reported by Lesser Cotton Co.

	Closed Saturday.	Highest Sale.	Lowest Sale.	Closed Monday.
Nov	5 72			5 75
Dec	5 74	5 79	5 65	5 78
Jan	5 82	5 87	5 71	5 86
February	5 87	5 92	5 77	5 91
March	5 93	5 99	5 83	5 97
April	5 98	6 03	5 88	6 02
May	6 05	6 09	5 95	6 08
June	6 11	6 15	6 06	6 14
July	6 16	6 19	6 05	6 19
Aug	6 21	6 26	6 11	6 24

LIVERPOOL—Demand fair, with prices easier. Uplands, 3 3-16d. Futures closed quiet and steady. Jan and Feb, 3 6-64d; Feb and March, 3 7-64 b; March and April, 3 9-64; April-May, 3 10-64; May-June, 3 12-64; June-July 3 14-64; July-Aug, 3 16-64; Aug-Sept, 3 17-64 n; Dec-Jan, 3 5-64.

LIVE STOCK.

National Stock Yards.

CATTLE—Receipts, 2,929 head. There was not much life to the native cattle market to-day. The supply was made up of small lots, very few of which would grade above common to medium light weights. The steers sold 10c to 15c lower, and cows about steady. Texas cattle sold slowly at barely steady prices.

NATIVE CATTLE SALES.

No.	Qual.	Av.	Price.	No.	Qual.	Av.	Price.
14	Steers	1157	$3 55	20	Steers	1109	$3 50
10	Steers	828	2 30	34	Mixed	643	1 60
19	Steers	1052	3 30	15	Cows	884	1 85
10	Cows	752	1 85	13	Cows	716	1 80
10	Heifers	550	1 60	10	Heretics	232	2 50
28	Calves	157	3 25				

SOUTHERN CATTLE SALES.

No.	Qual.	Av.	Price.	No.	Qual.	Av.	Price.
20	Steers	1031	$2 75	23	Steers	847	$2 45
85	Steers	788	2 35	19	Steers	816	2 25
20	Steers	915	2 35	22	Steers	794	2 35
25	Steers	749	1 00	28	Cows	748	2 00
114	Cows	704	1 80	60	Cows	717	1 80
30	Cows	781	1 90	25	Cows	761	1 95

HOGS—Receipts 5,641 head. The market ruled weak most of the day. A few early sales were made at about steady prices, but very few could be disposed of until after prices were reduced. The general average was about 10c lower. The best heavy sold at $4.45 to $4.55; fair to good mixed lots, $4.25 to $4.40; common to fair light, $3.40 to $4.20.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
79	230	$4 55	21	237	$4 50
64	273	4 50	42	248	4 50
73	256	4 50	50	271	4 50
71	232	4 50	71	235	4 50
66	245	4 50	69	240	4 50
19	207	4 45	60	231	4 50
77	224	4 45	79	232	4 45
80	222	4 40	45	262	4 45
59	241	4 40	224	233	4 45
79	221	4 35	77	211	4 35
90	214	4 35	66	203	4 35
84	213	4 35	24	250	4 30
62	240	4 35	74	252	4 30
71	214	4 30	75	224	4 30
93	177	4 25	28	214	4 25
98	205	4 25	76	217	4 25
87	192	4 22½	97	190	4 20
68	192	4 20	93	182	4 20
80	184	4 00	100	196	4 20
20	161	4 15	73	182	4 20
74	183	4 10	84	174	4 10
84	180	4 10	39	180	4 10
94	178	4 05	80	184	4 00
34	147	3 90	61	149	3 85
47	171	3 90	83	180	3 85
92	139	3 85	100	154	3 75
37	116	3 50	94	133	3 75
17	126	3 40			

SHEEP—Receipts, 732 head. The market was weak. Buyers did not want many and would not take hold except at reduced prices. There was nothing choice on hand and most of the sales were 10c to 15c lower.

SHEEP SALES.

No.	Qual.	Av.	Price.	No.	Qual.	Av.	Price.
111	S.W.Mixed	96	$2 00	100	S.W.Mixed	101	$2 20
194	Native Mix	90	2 35	115	Native Mix	108	2 35
42	Culls	50	1 25	35	Culls	79	1 25
64	S.W.Mixed	86	1 75				

On the Curb.

May wheat 57⅛@¼c; puts, 56⅝c; calls, 57¾c.

Chicago May puts, 59¾c; calls, 60⅝c.

New Belleville Corporation.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 26.—The Secretary of State licensed the incorporation of the Belleville Advocate Printing Co., Belleville; capital stock $15,000; incorporators, E. J. ..., J. A. Willoughby and J. B. Mat...

I Have the Following Choice Investments for Sale:

BONDS.

$57,000 Union Depot Street Railroad Company's 25-year 6 per cent gold bonds; price, $105 and interest.

$50,000 Polk Township (Cass County, Mo.) 5 per cent 10-20s; price, $101½ and interest.

$30,000 Cass County (Mo.) 4 per cent 5-20s; price, 90c and interest.

$25,000 Benton-Bellefontaine Railway Co.'s 6 per cents, due February, 1896; price, $101½ and interest. Parties desiring a short investment cannot find a more desirable security.

$20,000 Mound City Street Railway Co.'s 6 per cents, due April, 1900; price, $102½ and interest.

$45,000 Baden and St. Louis Street Railway 5 per cents; these bonds are subject to call by giving six months' notice and paying $102 (premium); price, 98c and interest.

$36,000 St. Louis Sanitary Co.'s 8 per cents; $20,000 subject to call each year after March 1, 1895; these bonds are secured by property costing $450,000; price, par and interest.

$25,000 East St. Louis Electric Street Railway Co.'s 6 per cent 5-15-year bonds; price, $101 and interest.

STOCKS.

73 shares St. Louis Railway Co. (Broadway line); price, $150.

130 shares National Railway Co.; price, $120.

100 shares United Elevator Co.; price, $50.

118 shares Kennard Carpet Co. (preferred); price, $85.

200 shares Union Trust Co.; price, $135.

52 shares Fourth National Bank; price, $224.

250 shares Edison Illuminating Co. of St. Louis; price, $25.

35 shares Cotton Compress Co.; price, $91.

Parties desiring to take advantage of their option to sell Terminal firsts, as well as holders of North Missouri Railroad bonds, due next July, will do well to inquire into the merits of the above securities before exchanging them for real estate loans or other bonds.

Information and statements furnished upon application.

JAMES CAMPBELL,

Rialto Building, St. Louis, Mo.

J. J. JACKSON COMMISSION CO.,

203 N. 4th St.

Mining Stocks a Specialty. Our Stocks Are Quick and Active.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

HOUSE WORK—Wanted, by 2 good girls, housework; 1 up-stairs and 1 down-stairs. 1701 Wash st.

LAUNDRESS—Wanted washing by a 1st-class laundress; good reference. Mrs. Walker. 2660 Lucas av.

LAUNDRESS—Wanted washing to take home; 1st-class laundress or go out; good reference. Mrs. Johnson, 1327 Linden st.

ROOM—Wanted room and board for man and wife within walking distance from 10th and Mullanphy sts. Add. G 180, this office.

FOX TERRIER BITCH—Lost, all white but head which is black; white stripe down face. Return D. L. Parrish, 5607 Cabanne pl. and get reward.

A RICH MINE.

Application Made by Part Owners for a Receiver.

Mr. T. A. Green of Denver, Colo., and Mr. Felix T. Hughes of Keokuk, Io., appeared at the Federal building at 10 a. m., intending to petition Circuit Judge Thayer to appoint a receiver for a certain mine in the Aspen district of Colorado. Mr. Joel F. Vail was on hand to resist the application for a receiver. The lawyers saw Judge Thayer in the chambers and agreed to postpone argument until next Monday. The mine in question is very valuable, and was the subject of litigation in the United States courts. The heirs of the original owner sued the men in whom the title was vested for an equity in the property. The trial court found for the defendants and the United States Appellate Court reversed the decision and gave the plaintiffs a third interest in the mine, and this interest is valued at $539,000. Messrs. Green and Hughes represent the successful litigants, who want a receiver appointed to protect the interest which the courts have given them.

New York Stocks.

Reported by Whitaker & Hodgman.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 26.

STOCKS.	Op'g.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Tob. Com	98	....	....	98
Atchison	5¼	....	....	5¼
Canada Southern	51⅛	51⅝	51¼	51⅝
Ches. & Ohio com	18	....	....	18
Central New Jersey	95¼	95¼	93¼	94
Chicago Gas Trust	73¼	73⅞	72½	73⅝
Chicago, R. I. & P	61⅝	61½	61	61½
Chicago, Bur. & Quincy	70⅝	71	70½	70⅞
C., M. & St. P. com	59⅝	59⅝	58½	58⅝
C. & N. W. com	98	98¼	97⅝	97⅝
Colo. Fuel & Iron	26	26½	26	26½
Cotton Oil com	28	28	27½	27½
Cotton Oil pf	72½	....	....	72½
Del., Lack. & W	158	....	....	158
Del. & Hudson	126¼	127¼	126¼	127¼
Edison General	35	35	34½	34½
Erie com	13⅝	13⅝	12⅞	12⅞
Hocking Valley	17	....	....	17
Laclede Gas com	22½	22½	22½	22½
Laclede Gas pf	80	....	....	80
Laclede Gas bonds	90	....	....	90
Lake Shore	134½	....	....	134½
Louisville & Nashville	54⅛	54⅜	53⅞	53⅞
Lead com	40⅝	40⅝	40	40
Lead pf	86⅝	86⅝	86	86
Missouri Pacific	28⅝	28⅝	27⅞	27⅞
Manhattan Elevated	105¼	105¼	104½	105¼
National Cordage com	9½	9⅝	8⅞	9⅝
National Cordage pf	15½	15½	15½	15½
New York & New Eng	31½	31½	31½	31½
New York Central	99⅛	99⅜	99⅛	99⅜
North America	4½	4½	4¼	4¼
Northern Pacific com	4½	....	....	4½
Northern Pacific pf	18	18¼	18	18¼
Ontario & Western	15⅜	....	....	15⅜
Omaha com	33⅝	34	33⅝	33⅝
Pacific Mail	22½	22½	22	22
Phila. & Reading	16½	16½	15¼	15⅝
Pullman Palace Car	155½	156	155½	156
Richmond Ter	17	17¼	17	17¼
Sugar com	88½	88½	87⅞	88
Tenn. Coal & Iron	15⅜	....	....	15⅜
Texas Pacific	9⅝	....	....	9⅝
U. S. Rubber com	41¼	41¼	41	41
U. S. Rubber pf	96	....	....	96
Wabash, St. L. & P. pf	14⅛	14⅛	14	14
Western Union	88⅛	88⅛	87½	87⅞
Whisky Trust	9	9	8⅞	9⅛

RIVER BULLETIN.

The river bulletin for twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. is as follows:

STATIONS.	Ht.	Gge.	STATIONS.	Ht.	Gge.
Pittsburg	5.8	†0.6	Louisiana	0.6	-0.3
Parkersburg	5.5	-0.9	Peoria	4.3	0.0
Cincinnati	5.8	†0.6	Grafton	2.5	0.0
Louisville	4.1	†0.1	Pierre	......	......
Nashville	1.2	0.0	Kansas City	5.5	-0.4
Chattanooga	1.2	†0.2	Boonville	4.3	-0.1
Florence	......	......	Hermann	0.6	-0.1
Evansville	......	......	St. Louis	3.4	-0.0
Johnsonville	......	......	Chester	......	......
St. Paul	1.3	†0.3	Cairo	[illegible]	[illegible]
La Crosse	1.7	[illegible]	Memphis	[illegible]	[illegible]
Dubuque	1.5	†0.5	Ft. Smith	[illegible]	[illegible]
Davenport	1.0	0.0	Little Rock	[illegible]	[illegible]
Keokuk	0.9	-0.1	Vicksburg	[illegible]	[illegible]
Des M. Rapid	0.8	-0.1	Shreveport	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hannibal	1.4	-0.1	New Orleans	2.4	[illegible]

† Indicates rise; - indicates fall.

The river at St. Louis will remain about stationary for the next three days. The Missouri will ... slightly.

THE DELICATESSEN CAFE

718 OLIVE STREET.

For Ladies and Gentlemen.

STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS.

CITY NEWS.

To-day at Crawford's the great sale of silks and dress goods inaugurated last week will be continued with deeper cut prices, and even greater attractions. The toy department is now in full blast, with prices so low that all may enjoy Christmas pleasures at small expenditure. Everybody will be at Craword's to-day—they generally are there.

Private matters skillfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine.

MYSTERIOUS LABORERS.

Two Well Dressed Youths Who Dug Potatoes on a New York Farm.

GANISTEE, N. Y., Nov. 26.—A farmer named Walter R. Davis, living seven miles north of here, lately hired two young fellows to dig potatoes. They were well dressed and unused to labor, which excited curiosity as to their identity. One of them, who gave the name of Walter Volt, answered so well the description of F. G. Rew, the missing Cornell student, that he was asked point blank if he was not that youth, the mystery of whose disappearance has caused his parents and the Ithaca faculty so much anxiety. His answer was that his real name was not Volt. The young fellow had previously told the farmer that he was of good parentage, had been drinking and did not like to tell his parents the truth about his escapades. The similarity of the incident has given rise to rumors that Rew has been found.

ON A CHARGE OF LARCENY.

Mrs. Adalaine Hall Sent to the House o Correction.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Nov. 26.—On July 26 a woman giving her name as Mrs. Adalaine Hall was arrested upon a charge of larceny. Later she said her name was Mrs. Holleystrong. She was held, awaiting trial, until last Thursday, when she suddenly decided to plead guilty, and received a sentence of six months in the House of Correction. It is now asserted that her real name is Mrs. Adalaine Featherstone, that her home is in Philadelphia, that she is the heiress to a large fortune and that she preferred imprisonment to an appeal for aid, which would acquaint her relatives with her trouble.

It is said that Mrs. Featherstone has been unable to secure her legacy, owing to litigation connected with the will of her father-in-law, said to be Gen. Featherstone of Philadelphia, who made the bequest. The lawsuit is now pending in an Eastern court. Mrs. Featherstone is said to have a sister in St. Louis. Mrs. Featherstone came here from Chicago.

BY AN ARTESIAN WELL.

Large Area of Land Undermined and Has Tumbled In.

HURON, S. D., Nov. 26.—An artesian well at Frankfort in Spink County was dug several years ago and has been a source of much expense and annoyance. It has belched forth great volumes of water almost continuously, intermingled with small gravel and mud. The gradual undermining has caused a large depression in the ground about the well.

A few days ago another large piece of land fell in, and there are indications that more will soon follow. Several large lakes have been formed by the water from this well, and there is no indication that the volume is growing less. It has attracted wide attention and artesian well experts are unable to account for the peculiar "fits" this well so frequently takes.

AMERICAN GOLD COIN.

About $2,000,000 Brought Over by the Lucania and the Paris.

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—American gold coin was brought to this city yesterday by the Cunard steamship Lucania and the American liner City of Paris. In both instances it was imported by the Bank of British North America. Whether it is to be used in the purchase of some of the new bond issues is known to only the officials of the bank. The Lucania and Paris brought eighteen boxes each. The officers of the steamship could not tell yesterday the amount each box contained, but it is estimated at $2,000,000. The Lucania and Paris also brought diamonds and precious stones. The Lucania carried one package of diamonds, one package of pearls and one package of other precious stones. The Paris brought two packages of precious stones. The treasures were locked up in strong boxes at the Custom house to-day.

Cravens' Peculiar Story.

ELKHART, Ind., Nov. 26.—M. L. Cravens of Bryan, O., who is awaiting trial on a charge of forgery, tells a sensational story exculpating himself. On the evening of July 4 Albert Kent, a coachman, and a woman known as Mrs. Inez Golden were drowned. Hugh Foster took the remains to Bryan for interment, saying Mrs. Golden was his daughter. Cravens now says that the deceased woman was his wife and that she was leading a wayward life. He says she wanted a divorce, and to obtain it committed the forgery charged to him in the hope of wrecking his life. He says she confided the details of the plot to Bessie Curtis.

Homeseekers' Excursions.

Nov. 22, 24, 26, Dec. 4 and 18 the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway Co. will sell round-trip tickets to all points in Missouri, south of Boonville, and to Kansas and Texas points at very low rates. For particulars apply at 103 North Broadway, or Broadway Station, St. Louis, Mo.

Fell From His Horse.

Howard Brolaski, the shoe dealer at 205 North Broadway, was thrown from his horse while riding along Pendleton avenue yesterday afternoon and received several severe bruises. He was removed to his home at 4377 Delmar boulevard, where he will be confined on account of his injuries for several days. The accident was caused by the horse becoming frightened at a passing street car.

NEW GERMAN SOCIETY.—A new German benevolent society called "Vereinigter Deutscher Order," recently organized, held a business meeting at 2801 Franklin avenue Sunday.

CURES OTHERS

Mrs. Harry Tappan, of *Reynolds, Neb.*, writes: "For about two years I was a constant sufferer from diseases peculiar to my sex. I had to be carried from my bed, had horrible dreams, sinking sensations, was very nervous and had little or no appetite. In short, my whole body was racked with pain. I had frequent attacks of hysteria, and was completely discouraged for I found no medicine did me any good. At last I determined to try Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. I had taken but two bottles before I felt so much better! I took eleven bottles. To-day, I am well. I have never felt the least trace of my old complaint in the last six years. We use the 'Golden Medical Discovery' whenever we need a blood-purifier. With its use, eruptions of all kinds vanish and the skin is rendered clear and soft, almost as an infant's." Sold everywhere.



MRS. TAPPAN.

WHY NOT YOU?

AT A PROFIT.

Railroad Conductors Think Afternoon Trains Can Be Run.

Interviews With Men Employed on Various Lines.

THE BURLINGTON SHOULD HAVE A TRAIN TO HANNIBAL.

A Missouri Pacific Conductor Believes a Service on That Line to Jefferson City Would Pay—An Air Line Man Who Thinks if Run Far Enough Out an Accommodation Would Be a Paying Enterprise.

A half dozen conductors on as many different lines were asked by a Post-Dispatch representative whether, in their opinion, an early afternoon train which would carry mail and passengers would pay. In every instance the reply was the same and to the effect that such a train would pay and pay well. Furthermore nearly every one expressed the opinion that such a train would fill a long felt want and would please many.

The names of these conductors are not given for the very obvious reason that it would not be agreeable to the management of the various lines to have the conductors give an opinion contrary to the manner in which the roads are being conducted, and the conductors might be told that their ideas were too liberal to allow of their continuing in the service of the roads. The only one of the conductors who expressed an opinion unfavorable to an early afternoon service was one on the Air Line. When first asked whether he thought an early afternoon accommodation train would pay, he said he did not think it would. Then, stopping to think, he asked:

"How far out would you have such a train run?"

"Oh, about 125 miles," was the reply.

"That would be different," he said. "That would take in some pretty good towns, like Centralia, Mt. Vernon and Fairfield and would make a pretty good train. Yes, I think a train like that would pay. A train, however, that only went out, say fifty miles, on our line wouldn't catch much local travel."

ALL OPINIONS FAVORABLE.

The Missouri Pacific conductor was one of the old men on the road. He is a man of observation and large experience with the traveling public. He said: "Such a train on our road would carry a big load every trip. It ought to run out to Jefferson City, and if it left here at 3:30, would get in there in good season. During the seasons of the Legislature I know it would pay. Don't think I mean it would pay because of the members of the Legislature, though," he said, with a laugh, "you know members of the Legislature never pay any fare when they can get out of it. But a regular accommodation train out of St. Louis every afternoon would be a good thing for the city and for the towns along the line. I hear people talking about it every day, and the outside townspeople are greatly in favor of the idea."

A Wabash conductor said briefly: "We ought to have such a train. Would it pay? Of course it would. Did you ever hear of a local accommodation that didn't pay."

The Iron Mountain and 'Frisco conductors expressed largely the same opinion. "We have one pretty good train to Arcadia in the afternoon," said the Iron Mountain conductor, "but it ought to start at least an hour earlier. Then it would please more people than it does now. I think St. Louis is entitled to a better local train service."

The conductor on the Burlington said there ought to be an early afernoon train to Hannibal, at least. "Lots more people would come down here from Hannibal every day," he said, if they could get home along about 7:30 o'clock. The Post-Dispatch has got the right idea."

THE ROADS' IDEA.

One of the conductors said in regard to getting trains out of St. Louis in the early afternoon: "If you want to get trains to start out early, all you have to do is to get officials to arrange their schedules so trains will come in early. Then you'll get it." Asked to explain, he said: "Why, if you can get, say the Big Four, to bring a New York train in here about 3 o'clock in the afternoon, the Western roads will have a train leave at 3:30 at least, for their whole idea seems to be to get through passengers right out of the city as soon as possible."

The testimony of the conductors is important in the matter of an early afternoon mail and passenger train service. They know on what train people ride, and if the roads will be governed by what their conductors think an early afternoon service will soon be inaugurated.

REV. T. DEWITT TALMAGE.

A Few of the Most Interesting Remarks in His Last Night's Sermon.

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—Rev. Dr. De Witt Talmage occupied the pulpit of the Madison Avenue Presbyterian Church last night. He preached his first sermon since his return from Europe. Among other things he said: "Of the 80,000 ministers of the gospel that I have been told are in this country probably 60,000 of them came from homes where there was a scarcity of food and where there was a great deal of parental suffering. I know of cases of young men who have been fitted for the ministry that have almost taken food from their parents' table.

"When I returned home a short time ago, for thirty-six hours we were in the midst of a cyclone, and all during that time many of us thought we would go to the bottom of the ocean. We all prayed a part of the time, and there were only two of the frivolous persons on board. One was an American, and he was drunk, and the other was an Englishman, and he was a fool. We landed safely, however, and we one and all thanked the Captain, but I must confess that I forgot the engineer, who had much to do with our safety. There is a day coming when we will find out all of those who have done unrecognized work."

NOW UNDER CONTROL.

Fire Which Has Been Raging in a Pennsylvania Mine.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., Nov. 26.—The fire that has been raging for sixty-two hours in the breast of No. 10 vein of the Nelson shaft, is under control and will be entirely extinguished in a few hours. The breast contained 200 cars of cut coal and the interior became a veritable furnace of fire. It was found necessary to load this burning coal into mine cars, the work being extremely hazardous, as the men had to combat the flames amid deadly mine gases, intense heat and scalding steam.

By Three-Card-Monte Men.

EDWARDSVILLE Ill., Nov. 26.—Louis Glyre, residing near St. Jacob, who recently sold his farm for $5,000, has been made a victim of a confidence scheme, in which some three-card monte men swindled him out of the whole sum. Glyre met the swindlers while on his way home from Ohio, where he had been to look at land, was enticed by them to Chicago and literally robbed of the whole amount.

Hit With a Teacup.

John Gessell and Wm. B. Kirkwood, two teamsters employed on the grading camp between Morgan and Bell avenue, Suburban tracks and Union avenue, got into a fight Sunday evening at the supper table, during which Kirkwood struck Gessell on the head with a tea-cup. Kirkwood was arrested and Gessell received attention from a neighboring physician.

USED PLAIN WORDS.

Bishop McQuaid Scores Archbishop Ireland for Meddling in Politics.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Nov. 26.—Two weeks ago Bishop McQuaid attended the ceremonies connected with the gift of an American flag to St. Bridget's Parochial School by a Grand Army Post, and in a brief speech which he made he uttered this sentence: "We were all of us Americans before these priests and bishops, who are just now having so much to say about American citizenship, came to this country." Further on he intimated that at another time he would have more to say on the same lines. The "other time" came yesterday. The inference at the time was that Bishop McQuaid referred to Archbishop Ireland. Yesterday he delivered a sermon at St. Patrick's Cathedral, which leaves no doubt that the St. Paul prelate was in the Bishop's mind. The Bishop explained that what he had to say had been committed to manuscript because he did not wish to leave any doubt in any one's mind of his position. Here is what the Bishop said: "Now that the election with its excitement, turmoil and passions has passed away, I judge it my duty to refer in this public manner to some incidents and scandals connected therewith. I will now advert to the late scandal which caused these remarks. Every Catholic having respect for his bishops and priests and the honor and good name of his church must have been pained and mortified when he learned, during the late political campaign, that one of our bishops, the Archbishop of St. Paul, cast to one side the traditions of the past and entered the political arena like any layman.

"The newspapers were careful to keep the public duly informed of his arrival in New York weeks before the election, of his appearance on the platform at ratification meetings, surrounded by the leaders of the Republican party, of his views of political questions, strongly expressed through interviews carefully prepared, and of his mingling in a crowd of excited politicians and partisans on the night of the election.

"I contend that this coming to New York of the Archbishop of St. Paul to take part in a political contest was undignified, disgraceful to his episcopal office and a scandal in the eyes of all right-minded Catholics of both parties. It was, furthermore, a piece of meddlesome interference on his part to come from his State to another to break down all discipline among our priests and justify the charge of those inimical to us that priests are partisans and use their office and opportunities for political work.

"If Archbishop Ireland had made himself as conspicuous in favor of the Democratic party he would be just as blameworthy in my estimation. If his conduct in this last political campaign were not censured and condemned it would not be possible for me to restrain the priests of this diocese from imitating his example and descending from the pulpit to the political platform and marshaling their parishioners up to the polls on the day of election. Not one of them but has equal right with his grace of St. Paul to turn electioneering agent for one party or another and absent himself from his parish as the Archbishop absented himself from his diocese. It is no excuse to say that the Archbishop was working in the interest of good government. Every other clerical aspirant to political distinction would say the same.

"New York is abundantly able to take care of itself without extraneous help, as the last election showed. And if the newspapers report correctly, the Legislature of Minnesota is sadly in need of purification, and his grace might have found full scope for his political scheming. But it is well known to many that it was from no love for good government that Archbishop Ireland spent so many weeks in New York City, and so far from his diocese, where the law of residence obliged him to be. It was to pay a debt to the Republican party that his services were rendered.

"During the last session of the New York Legislature, Archbishop Ireland of far-off Minnesota busied himself writing letters to leading Republican members in favor of the candidacy of Rev. Mr. Malone for the position of Regent of the University. It was none of the Archbishop's business to meddle with what did not legitimately concern him. But then he knew the Archbishop of New York and his suffragans desired the election of a candidate able and willing to protect the best interests of Catholic schools and academies coming under the control of the Regent. They knew that a priest who had declared that if he could he would wipe out every parochial school, and that the time has come for the State to turn down the church in money matters, was no fit representative of the Catholic body. The priest's language was forcible, though not elegant. Its sentiment was un-American, its spirit smacked of persecution and treason to his church, and, but for its silliness and impotency, would have been dangerous. Yet Archbishop Ireland, knowing of these utterances of Rev. Mr. Malone, and of his publicly expressed contempt for the Bishop, wrote letters, private and confidential, to members of a Republican legislature in favor of his candidate as against any one more acceptable to the Bishops of the State.

"He was helped in this political and behind-the-door crusade against the Bishops of the State of New York by high dignitaries on the Pacific Coast. There was sojourning in San Francisco at the time a high dignitary from the East, the same who afterwards was panegyrist of the Rev. Mr. Malone on the occasion of his jubilee. When the Archbishop of St. Paul pays his periodical visits to New York his chief clerical associates are the distinguished priests of New York City and neighborhood who are busy nursing grievances against their own ordinaries, and with their help and with that of a subsidized Catholic press, he manages to annoy the Archbishop of New York, persists in striving to embroil His Grace with His Excellency the Apostolic Delegate, and turn the minds of many against the former.

"Fortunately, since the visit of the Apostolic Delegate to New York His Excellency has learned that the Holy See has no truer son, no more devoted adherent, no Bishop in the faith that needs less explanation than the Archbishop of New York. His loyalty is of the heart, and on principle, yet, strange to say, this clerical clique has contrived to make many believe, by the help of manufactured cable dispatches and newspaper articles, that the Archbishop of New York is antagonizing the Apostolic Delegate in the first place, and in the second is in alliance with Tammany Hall.

"The two calumnies are persistently repeated until Catholics are annoyed and grieved, and non-Catholics believe that charges emanating from Catholics must have some foundation in fact. No wonder that a Protestant minister in Baltimore, the Rev. Mr. Vrooman, had the effrontery last Sunday to charge Archbishop Corrigan with complicity with Tammany scandals and affiliation with the Democratic party. There may have been some excuse for the stupidity of Rev. Mr. Vrooman's ignorance; there could be none for the malicious clerics whose animosity towards the Archbishop of New York had led to the utterance of such calumnies by direct charge or mean insinuation."

A Child Enjoys

The pleasant flavor, gentle action and soothing effects of Syrup of Figs when in need of a laxative, and if the father or mother be costive or bilious the most gratifying results follow its use; so that it is the best family remedy known, and every family should have a bottle on hand.

Jaynes in Jail.

INDEPENDENCE, Mo., Nov. 26.—Samuel Jaynes, who eloped with Bertie Norvell two weeks ago, was placed in jail here last evening. The couple eloped from Lee's Summit and walked to a point twenty miles west of St. Louis, their destination being Belleville, Ill., where, Jaynes claims, they were to be married. The bride-to-be is only 16 years old, and Jaynes will be vigorously prosecuted for abduction. The girl is at her parents' home.

Mother's Will Find Mrs. Winslow's

Soothing Syrup the be[st r]emedy for their children; 25c a bottle.

CHRISTMAS TOYS and Holiday Goods FOR YOUR LITTLE FRIENDS.

Scores of thousands of articles, covering no less than 15,000 square feet of our Third Floor. Every article adapted for presents and all at the lowest prices.

THOUSANDS OF Suits and Overcoats Sold Already at Our Wonderfully GREAT JUMBO SALE, and Thousands More to Sell!

The stocks of Garson, Meyer & Co. (Men's and Young Men's Clothing), and the Faultless Mfg. Co., 18 and 20 W. Fourth St., New York City (Boys' and Children's Clothing), sustaining their reputation of being the best and highest class goods made.

Suits and Overcoats FOR TALL MEN, THIN MEN, SHORT MEN, STOUT MEN.

Suits and Overcoats — FOR — Boys, Big or Little,

Actually at Prices Lower Than Ever Known Before for Such Quality Goods.

To the 17,000 Guessers on the Weight of Our Alligator:

The monster will be weighed on our Clothing Floor on Friday next at 10:30 a. m. Everybody invited to come and see the novel sight.

Broadway and Morgan. Famous

CLOTHING ON CREDIT. CLOAKS ON CREDIT.



Now, there's a Suit for your life! Isn't it a beauty!

ONLY $10

The material formerly cost more than that. But see how stylishly it is cut, observe how thoroughly well made it is, how handsomely trimmed and finished. You wonder how we can sell it for $10

And on credit at that. Yes, friend, Ten Dollars buys you a splendid Suit or Overcoat here. Of course we have much finer ones for Fifteen, and regular "swells" for Eighteen and Twenty.

And your wife's Cloak or Wrap won't cost you any more in proportion, nor your boy's Suit or Overcoat.

Our way of doing business is the new way. We are practically and in every sense a Credit House, the only one in St. Louis. We sell on Credit at Cash prices, without interest or security, and give you the use of your clothes while you are paying for them.

Furniture, Carpets and Stoves too on Credit.

OPEN EVERY EVENING.

The Franklin

1200 and 1202 Franklin Av.

THE GREAT HOME PAPER. THE SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH. PRICE 5c. FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.



Look at His Toes

and you can figure out a good many things about a man you never thought of before.

If he's crusty, quarrelsome—scowls all the time, most likely his toes are cramped in too tight shoes.

If he goes through the world with a smile, 10 to 1

He Wears Selz Royal Blue $4.00 Shoe.

Manufactured by Selz, Schwab & Co., Chicago, largest Shoe Makers in the United States.

It is comfortable, handsome, durable. What more do you want in a shoe.

Selz Royal Blue Shoe Sold by the Famous

RADIANT HOME Base Burner Stoves. RINGEN STOVE CO, 414 N. BROADWAY.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETINGS.

ELECTION NOTICE—The annual election of officers of the St. Louis Club will be held at the club-house on Saturday, Dec. 15, 1894. Polls open from 9 a. m. until 8 p. m. The annual meeting will take place the same evening at 8:15 o'clock. J. C. RICHARDSON, President. CHAS. WIGGINS, Secretary. St. Louis, Nov. 20, 1894. 2242

GERMAN-AMERICAN BANK—Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the German-American Bank will be held at their banking-rooms, corner Fourth and Franklin avenue, on Monday, the 26th day of November, 1894, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 2 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of voting upon the proposition then and there to be submitted, to reduce the number of directors from thirteen to nine. AUGUST GEHNER, President. CHAS. E. KIRCHER, Secretary. St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 7, 1894. 2195

HUMPHREY'S, Broadway and Pi[ne]

Weather to-day: Fair, warmer.

ST. LOUIS.

Monday Nov 26 '94



To-DAY a grand series of bi[cy]cle races will be run in Madi[son] Square Garden, New Y[ork] City.

The series will occupy the [en]tire week, and be open to [all] classes of riders. It will be [one] of the greatest meetings of [the] year, and money prizes ag[gre]gating a large amount have b[een] offered. Cyclists from all over the United States are in attendance.

SEVERAL NEW THINGS IN MEN'S SUITS

Open this week, notably some pretty Hair-Line Worsteds in Single B. Cutaway Sacks and Frocks, and several lines Double B. Scotch Cheviot Sacks in Blues and Blacks.

TAKE A LOOK

At our $14.92 Sack Suit window, you'll find many Suits there worth $20, and they're all new and stylish.

We're right up to the notch on Ulsters and Overcoats for Man and Boy. So don't miss us in your rounds.

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.

HALF-FARE EXCURSIONS SOUTH.

On December 4th agents of the LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD will sell round-trip tickets to nearly all points south of the Ohio and east of the Mississippi Rivers at one fare for the round trip—good returning twenty days from date of sale. Winter tourist tickets now on sale—good returning until May 31, 1895. For rate and particulars call at L. & N. office, 206 N. Broadway, at Union Station, or address GEO. B. HORNER, Division Passenger Agent, St. Louis, Mo.

CLAIRETTE SOAP.



MORE HEALTH WEALTH COMFORT

LESS WORRY WORK WEAR.

FOR ALL WOMEN WHO USE CLAIRETTE SOAP.

SOLD EVERYWHERE

MADE BY THE N.K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, St. Louis.

SELL BREAD BY WEIGHT.

An Old Act of the Reading Assembly Revived.

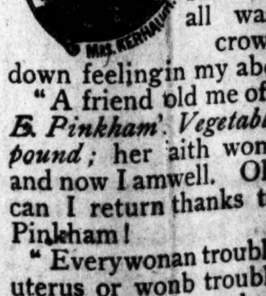
READING, Pa., Nov. 26.—The Market Commissioner of this city has created quite a flurry among the bakers of this city by issuing a notice that on and after Jan. 1, 1895, they would be required to sell all bread by weight. This action is taken under an old act of the Assembly passed in 1878, which directs that all bread shall be sold by the pound and imposes a penalty of $10 for every violation. As the law has been a dead letter for generations its enforcement is likely to work a revolution in the baking interests in this city.

ON SUSPICION.—William Sullivan and Harry Walsh were arrested Sunday on suspicion of having stolen three hats which they had in their possession. Sullivan said he was a paster for the Mermod-Jaccard Jewelry Co., and that he got the hats from one of the salesmen.

"Female Sufferers,

"Hear me

"I was discouraged, broken-hearted. I was so ill with female trouble I could not walk or staid, and had to be assisted to my feet when arising from a chair.



MRS. KERHAUGH

"My head whirled, and back ached, but worst of all was that crowding-down feeling in my abdomen.

"A friend told me of *Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound*; her faith won mine, and now I am well. Oh! how can I return thanks to Mrs. Pinkham!

"Every woman troubled with uterus or womb troubles can be cured, for it cured me, and will them."—Mrs. Kerhaugh, Juniata St., Nicetown, Penn.

This great medicine destroys poisonous germs, cleanses the system, strengthens the womb, and corrects all irregularities.

LEGAL.

STATE OF MISSOURI, City of St. Louis, ss. In the Probate Court for the city of St. Louis. September term, 1894. Tuesday, October 16th, A. D. 1894: Estate of Henriette Stierwald. Order of publication and personal service. Now, at this day, comes Henry A. Schrader, administrator de bonis non, with the will annexed of Henriette Stierwald, deceased, and presents to the Court his petition praying for an order for the sale of so much of the real estate of said deceased as will pay and satisfy the remaining debts due by said estate, yet unpaid for want of sufficient assets, accompanied by the accounts, lists and inventories required by law in such case, on examination whereof, it is ordered, that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased be notified that application, as aforesaid, has been made, and that unless the contrary be shown on or before the first day of the next term of this court, to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of December next, an order will be made for the sale of the whole, or so much of the real estate of said deceased as will be sufficient for the payment of said debts; and it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published in some newspaper printed in the city of St. Louis aforesaid, for four weeks before the next term of this court, and that a copy hereof be delivered to each of such heirs or devisees of said deceased as are residents of the city of St. Louis, at least ten days before the next term of this court.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis hereto affixed, this 16th day of October, 1894.

[Seal of Court.] B. W. M'ILVAINE, Clerk.
2087

ESTATE of Frederick W. Wiesemann, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Frederick W. Wiesemann, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 15th day of November, 1894. All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

Dated this 15th day of November, 1894.

2230 EMMA A. WIESEMANN, Administratrix.

NOTICE is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Edwin Swift, deceased, that the undersigned, administrator of said estate, intends to make a final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city, on the first Monday of December next.

UNION TRUST COMPANY OF ST. LOUIS, Administrator of Edwin Swift, Deceased.
St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 5, 1894. 2187

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned will, on December 6th, 1894, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day (to-wit, at 10 o'clock a. m.), sell at public sale, at the Art Hall of the "Palette," No. 1820-1826 Chouteau avenue, in the City of St. Louis, three oil paintings by Achenbach and two other paintings, belonging to the estate of Christine Hagen, deceased. Terms cash.

ALBERT SCHENK, Executor of Christine Hagen, Deceased.
HENRY ROTH, Attorney. 2257

TO THE CREDITORS of the assigned estate of A. Cafferata Sons & Co.—The undersigned will, on Monday, December 3d, 1894, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m., at the office of Broadhead & Hezel, No. 16 North Fourth, room 1, pay a dividend of 10 per cent on all claims allowed against said estate.

L. D. FREUDENSTEIN, Assignee of A. Cafferata Sons & Co.
Nov. 24, 1894. 2253

ST. LOUIS, MO., NOV. 14, 1894.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Laclede Gas Light Co., held this day, a semi-annual dividend of two and one-half (2½) per cent and an extra dividend of one (1) per cent on account of deferred dividends, were declared upon the preferred stock of the company, payable on and after Dec. 15 next. The transfer books were ordered closed from Dec. 1 to 15 inclusive. A. ROSS,
2254 Secretary.

LEGAL.

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of J. Frederick Ringhoff, deceased, that I the undersigned executrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.

JULIANA W. RINGHOFF, Executrix.
St. Louis, Nov. 5, 1894. 2183

TO ALL PERSONS CONCERNED—Take notice that the undersigned, executor of Mary Maloney deceased, will, at the next December term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next, apply to said court for leave to resign his office and trust as executor as aforesaid. Dated at St. Louis this 3d day of November, 1894.

ALEX. J. B. GARESCHE,
2176 Executor of Mary Maloney, Deceased.

ASSIGNMENT of James A. Harnett and Henry C. Bazby—The undersigned, assignee of James A. Harnett and Henry C. Bazby, being satisfied that it is no longer advantageous to the creditors of his assignors to keep the assignment open, hereby gives notice that on Wednesday, the 19th day of December, 1894, he will apply to the Circuit Court of the city of St. Louis, in room No. 3 thereof, for a discharge from his trust, and that he will on said day and at said time file in said court his petition for such discharge.

ELIAS TILLOTSON, Assignee.
St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 5, 1894. 2180

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of an execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court, city of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1894, of said Court, and to me directed, in favor of William Rohlfing and against Rich. Brooks, defendant, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the defendant above named, of, in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit: The east half of lot 2, in block 19, of Robert Wash's third addition and in city block 3688, said lot having a front of 25 feet on the north line of Cottage avenue, by a depth northwardly of 135 feet to an alley 15 feet wide, bounded south by Cottage avenue, west by the western portion of said lot 2, north by said alley and east by lot 3 of said block, and I will on

SATURDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1894,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above-named defendant of, in and to the above-described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

PATRICK M. STAED, Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 20th, 1894. 2236

SPECIAL COMMISSIONER'S SALE IN PARTITION.—In the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, Missouri, October Term, A.D. 1894. Cause No. 98,108. Jacob D. Goldman and Alvia D. Goldman, May N. Goldman, Florence Goldman and Hortense Goldman, by John A. Harrison, their guardian Petitioners ex parte. By virtue of an order of sale made and entered by said court in the above entitled cause, dated Friday, November 9, 1894, a certified copy of which has been delivered to me by the Clerk of said court, I will, on

THURSDAY, THE 6TH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1894,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: All of lots Nos. seventeen and eighteen (17 and 18) in block No. nineteen hundred and fifty-five (1955) of the city of St. Louis, and in block No. twelve (12) of Peter Lindell's first addition to said city of St. Louis; said lots having together a front of fifty (50) feet on the north line of Pine street by a depth northwardly between parallel lines of one hundred and fifty-five (155) feet seven inches to the south line of a twenty (20) foot alley, the west line of lot No. eighteen (18), being distant one hundred and twenty-five (125) feet from the east line of McComb's avenue now Theresa avenue; being the same property conveyed to Sarah Goldman by Louisa C. Harrison by deed dated September 22, 1890, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds in said city of St. Louis, in book 983, page 167.

Terms of sale—The purchaser shall have the option of paying all of his bid for said property in cash, or such part thereof as he may choose; but not less than one-third of the purchase price shall be paid in cash; the balance of said purchase money not paid in cash shall be paid in two equal installments, in one and two years from the date of the confirmation of said sale by the court; and the purchaser shall give his notes for the balance of said purchase money not paid secured by deed of trust on the property sold, bearing interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, payable semi-annually.

BENJAMIN ADLER, Special Commissioner.
S. B. JONES & WILLIAMS, Attorneys for Petitioners.
St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 12, 1894. 2206

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Ferdinand Daul, deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house, in said city, on the first Monday of December next.

EDWARD F. LUECKING, Administrator.
St. Louis, Nov. 5, 1894. 2182

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Erhardt Schramm, deceased, that we, the undersigned, executors of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.

MAX SCHRAMM and CHARLES SCHRAMM, Executors.
St. Louis, November 5, 1894. 2184

ESTATE of Augustus Pullis, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Augustus Pullis, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 7th day of November, 1894.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated, this 7th day of November, 1894.

ANGELENE E. PULLIS, Executrix.
LUBKE & MUENCH, Attorneys, 620 Olive st. 2189

LEGAL.

IN MATTER of the Assignment of E. Goddard & Sons Flour Mill Co.—Notice is hereby given that Charles Parsons, assignee of E. Goddard & Sons Flour Mill Co., has filed and exhibited to the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, a statement of the accounts of his trust to the October Term, 1894, of said court, together with proper vouchers, and that said accounts will be allowed by said court in room No. 5, on Tuesday, the 27th day of November, 1894, unless good cause to contrary be shown.

PHILIP H. ZEPP,
2251 Clerk Circuit Court, City of St. Louis.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of William Pauck, deceased, that I, the undersigned, administrator c. t. a. of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.

HENRY HULSMANN, Administrator c. t. a.
St. Louis, November 3, 1894. 2186

ESTATE of Benjamin Calomize, alias Kalamise, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Benjamin Calomize, alias Kalamise, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, on the 8th day of November, 1894.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred. Dated this 8th day of November, 1894. JOSEPH P. VASTINE,
2203 Administrator.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Florence E. Garrison, Deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city, on the first Monday of December next.

EUGENE C. TITTMANN, Late Public Administrator in charge of the estate of Florence E. Garrison, Deceased.
St. Louis, November 5, 1894. 2178

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Samuel H. Frazer, deceased, that I, the undersigned Administratrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.

NANNIE L. R. FRAZER, Administratrix of Samuel H. Frazer, Deceased.
St. Louis, Nov. 3, 1894. 2177

ESTATE of Marie Therese Peugnet, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Marie Therese Peugnet, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis on the 9th day of November, 1894.

All persons having cla[ims] against said estate are required to exhibit the sa[me] to the undersigned for allowance within one yea[r] after the date of said letters, or they may be pre[clu]ded from any benefit of said estate, and if such [cla]ims be not exhibited within two years from the [date] of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 9th day of Nove[mbe]r, 1894.

2202 ERNEST PEUGN[ET], Administrator.

ESTATE of Franz Kleinschmid[t], Deceased—Notice is hereby given that lett[ers of administra]tion on the estate of Franz Kleins[chmidt] were granted to the undersign[ed by the Probate] Court of the city of St. Louis, [...] October, 1894.

All persons having claims agai[nst said estate are] required to exhibit the [same to the un]dersigned for allowance [...] after the date of [...] they may be precluded from an[y benefit of said es]tate, and if such claims be not e[xhibited within two] years from the date of this pub[lication they will be] forever barred. Dated this 3[...] 1894. GEORGE F. K[...]
2204

ESTATE of Wilhelmine Cat[...], De]ceased—Notice is hereby [given that letters of] administration on the estate [of Wilhelmine Cath]arina Fisbeck, deceased, were [granted to the under]signed by the Probate Court o[f the city of St. Louis] on the 31st day of October, 18[94].

All persons having claims [...] required to exhibit the same [...] allowance, within one year [...] letters, or they may be prec[luded ...] of said estate, and if such c[laims ...] within two years from the d[ate ...] they will be forever barred.

Dated, this 31st day of Oct[ober ...]

JOHN W. FISB[ECK ...]
RASSIEUR & SCHNURMACH[ER ...]

SHERIFF'S SALE IN PA[RTITION ...] nah Costello vs. Edward C[ostello ...] tello, James Costello, Har[...] Frank Costello, a minor, A[...] ine Costello and Mary Sneed [...] Costello. October Term, 18[94 ...] City of St. Louis. Cause N[o. ...]

By virtue and authority of [...] and entered by said Circuit [...] titled cause, dated October [...] on

WEDNESDAY, THE 12TH [DAY OF DECEMBER,] 1894,

between the hours of nine o['clock ...] and five o'clock in the aftern[oon ...] east front door of the Court-h[ouse ...] Louis and State of Missouri, [...] to the highest bidder, the fo[llowing ...] estate, to-wit: A certain l[ot ...] houses situated thereon, bei[ng ...] of lot No. 15 of city block [...] St. Louis, State of Missouri [...] lot being bounded and describ[ed ...] ning at the southeast corne[r ...] running thence west along t[he ...] street 35 feet more or less [...] viding wall of second and th[...] thence northwardly along t[he ...] wall in continuation thereo[f ...] alley; thence east along the [...] 35 feet to the west line of [...] thence 85 feet to the poin[t ...] bounded on the east by Twen[ty-second ...] known as Twenty-second st[reet ...] street, west by the remaini[ng ...] No. 15 of said block, and n[...] upon the following terms, [...] and the balance in one and [...] payments to be secured by [...] property, and to bear inter[est ...] per cent per annum, with t[...] choice of purchasers there[...] provided he or they elect t[...] proval of the sale by the co[urt ...]

PATRICK [M. STAED ...]
St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 17, 18[94 ...]
TAYLOR & REE[...]